



Operator's Guide

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# List of terms used

In the *Intellect Operator's Manual* the following terms are used.

1. System - video surveillance and audio monitoring digital system based on the *Intellect* software system.
2. Software - *Intellect* software system.
3. Screen – virtual object that displays various dialog boxes (monitors, audio players, PTZ control panels etc) that assist the Operator to work with the software.
4. Video surveillance monitor – interface window for displaying and controlling surveillance windows.
5. Surveillance window - interface window which displays the video image that comes from the surveillance camera. The surveillance window includes interface elements, used to control and display data messages.
6. Audio player – interface window containing elements that allow monitoring and recording the microphone audio signal.
7. Long-term archive – function module used to work with the long-term archive.
8. Map – on-line graphical chart of the distributed system used to monitor and control external system devices (cameras, microphones, beams, relays).
9. Universal PTZ control panel – interface window used to control System PTZ units (e.g. surveillance camera equipped with PTZ and connected to the System).User's dialog box – interface window with user's set of control elements used to control various system devices and modules.
10. The alarm notification window – interface window used to inform the Operator of registered alarm and system events.
11. Event log – interface window used to display data on events, registered by System (with data event type filtration).
12. Object list – interface window used to control object status on Location Map.
13. Client – computer with **Client** type of *Intellect* software.

## Operator's Guide. Introduction

### On page:

- [Intellect software function](#)
- [General recommendations on Intellect software based security system applications](#)
- [Personnel skills requirements](#)

## Intellect software function

*Intellect* software is designed to build industrial scalable and flexible (adaptable) integrated security systems based on video surveillance and audio monitoring digital systems.

*Intellect* software is to be used as a basic software environment with the following functionality:

1. Building video surveillance and audio monitoring digital systems and integration with joint data systems, various types of security equipment, auxiliary 3rd party application software via integrated OMI.
2. Compatibility with a wide range of security devices and data security systems, particularly fire alarms, access control, surveillance cameras, data systems for object (event) analysis, recognition and identification on video.
3. Central recording and processing of events, notification generating and various functions control on the base of flexible algorithms.
4. Exclusive scaling facilities, adaptation to actual task, resources used redistribution according to actual number and content of secured objects monitoring tasks.

## General recommendations on Intellect software based security system applications

The following is recommended for correct application of *Intellect* software based security systems:

1. to follow duty instructions;
2. to use the system only for its intended purpose;
3. not to use 3rd party application software if it is not a software component on basic computers with *Intellect* software.

## Personnel skills requirements

For correct Software application Operator shall meet qualifying requirement to *Intellect* software Operator.

# General description of Intellect software

Intellect software package is the multifunctional open PSIM platform that allows creating integrated security solutions of any scale.

The basic distribution package contains of the core and modules providing general and service functions.

The full list of features and technical specifications can be found in [Administrator's Guide](#) in [Intellect software functionality](#) and [Intellect software package restrictions](#) sections.

General description of *Intellect* main features can be found in this section.

### Intellect core

*Intellect* core transmits information and interconnects all integrated subsystems and *Intellect* software components. The core is the base that is complemented with functional modules in order to build the complex security system.

### Video surveillance and audio control

Video surveillance and audio control are the main functions performed by *Intellect*-based security systems. *Intellect* video subsystem offers all advantages of distributed architecture, comprises powerful video analytics functions, guarantees high-quality video image as well as operation stability and usability and allows connecting PTZ devices.

### Multistreaming

Several video streams incoming from a camera are supported in the *Intellect*-based security system - multistreaming.

*Intellect* supports up to 4 video streams that can be used:

- To be displayed on the local monitor as well as transmitted to remote workstations;
- To be recorded to the archive;
- For video analytics.

### Managing streams in the network

*Intellect* performs important digital stream processing functions:

- Auto adjusting video resolution in accordance with display mode;
- Auto adjusting video stream fps in accordance with network bandwidth;
- Parallelizing digital streams using the Videogate module.

### GreenStream

Streams transmitted by IP cameras can have multiple resolutions and fps. Video from cameras is not always displayed with highest resolution at remote monitoring workstations. The system automatically selects the stream with the resolution sufficient for displaying.

### Access via web browser and mobile apps

Remote access to the system via the browser and iOS mobile client boosts monitoring functions making it possible to monitor security systems even when your PC or laptop is unavailable or far away.

### Analog and IP cameras

*Intellect* platform is integrated with wide range of equipment including IP cameras and IP Servers by more than 120 vendors.

### **Notification systems**

SMS and MMS notifications as well as e-mails with attached video fragments notify persons in charge in case of emergencies and other accidents.

### **Smart functions**

*Intellect* performs smart functions – automatic and partly automatic scripts of reactions on the events as well as powerful video analytics functions. Smart functions optimize security service performance making it more productive.

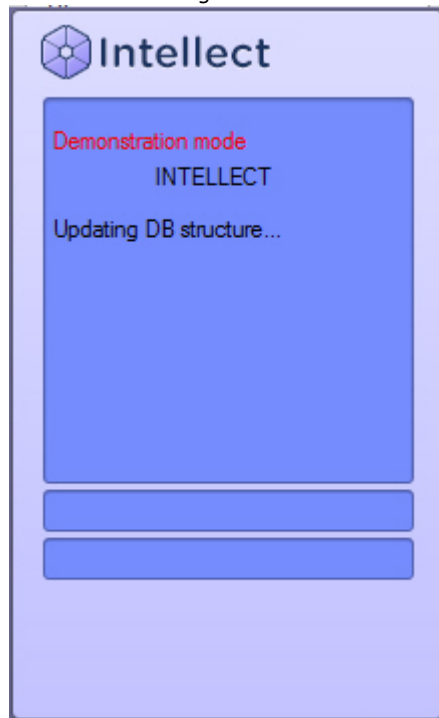
### **Extended functionality**

Extra functional modules are capable of performing a wide range of tasks such as ACS/FAS integration, control over point-of-sale and ATM transactions, license plate and railcar number recognition and more.

## **Intellect software operation**

### **Intellect software start and shutdown**

Before start working with the software it is recommended to make sure that all system units: connections, cameras, microphones etc. are functional.

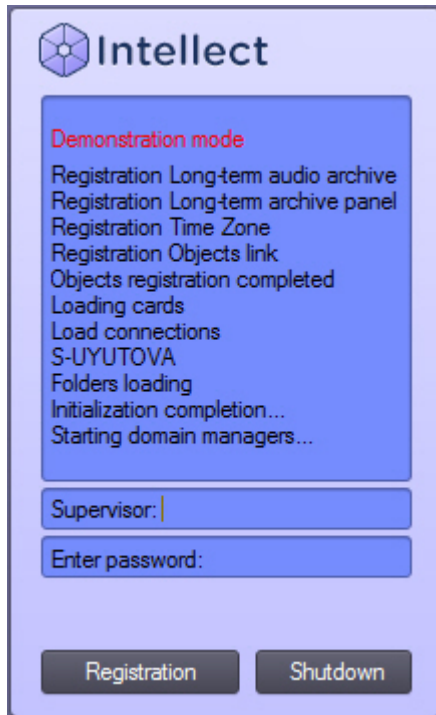


The software can be started:

1. Automatically. The software starts automatically as Windows starts.
2. Manually. To start the program manually, select the **Client workstation** item in the Windows Start Menu (**Start/All Programs/Intellect/The Client workstation**) or use the shortcut on the desktop.

Access to the program can be restricted by a password. The login and password are to be specified at *Intellect* application startup.

Login and password are not required when Windows account information is in use. To start *Intellect*, click the **Registration** button. The **Login** and **Password** fields are to be empty. Confirmation by supervisor is required while the user log-in to the system if the authorization by four-eyes rule is configured in the system. After clicking the **Registration** button it will be proposed to enter the supervisor login and password. After entering the supervisor password click the **Registration** button again.



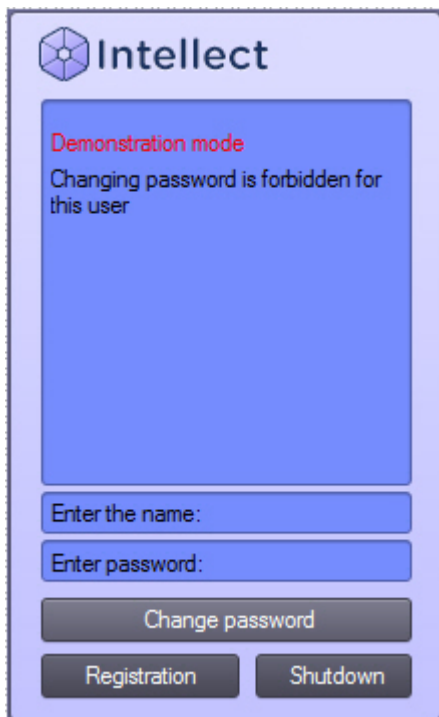
The password change can be required while the corresponding settings in the *Intellect* software. It may occur at the first user login to the system or after the current password time-out. In this case after click the **Registration** button you will be proposed to enter and confirm the new password.

The password can be changed by user request while the corresponding settings in the *Intellect* software. In this case click the **Change password** button and then enter and confirm the new password.



**Note.**

If the user is forbidden to change the password by request, the corresponding message will be displayed




 **Attention!**

The new password shouldn't coincide with the old one.

To start the *Intellect* software after entering the new password, click the **Registration** button.

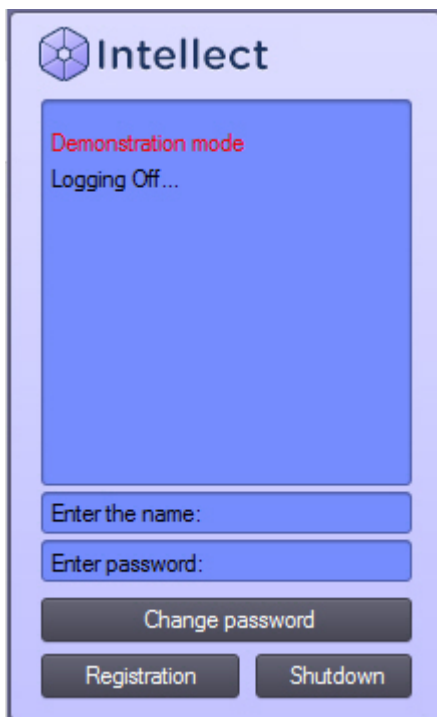
To finish the *Intellect* program operation do the following:

1. move the cursor to the top right corner of the program window, then the main program control panel will appear;
2. click the  icon on the software main control panel;
3. choose the **Log Off** option in the menu.

 **Note.**

The **Log off** item is also available from the menu which is opened by clicking the left mouse button on the  symbol in the Windows system tray.

Program exit will start, and the system can be configured to request a password again.



**Note.** When shutting down *Intellect* in Client configuration in a way that somehow differs from one listed above, particularly when restarting the computer without shutting down *Intellect*, the interface parameters may remain unsaved. For example, the data about saved layouts on the Video monitor can be lost.

**Note** In some configurations program shutdown (logging off) may be forbidden. Then no **Log Off** option will be displayed in the menu.

## Intellect software user interface

### Main control panel

#### On page:

- [Function](#)
- [Functions](#)
- [Interface description](#)

## Function

The main control panel is a basic element of the *Intellect* software control interface.

## Functions

The main control panel provides access to the following program functions:

1. system operation startup and completion;
2. program settings;
3. control of the program interface windows display;
4. displaying service messages;
5. manual launching of macros;
6. displaying data on the current program version.




## Interface description

The main control panel is placed in the top right corner of the screen.



In a dormant state the panel is automatically removed from the screen. To return it, simply move the cursor to the top right corner, then the main program control panel will appear on the screen.

Elements of the main panel interface of *Intellect* software are described below.

1.  Information window. The information window is used for prompts on program operation and error messages.
2.  Screens button. Chooses and displays screens and some other windows on the desktop. The **Close all** command hides all visible program windows.
3.  Execute button. Provides access to various program control functions: startup, logging out, program settings, manual launching of macros, calling up the debug window and displaying data on the current program version

Description of hot keys which are used when the Main panel operation is given in the following table.



### Note.

These hot keys can be disabled using the RegisterF10andF11 registry key - see the [Registry keys reference guide](#).

Key	Description
<b>F10</b>	Functions if all screens are hidden. The last displayed screen is shown while clicking.
<b>F11</b>	Functions if a screen is displayed while clicking. Hides screen while clicking. Clicking of this hot key is similar to selecting the <b>Hide all</b> item in the <b>Execute</b> menu of the Main control panel.

## Video Monitor

## On page:

- Function
- Functions
- Interface description

### Function

The video monitor is used for displaying and controlling surveillance windows.

### Functions

The video monitor is used:


1. to display images from video surveillance cameras;
2. to control surveillance modes;
3. to graphically process images from video surveillance cameras;
4. to control recording of video sequences from surveillance cameras;
5. to work with video archives;
6. to display video camera status data.

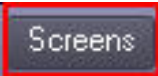


### Interface description

The figure shows the video surveillance monitor interface.



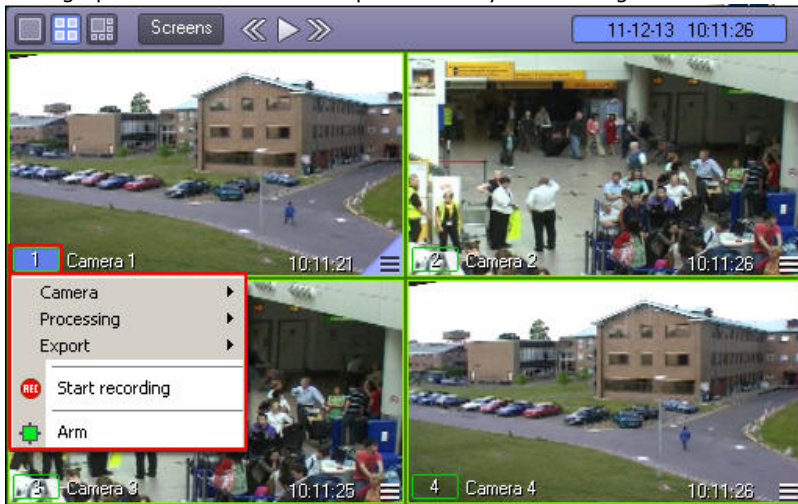
The surveillance monitor window consists of a field for video surveillance windows and a tools panel with:

1.  buttons used to alter the number of surveillance windows on the monitor;

2.  button used to control the monitor layout;
3.  buttons used to alter surveillance windows;
4.  field displays current time/date.

Every surveillance window has its functions menu to gain access to arming and disarming cameras, image processing, functional command menus, image processing, video recording control, frame export and printing etc.

Calling up the functions menu is performed by left clicking on the camera number in the surveillance window.



Hotkeys for convenient monitor and surveillance windows operation are listed in table.

Hotkeys	Action	Comments
<b>0 .. 9</b> Num (numeric keypad)	Active window selecting	The sequence number of the selected window corresponds to the button number. To choose a 2-digit number window, quickly enter two digits without delay.
<b>F1 .. F6</b>	Select the number of windows displayed on the monitor	<b>F1</b> – 1 window <b>F2</b> – 4 windows <b>F3</b> – 9 windows <b>F4</b> – 16 windows etc
<b>F7</b>	Displaying of all Video surveillance windows on the Monitor. This key can only be used if there are more than 36 Video surveillance windows in the Monitor.	

<b>F8</b>	In the archive mode – select date and time for searching records. Long-holding – call the actions menu of the Main control panel. In the video surveillance mode – call the actions menu of the Main control panel	
<b>F9</b>	Calling up the functions menu of the surveillance window	
<b>Ctrl + R</b> <b>Ctrl + T</b>	Video recording control,	<b>Ctrl + R</b> – video recording startup <b>Ctrl + T</b> – video recording stop
<b>Shift + LeftClick/RightClick</b>	Image scaling in the window	<b>Shift + LeftClick</b> - step-by-step zoom-in <b>Shift + RightClick</b> - step-by-step image reduction
<b>Tab</b>	Entering and quitting archive mode	See <a href="#">Working with video archives</a> section.
<b>Ctrl + "/"</b> (numeric keypad) <b>Ctrl + Spacebar</b> <b>Ctrl + *</b> (numeric keypad) <b>Ctrl + Left/Right</b>	Archive playback control (playback control panel).	<b>Ctrl + "/"</b> – playback <b>Ctrl + Spacebar</b> – stop <b>Ctrl + *</b> – pause <b>Ctrl + Left/Right</b> – previous/next frame (in pause mode)
<b>Ctrl + A/D</b>	Camera arming	<b>Ctrl + A</b> – camera arming <b>Ctrl + D</b> – camera disarming
<b>Ctrl + E/P</b>	Operating individual frames	<b>Ctrl + E</b> – behaviour depends on the state of a camera. If it is not in the archive, or in the archive but paused, the frame is exported, otherwise the video is exported. When the video is exported, the exported frames are played back. <b>Ctrl + P</b> – frame printing
<b>Ctrl + W</b>	Increase image contrast	Maximum contrast is set. To retract the previous value, click the hotkeys once more.
<b>Ctrl + S</b> <b>Ctrl + H</b>	Setting camera mask	<b>Ctrl + S</b> – show camera mask <b>Ctrl + H</b> – hide camera mask See <a href="#">Use of video detection tools</a> section.
<b>Ctrl+L</b>	Enable/disable PTZ control using the mouse	See <a href="#">Mouse PTZ control</a> .

## Audio player

### On page:

- [Function](#)
- [Functions](#)
- [Interface description](#)

### Function

The audio player is used to operate the audio monitoring subsystem, that provides audio monitoring and recording for secured locations.

## Functions

Audio player provides:

1. realtime monitoring of the event audio component;
2. recording of the event audio component;
3. playback of the recorded event audio component;
4. saving the recorded event audio component as a standard Windows wave file.

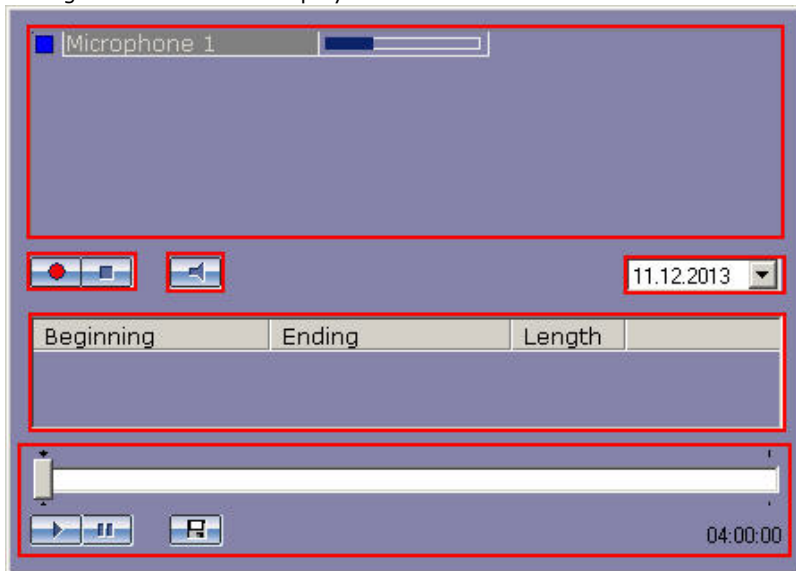


### Note

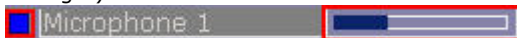
Audio player operation requires headphones or speakers to be connected to the PC soundcard.



## Interface description

The figure shows the audio player interface.



The upper part of the audio player window displays the list of attached microphones. Each microphone has a status indicator (to the left) and microphone signal level dynamic scale (to the right).



In the middle part of the audio player window the  recording control buttons are displayed (also used for microphone arming and disarming) and the  button used for switching of real time monitoring and the list of recordings made from a given microphone on a certain day.

Beginning	Ending	Length
11-12-13 10:15:45	11-12-13 10:15:47	00:00:01




Each audio recording has a from/to time and duration marks.

To choose available recordings to be viewed, enter its date in the field above the recordings list.

11.12.2013

The tape transport panel is placed below the audio recordings list.



The  and  buttons are used for selected recording playback control, the  button is used to export the recording into the file.

## Universal PTZ control panel

### On page:

- [Function](#)
- [Functions](#)
- [Interface description](#)

### Function

Universal PTZ control panel is used to control System PTZs (e.g., surveillance camera PTZ).

### Functions

PTZ control panel universal window provides:






1. Control of camera PTZ units;
2. Lens zoom control (Fig. magnification);
3. Focus adjustment;
4. PTZ user's settings.

### Interface description


The figure shows the PTZ control panel universal window interface.

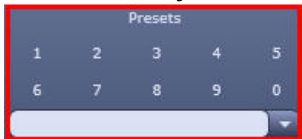


Elements of PTZ control panel universal window interface are described below.


1.  Minimizing PTZ control panel universal window (minimizes the client's window , leaving the header only)
2.  Choosing the camera number, whose PTZ unit is to be controlled.
3.  Setting of relative camera rotation speed
4.  Camera orientation control
5.  Lens zoom control (Fig. magnification)



6. Focus adjustment. If a camera supports auto focus function, then this feature is enabled when you click 



7.  PTZ user settings

8.  Changing the size of the PTZ control panel

## User's dialog box window

### On page:

- [Function](#)
- [Functions](#)
- [Interface description](#)

### Function

The user dialog box window is used to control various system devices and modules.

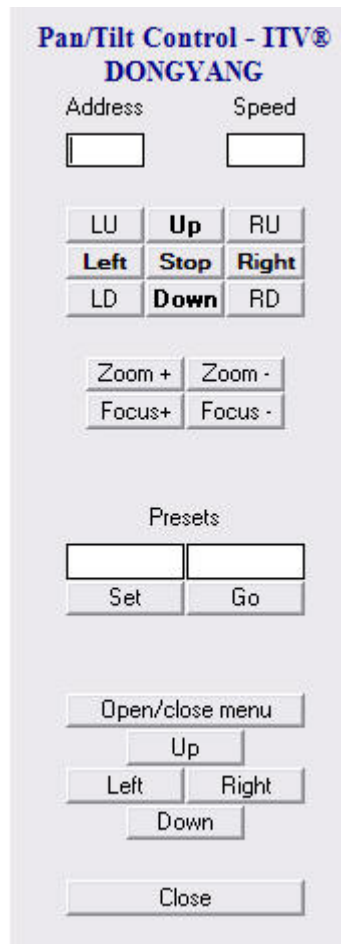
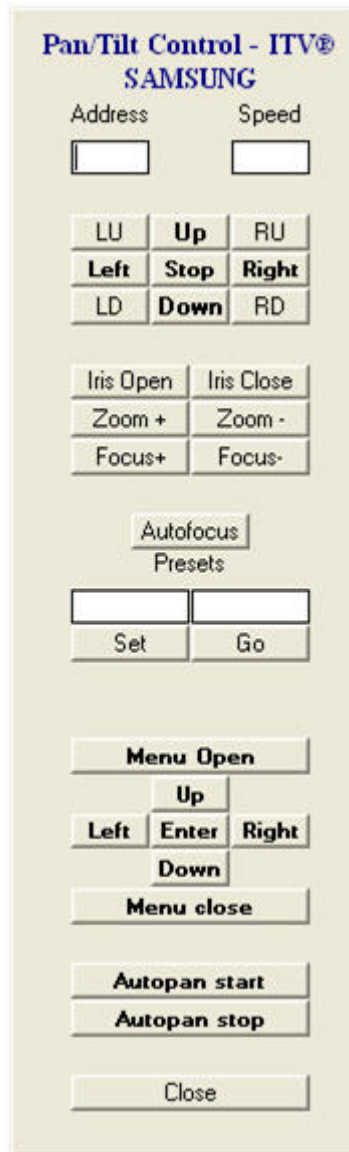
### Functions

The user dialog box window provides:

1. control of various system devices and modules;
2. access to System user functions.

### Interface description

The user dialog box window is the interface frame used to perform user specified functions with a user's set of elements, selected by the program administrator whilst setting up the program. Examples of user dialog box windows are shown in figures.



**Long-term archive panel**

## On page:

- [Function](#)
- [Functions](#)
- [Interface description](#)

### Function

The Long-term archive panel is used to control Long-term archiving.

### Functions

The Long-term archive panel provides:

1. Long-term archive monitoring;
2. manual video archiving;
3. automatic video archiving;
4. choosing the surveillance camera, whose video recordings are to be archived;
5. entering date/time **from** and **to** values for video archiving (for each surveillance camera individually).

### Interface description

Figure shows the Long-term archive panel interface.

	Object	ID	Current time	Finish on	Remaining
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Camera 1	1			
<input type="checkbox"/>	Camera 2	2			
<input type="checkbox"/>	Camera 3	3			

**Monitoring** and **Schedule** tabs are displayed at the top of the panel. The **Monitoring** tab is used to monitor and control the Long-term archive, and the **Schedule** tab – to enter automatic Long-term archiving parameters. The **Monitoring** tab contains the following controls:

Long-term archive panel 1

Monitoring | Schedule

Archive beginning date 06.10.16 16:01:37 Start

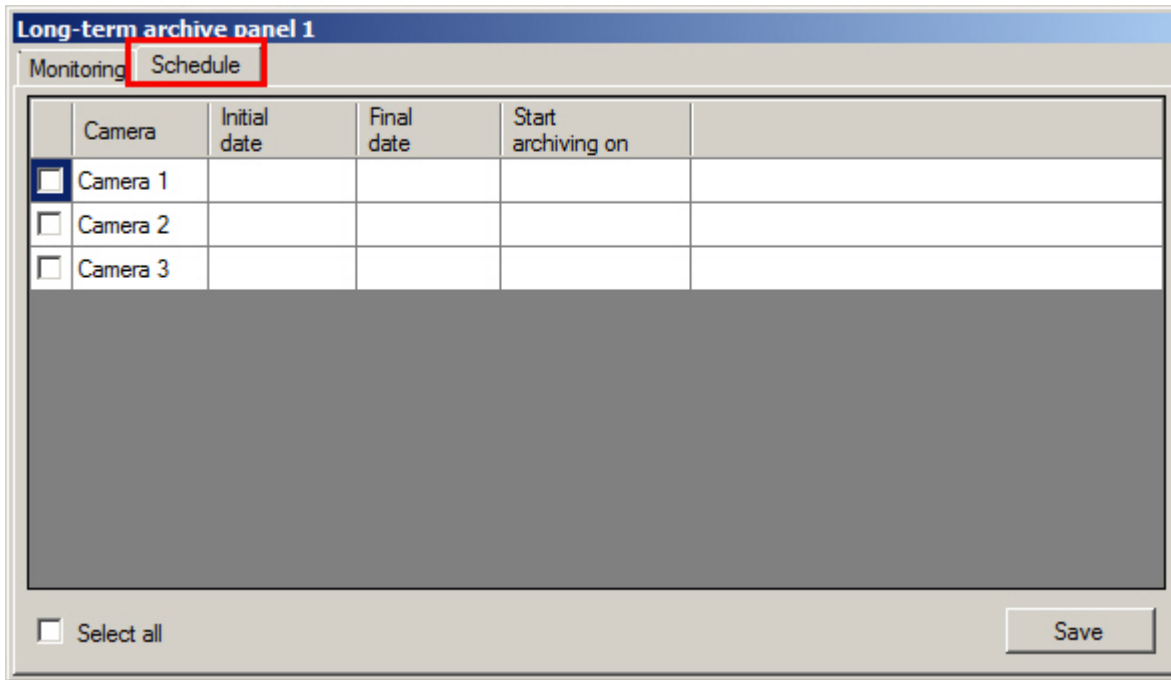
Archive end date 06.10.16 16:01:37 Stop

	Object	ID	Current time	Finish on	Remaining	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Camera 1	1				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Camera 2	2				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Camera 3	3				

Select all

1. **Startup** and **Stop** buttons for manual archiving;
2. Fields for entering archiving date/time **from** and **to** values;
3. Table of cameras selected and archive copying progress;
4. The  **Select all** button is used to select/deselect all cameras.

The **Schedule** tab contains a table for automatic archiving setup:



The  Select all button is used to select/deselect all cameras. The Save button is used to save archiving schedule.

## Alarm notification window

### On page:

- [Function](#)
- [Functions](#)
- [Interface description](#)

### Function

The alarm notification window is used to inform the Operator about registered alarm and system events.

### Functions

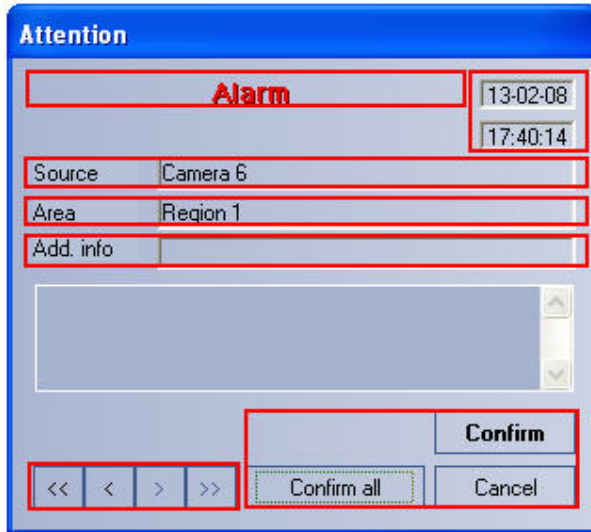
The alarm notification window provides:

1. auto notification to Operator of registered system events;
2. auto notification to Operator of registered alarm events;

3. operator control of processing registered alarm and system events.

### Interface description

Figure shows the alarm notification window interface.



**Note**  
The alarm notification window is not displayed by default – only if the system had registered an alarm or system event is it displayed over all other windows of the program user interface. If an alarm event occurs, the notification window appears on the screen, even if no other UI elements are visible at that time.

Elements of an alarm event window interface are described below.

**Alarm** Event name

02-11-07  
13:17:52 Date and time of event registration.

Source Camera 6 Event source object.

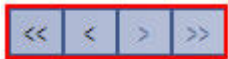
Area Region 1 Virtual area (section) of event source location.



Additional information on event.



Control elements block for event processing



Control elements block for event navigation

## Events log

On page:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">Function</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Functions</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Interface description</a></li></ul>

### Function

Event log is used to display data on events, registered by the system (with data filtering by event type option)

### Functions

Events log provides:

1. showing the list of all events registered in the system;
2. showing the list of events registered in the system according to the preset filter;
3. showing data on a displayed event: event source, name, section, date and time of event registration, additional information on event;
4. forming and printing a report on registered events;
5. switching to event source map location;
6. source camera video recording playback option in the events log child window.

### Interface description

The events log window interface is shown in the figure.






All displayed events are listed in the Events Table.

Column name	Comments
Source	Event source object
Event	Event name
Section	Virtual area (section) of event source location
Add. info	Additional information on event
Date and time	Date and time of event registration

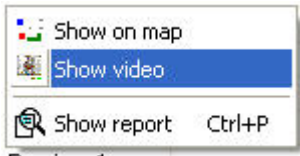
The **Display filters** checkbox shows the list of event filters created while configuring the system (see [Configuring event filters for displaying in the Event viewer section in Administrator's Guide](#)). To activate the filter set the checkbox checked next to its name. Several filters can be activated at the same time.

The icon opposite the event source shows the extra info on the event. For example, for the **Camera** event source object the following icons are used in the Event viewer:

1.  icon is displayed for the Record on disk stopped, Alarm end, Harddisk rec and Record off events.
2.  icon is displayed for the Alarm and Armed events.

3.  icon is displayed for the Disarmed event.

For every event in the table there is provided a functional context menu, called by clicking the right mouse button upon the line with the name of the corresponding event in the table. The particular content of the functions menu depends on the event source object type. For example, the **Camera** type event source object functions menu is shown in the figure.



The **Clear** button is used to clear the list of events in the Event viewer.

**Note.** After the Event viewer is cleared and if hidden events are to be displayed again, then *Intellect* is to be restarted with the Load protocol checkbox set checked (see [Event viewer parameters](#) section in *Administrator's Guide*).

## Operator protocol

### On page:

- [Function](#)
- [Functions](#)
- [Interface description](#)
  - [The Current events tab](#)
  - [The Search in events archive tab](#)
  - [The Create report tab](#)
  - [The Create event tab](#)

### Function

The **Operator protocol** is used to process events registered by alarm objects and to search events in the archive.

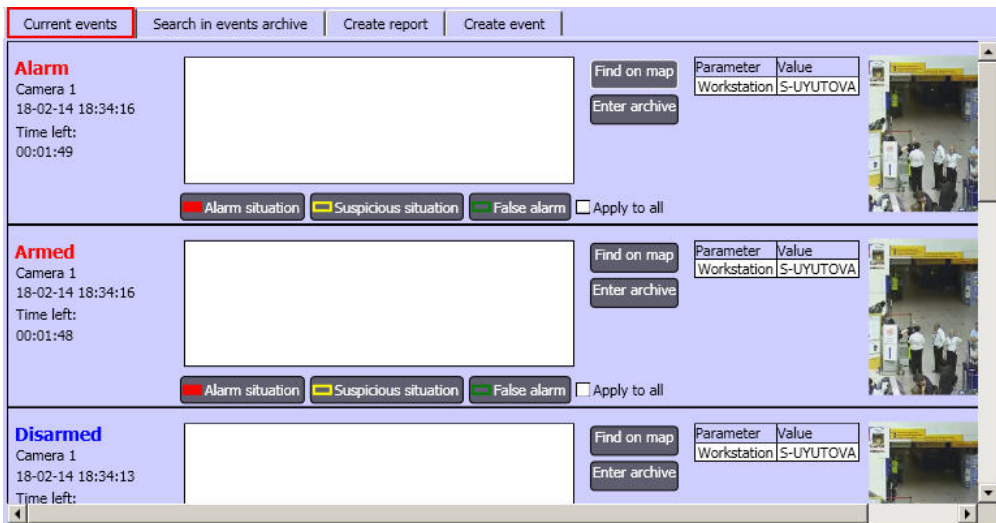
### Functions

Operator protocol provides:

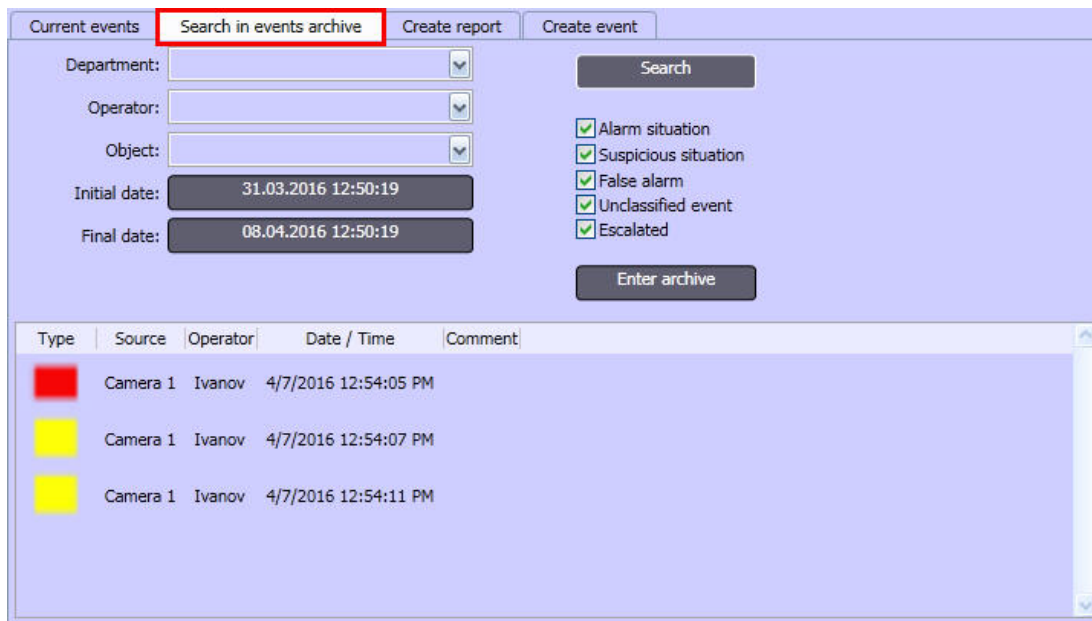
1. displaying events registered by alarm objects;
2. assigning a status (type) to the registered event;
3. adding a comment to an event;
4. event recording to the archive;
5. searching for events in the archive;
6. viewing event recording;
7. escalating non-processed events to the operator protocol of a higher level.

### Interface description

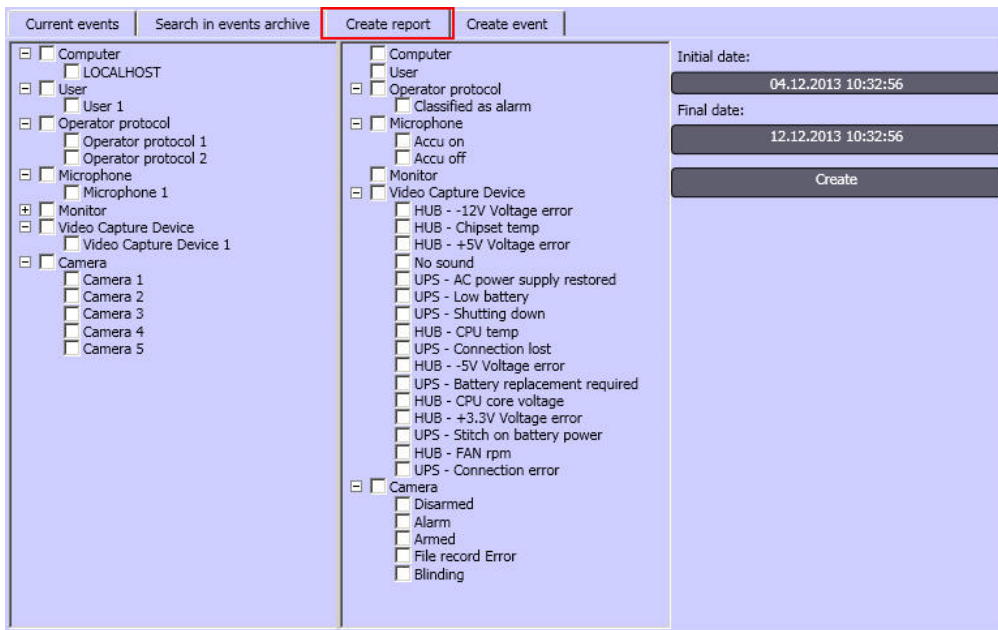
The operator protocol interface is shown in the following figures.  
The operator protocol interface. The **Current events** tab:



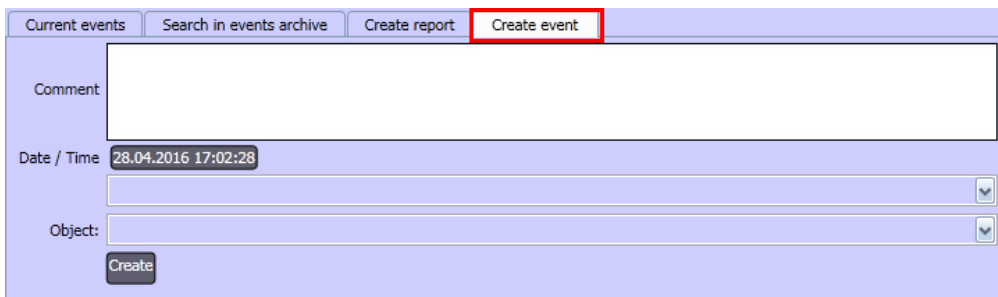
The operator protocol interface. The **Search in events archive** tab:



The operator protocol interface. The **Create report** tab:



The operator protocol interface. The **Create Event** tab:



Interface elements of the operator protocol are described below.

### ***The Current events tab***

1. The frame of alarm moment:



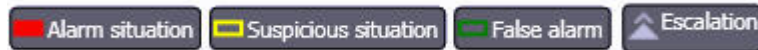
2. Information about an event:

- system name of the event;
- object logged the event;
- time left before assigning the "non-processed event" type to the event or before event escalation;
- date and time of event logging;
- name of the Part object corresponding to the area where the event is logged;
- information about event escalation.

**Alarm**  
Camera 1  
11-12-13 10:48:16  
Time left:  
00:01:55

3. The field for a comment:

4. Enabling the  **Apply to all** checkbox, the type assigned to the corresponding event is applied to all events in the **Current events** tab



5. The buttons of assigning the type (status) to the event.

**Note.**

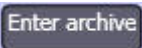
If the event has the "Escalate" status, then it is displayed in the interface of the operator protocol of a higher level. If there is no "Escalate" button, then there is no superior interface for the current operator protocol.

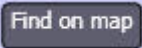
Parameter	Value
Workstation	S-UYUTOVA

6. Optional parameters.

**Note.**

The list of optional parameters is set in the settings of the **Operator protocol** object (see [Intellect software package. Administrator guide](#))


7. The button of going to the archive to view and export video of the event 

8. The button of going to the map layer where the source of event is 

### **The Search in events archive tab**

1. Selection list of department to which operator belongs . If the field is empty, than all operators are available for choice.

2. The list of selecting the operator 

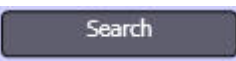
3. The list of selecting the object 


4. The button of setting the initial date 

5. The button of setting the final date 

6. The types of events by which the search is performed:

- Alarm situation
- Suspicious situation
- False alarm
- Unclassified event
- Escalated

7. The button of search start 

8. The button of going to the archive to view and export video of the event 

There is the protocol table containing the search data at the bottom of the **Search in events archive** tab.

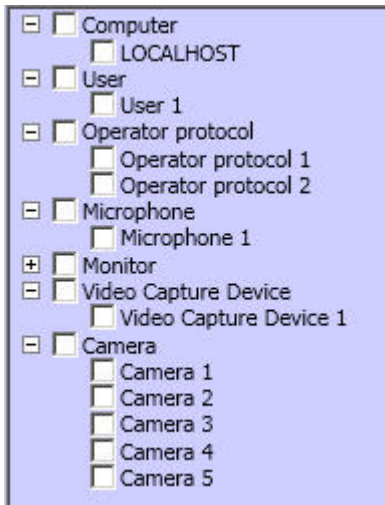
Type	Source	Operator	Date / Time	Comment
■	Camera 1	User 1	12/11/2013 10:45:34 AM	
■	Camera 1	User 1	12/11/2013 10:48:35 AM	
■	Camera 1	User 1	12/11/2013 11:03:50 AM	
▲	Camera 1	User 1	12/11/2013 10:48:26 AM	
▲	Camera 1	User 1	12/11/2013 10:48:29 AM	
▲	Camera 1	User 1	12/11/2013 10:52:03 AM	

The description of the protocol table is given in the table.

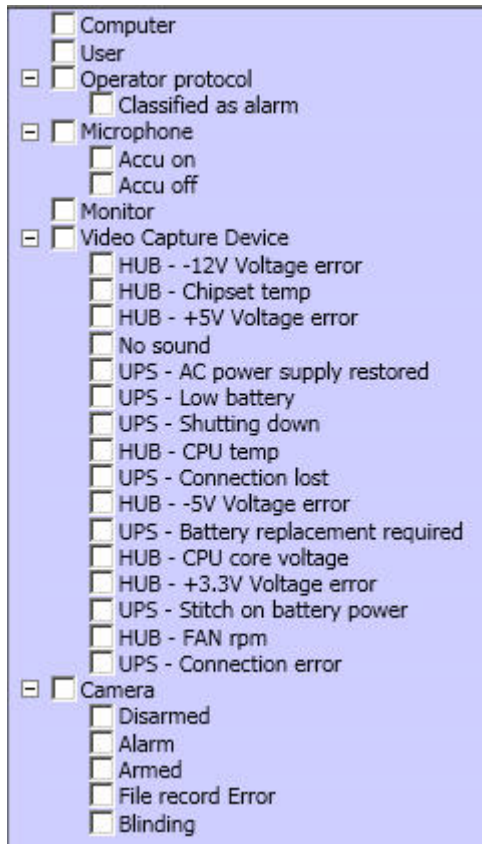
Column	Description
<b>Type</b>	The icon of event type
<b>Source</b>	Source object of the event
<b>Operator</b>	Operator processed the event
<b>Date/Time</b>	Date and time when the event was registered
<b>Comment</b>	Operator's comment

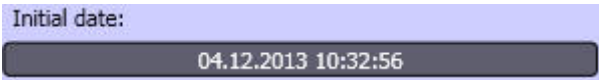

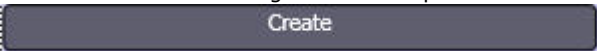
### ***The Create report tab***

1. The list of objects by the events from which the report can be created:



2. The list of events by which the report can be created



3. The button of setting the date after which events get into the report 
4. The button of setting the date after which events do not get into the report 
5. The button of creating a report 

**The Create event tab**

1. The field for description of the event:

Comment

Date / Time 11.12.2013 11:02:08

2. The button of setting the date and time of the event

3. Dropdown list to select the data source type.

4. The drop-down list for selecting the source object of the event

Object:

5. The button of creating an event

Create

## Map

### On page:

- [Function](#)
- [Functions](#)
- [Interface description](#)

### Function

The map is used to monitor and control system devices (cameras, microphones, sensors, relays, etc.) and to launch macros.

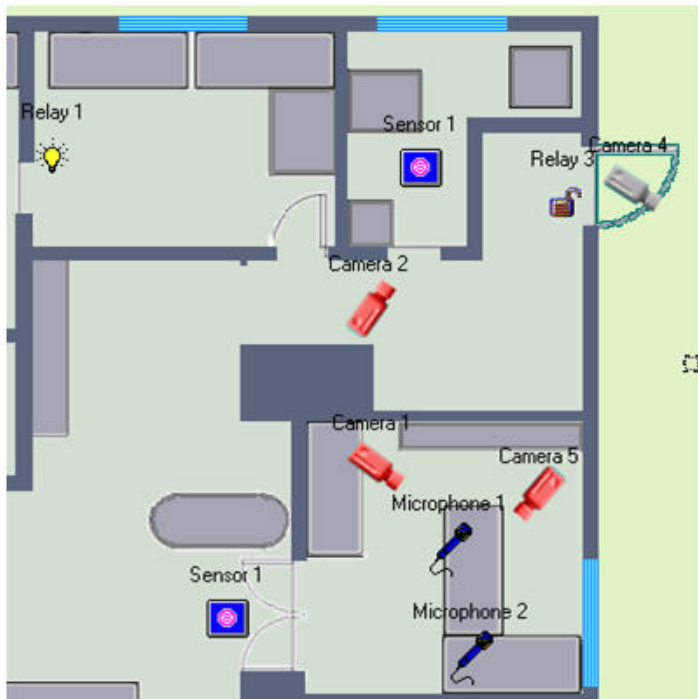
### Functions

The map provides the following program functions:

1. multilevel hierarchical object mapping (graphical chart forming) of a secured location;
2. on-line monitoring of the status of all system devices on the map;
3. virtual subdividing of secured objects;
4. possibility of automatic switching and recursive structural event analysis;
5. management of end devices;
6. running macros.

### Interface description

The shape of the map depends on the secured object structure; it is assigned during the system setup procedure. An example of a map for one floor of a secured object is shown in the figure.



System devices on the map are displayed as icons. Each device has its status displayed, and access to its functions is performed via the device functions menu by right clicking on the device icon on the map.

For example, the **Camera** type object has a feature menu shown in the figure.



The map may have multiple layers (levels). Then an interlayer link icon is used to toggle the layers.



Interlayer link:

The map interlayer link indicates registered alarm events by any device on the appropriate layer.

## Video surveillance monitor for web browser

### On page:

- [Function](#)
- [Functions](#)
- [Interface description](#)

### Function

The video surveillance monitor for web browser is intended for TCP/IP based remote video surveillance of chosen secured locations via the web browser. Remote video surveillance requires no *Intellect* software system setup at the Operator's workplace (but the browser has to support Java).

### Functions

The video surveillance monitor for the web browser supports:





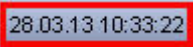
1. remote video surveillance with no *Intellect* software system setup at the Operator's workplace;
2. altering the number of surveillance windows present on the video monitor of the web browser;
3. camera arming and disarming;
4. camera detector control;
5. recording of video sequences from surveillance cameras.


### Interface description

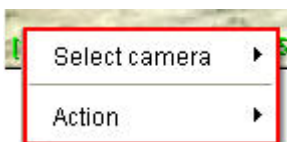
The following figure shows an interface of the video surveillance monitor for web browser.



The video surveillance monitor for the web server window consists of the field for viewing tiles and the tool panel with:

1.  buttons as to alter the number of viewing tiles on the monitor;
2.  button is to select the camera;
3.  and  buttons are to enter the archive viewing mode;
4.  field displaying current time/date.

Every viewing tile has the  feature menu that is used to select a camera and to access some camera options. To call the feature menu, left click on the camera number in the viewing tile.



The colour of the video surveillance window border and camera name text indicates the camera status.

If there are any troubles with camera connection, there is an icon above the camera number. The icon indicates the existing trouble:

1. No video signal 
2. No camera connection 

Name	Description
No video signal	Appears above the 'camera number' icon when there is no video signal. This can happen if the camera is not connected or it is restarted. <b>Note.</b> If there is no video signal, the latest image is displayed in the viewing tile or there is a blue screen (depending on the type of video capture card).
No camera connection	Appears if the incorrect type of video capture card was specified.

## Panoramic video surveillance window

### On page:

- [Function](#)
- [Functions](#)
- [Interface description](#)

### Function

Panoramic video surveillance window is designed for creating and viewing the panoramic image. Panoramic video surveillance window is divided into two parts in accordance with its functions: video surveillance control panel and image viewport.

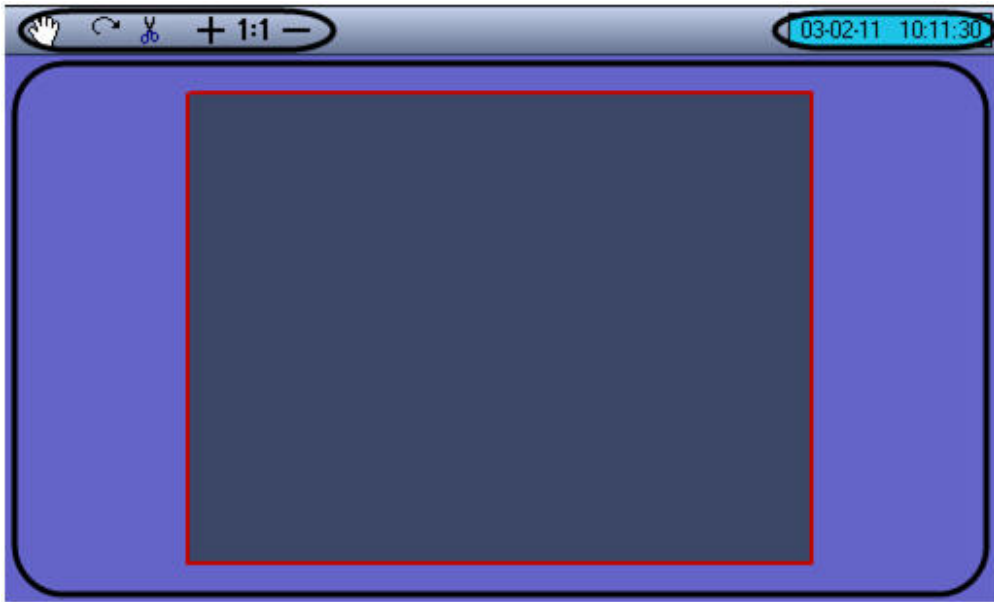
### Functions

While using the panoramic video surveillance window the following modes of image processing are provided:


1. navigation;
2. perspective correction;
3. restore;
4. pan;
5. cut borders;
6. zoom in/zoom out.

### Interface description

Panoramic video surveillance window is shown in the figure.



Panoramic video surveillance window consists of the field for displaying video surveillance window and toolbar with the following elements:

1.  buttons serve to process images;
2. current date and time are displayed in the  field .

## Captions search

On page:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Function</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Functions</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Interface description</a></li> </ul>

### Function

The **Captions search** interface object is designed for searching information in the captions database.

### Functions

Search by captions allows:

1. Searching in the captions database.

2. Viewing search results.
3. Printing the search results.

## Interface description

The figure shows an interface of the **Captions search box**.

The interface is divided into several sections:

- Search Criteria:** Search mode: Any of words; Search line: camera; For period from: 22.04.2016 0:00:00; to: 29.04.2016 23:59:59.
- Search results table:**

Captioner	Transaction	Date/Time
Captioner 1	2	29.04.2016 14:5...
Captioner 1	3	29.04.2016 14:5...
Captioner 1	4	29.04.2016 14:5...
Captioner 1	5	29.04.2016 14:5...
Captioner 1	6	29.04.2016 14:5...
Captioner 1	7	29.04.2016 15:3...
Captioner 1	8	29.04.2016 15:3...
- Search Results Summary:**

Captioners	Status	Total
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Captioner 1	Query executed	7
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 2	Connection established	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 3	Connection established	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 4	Connection established	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 5	Connection established	0
- Video Feed:** Shows a street scene with a building and parked cars. Includes a timeline at the top (00-24) and a vertical time axis on the right (12:57:05 to 13:54:09).
- Captions Table:**

Data	Date/Time
Camera 1 Alarm ended 14:59:25	29.04.2016 14:59:25

There is a search substring and time search interval in the upper left corner of the box.

Search mode: Any of words; Search line: 1; For period from: 22.04.2016 0:00:00; to: 29.04.2016 23:59:59.

The captions databases are selected in the bottom left corner of the box.

Captioners	Status	Total
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Captioner 1	Connection established	0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Captioner 2	Connection established	0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Captioner 3	Connection established	0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Captioner 4	Connection established	0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Captioner 5	Connection established	0

The captions databases the results by which are to be viewed are selected in the Search results area.

Σ Total: 7		
Captioner	Transaction	Date/Time
Captioner 1	2	29.04.2016 14:5...
Captioner 1	3	29.04.2016 14:5...
Captioner 1	4	29.04.2016 14:5...
Captioner 1	5	29.04.2016 14:5...
Captioner 1	6	29.04.2016 14:5...
Captioner 1	7	29.04.2016 15:3...
Captioner 1	8	29.04.2016 15:3...

Below the video display area there is a  button clicking which one can print out search results.

Areas displaying search results and videos corresponding to these results are on the right.

Data	Date/Time
Camera 1 Alarm ended 14:59:25	29.04.2016 14:59:25



## HTML interface

### On the page:

- Purpose
- List of functions
- Interface description

### Purpose

The HTML Interface window is designed for displaying specified web-page or other files, including text and images.

If there is video displaying or sound playing back on the web-page, it will be also available in the **HTML interface** window

### List of functions

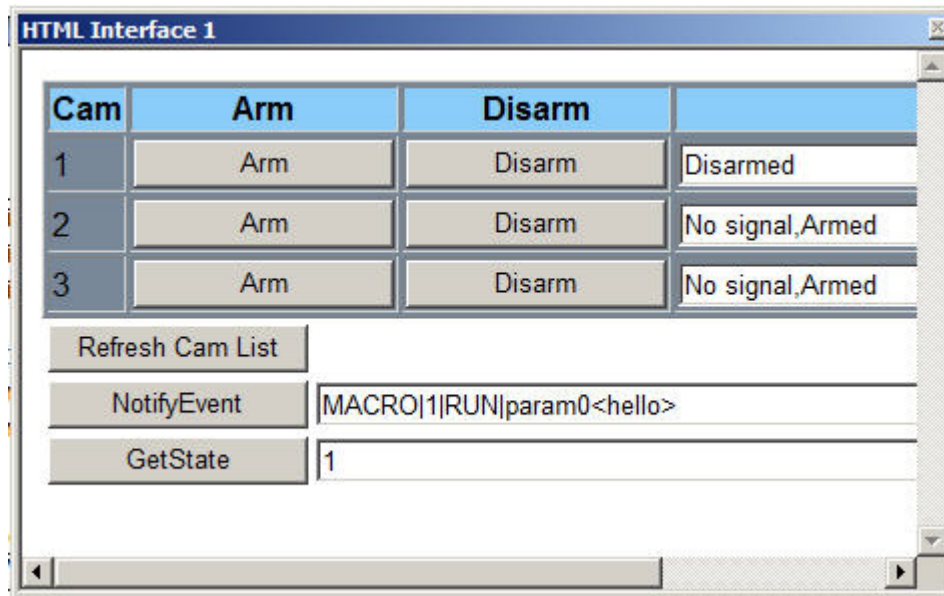
The HTML Interface window performs the following functions:

1. Display web-pages located as locally on computer, as in the Internet.
2. Display images and text files.
3. Display video data and play back sound from the displayed web-page.

## Interface description

View of the HTML Interface window entirely depends on settings (see [Administrator's Guide](#)).

View of the HTML Interface window containing HTML page created on default is shown in the figure.



The table describes hotkey combinations available at working with the HTML interface:

Hotkey/ hotkey combination	Performed action
Backspace	Back
Alt+left arrow	
Shift+Backspace	Forward
Alt+right arrow	
F5	Update page
Ctrl + + or -	Zoom in/out page

# Video surveillance monitor operation

## General information

The video surveillance subsystem allows video monitoring (event video component viewing) and video recording (event video component recording) by providing:

1. multiple video camera images simultaneously displayed on a PC screen (multiple windows displayed on a single monitor and multiple monitors used on a single physical PC screen);
2. priority-oriented displaying of active and alarm cameras video stream;
3. flexible split screen configuration including the number of windows on the monitor;
4. colour coding of the camera state in the window (**Armed, Alarm, Recording**);
5. image burn-in option in the surveillance window: current time/date, camera ID and name;
6. displaying of alarm notification window;
7. image scaling;
8. automatic or manual windows slide show;
9. video recording can be performed:
  - a. if an alarm event is detected;
  - b. by Operator command;
  - c. pre- and post-alarm event recording;
  - d. pre-alarm event recording with post-alarm recording by Operator command.
10. single video frames storage and exporting;
11. freeze frame selection and viewing, without interrupting the video recording;
12. audio- and video-archives management;
13. remote access to audiovisual streams from any workplace with both a local and remote archive recording option;
14. viewing archive recordings with search and retrieve options on time, event type, camera ID criteria;
15. synchro playback of footage recorded by several cameras;
16. image processing option (digital zooming, image sharpening and contrast maximization, dynamic outlining of moving objects, removal of image fluttering);
17. web interface-based surveillance;
18. use of various types of intelligent motion detectors (motion detectors, face detector, lost items detector, focusing detector, video signal stability detector, background change detector, camera tampering, infrared detector);
19. use of independent detector zones;
20. detector masking.

## Viewing video sequences from surveillance cameras

Viewing of video sequences from surveillance cameras is performed with the surveillance monitor. Several solutions are possible for the monitor:


1. The video monitor is a Windows interface window, built in screen object of the *Intellect* system (see the [Video Monitor](#) section).
2. Cross-platform solution with surveillance via a web browser (see the [Video surveillance monitor for web browser](#) section).
3. The video monitor of the iOS client.

## Surveillance windows operation

### Altering the number of windows

By default a single monitor displays all windows related to it. To set the number of surveillance windows on the monitor, buttons are used on the top left side of the monitor tools panel.



The  button is used to display a single window, the next buttons – to display 4, 6, 9 or 16 windows on the monitor. The set of buttons displayed varies depending on the number of cameras attached to the monitor.

**Note.** Some program settings render the tools panel inaccessible. If the **Overlay 1** mode is chosen during the system setup, and the monitor displays six surveillance windows, then the surveillance window scaling by double-clicking is disabled, and the surveillance windows layout cannot be changed.

## Windows layout on the monitor

The layout defines the number and location of windows on the monitor. To change the location of windows on the monitor, drag them with the mouse. The software allows you to develop the user's window layout.

To control the layout use menu, called up by the **Screens** button on the video monitor tools panel.



To develop a new layout:

1. click the **Screens** button on the video monitor;
2. select the **Add** option in the menu;
3. enter the name of the new layout in a dialog box.



Then a new layout will appear in the layout list.

To select a layout click its name in the list. To delete an existing layout use the **Delete** menu command.


**Note.**  
If the **Overlay 1** mode is chosen during the system setup, and the monitor displays six surveillance windows, the surveillance windows layout cannot be changed.

## Slide show

If the total number of cameras, attached to a given monitor is more than the number of surveillance windows, displayed on a monitor simultaneously, the slide show option is used.

For a slide show the ,  and  buttons are used on the video monitor tools panel.



The first two buttons are used for paging one screen forward/backward. The  button is used to automatically switch on and off the slide show with a pre-defined time value.



**Note.**

Standard paging can be changed so that layouts created in the Video surveillance monitor are paged when clicking the paging buttons. For this set the "1" value for the CycleByLayouts registry key on the computer where the Video surveillance monitor is displayed (see [Registry keys reference guide](#)).

## Active window

The surveillance window may be activated or de-activated. The active window is focused at the moment; the remaining windows are de-activated. To move focus, click another window.



The distinctive feature of the active window is a recordings archive access button (in the left bottom), the archive stores recordings from camera, attached to this window, and the light blue background of the window number. Active and de-activated windows have no functional differences.



**Note.**

If there are too many windows opened on a monitor, the recordings archive access button may well not be displayed.

## Window scaling

The software has the option of video image scaling in the surveillance windows. To magnify or reduce the image in an active window, use the mouse wheel (see figures below).

Zooming in the surveillance window (initial state):



Zooming in the surveillance window (post-zooming state):



For other zooming modes see [Image processing](#) section.

The magnified image can be dragged by using the left mouse button.



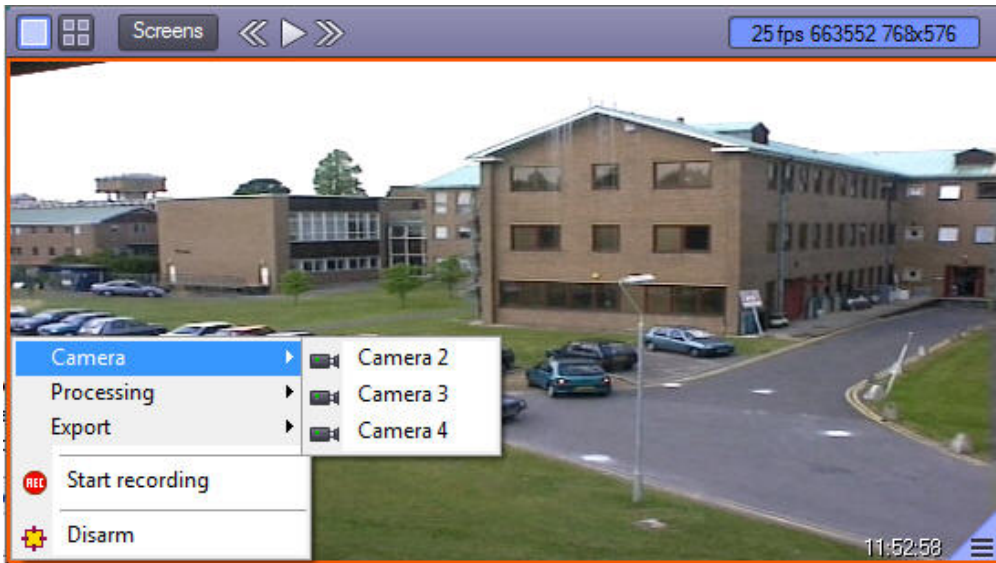
**Note.**  
A maximum possible size image is achieved when a single surveillance window is displayed on one monitor. If multiple windows are displayed, their sizes may be automatically reduced.

**Note.**  
In the archive view mode the mouse wheel can also perform the scrolling of video records list if click the left mouse button on the video records list previously. In this case click the left mouse button in the Video surveillance window to scale the video image.

**Note.**  
If lens type is specified while configuring a camera, then fisheye video will be converted instead of being scaled when scrolling (see also [Enabling fisheye](#)).

## Selecting camera to display in Surveillance window

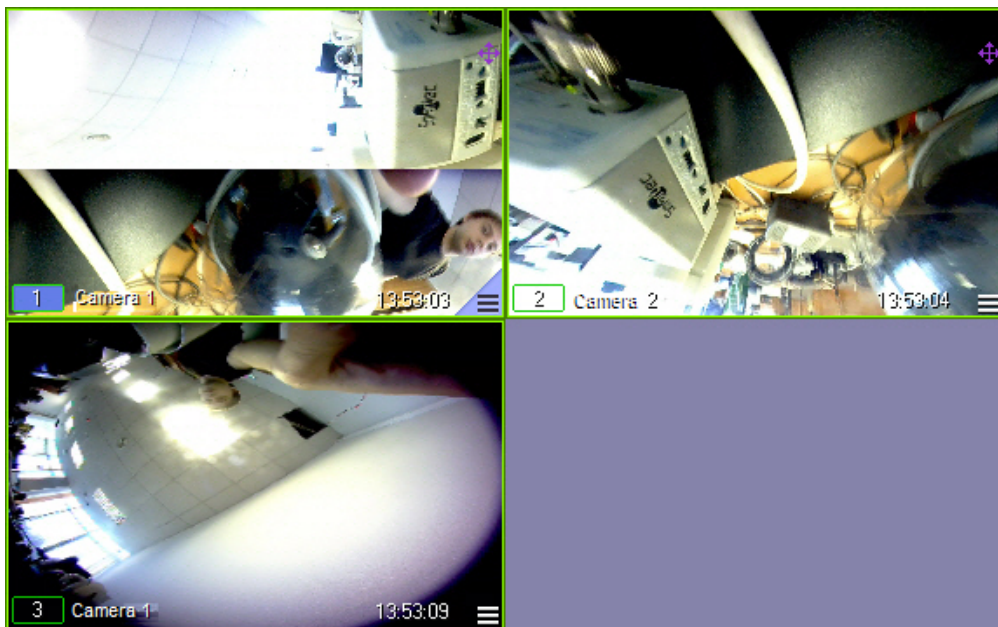
If not all Surveillance windows available on the Surveillance monitor are displayed in the selected layout, one can select a camera displayed in the Surveillance window using the feature menu. To do so, go to the **Camera** submenu and select the required camera in the list.





## Viewing video from fisheye camera

Video from fisheye cameras can be converted in the Video surveillance monitor in one of the following ways: **Panorama** (see Surveillance window 1) and **PTZ** (see Surveillance window 2).

**Note.** See initial video from fisheye camera is displayed in the surveillance window 3 on the screenshot.



See how to enable fisheye conversion in the [Enabling fisheye](#) section. Information on how to configure fisheye cameras can be found in [Configuring fisheye cameras](#) section in [Administrator's Guide](#).

When fisheye conversion is enabled the  icon is displayed in the Surveillance window of the corresponding camera. It is used to enable and disable video control features in the Surveillance window (see the table below). When video control features are disabled, the icon looks like this .

Action	Function
Left-click and hold moving the mouse pointer	Changing orientation of virtual camera lens towards the mouse pointer direction
Scrolling up/down	Digital zoom in/out

## Camera arming and disarming

### General information on camera arming and disarming

Analysis of the scene obtained from the surveillance camera is performed with the activity detector: Activity detectors are intelligent sensors with various functions: motion detection within the observed scene, face detection, camera tampering etc.

Each camera has its main activity detector. By default camera arming/disarming means the main activity detector is switched on/off. An alarm event by the main detector takes place (and is registered by the system), when motion within the observed scene begins. If a camera is disarmed, the alarm event is not registered.

Moreover, special auxiliary detectors are available. Such detectors, unlike the main one, register not only the beginning of some motion in the camera, but lens closure and tampering, camera rotation, face recognition and so on.

Main and auxiliary detection zones can be masked Mask is the scene image area with no scene control (for example, if you mask the detector main zone, there is no scene control in progress inside the mask).

## Indication of camera status

The colour of the video surveillance window border indicates the current camera status.

Colour of the video surveillance window border	Camera status
Green	Camera disarmed
Yellow	Camera armed
Red	Camera is armed, alarm event occurred on camera.

The colour of the camera number indicator border in the surveillance window indicates the current status of the video recording from the camera.

Colour of the camera number border	Camera status
Green	No video recording, camera is disarmed
Yellow	No video recording, camera is armed
Red	Video recording


The combinations of the video surveillance window border colour and the colour of the camera number border are described in the following table.

Colour of the window border	Colour of the camera number border	Camera status
Yellow	Yellow	Camera is armed, no video recording is performed
Red	Red	Alarm event occurred on the camera, video recording is started by an alarm or the recording, started by Operator's command before the event, goes on,
Green	Red	Camera is disarmed, but there is recording by Operator's command or post-alarm recording.
Yellow	Red	Camera is armed, recording by Operator's command or post-alarm recording is done.
Green	Green	Camera is disarmed, no video recording is performed
Red	Yellow	Alarm event occurred on camera, but no video recording by alarm is done.




### Note.


All indication schemes presented correspond only to main detector zones with no auxiliary zones taken into account. If the auxiliary camera detector zone has been armed or disarmed, the border around the video surveillance window retains its colour, but after an alarm event in the auxiliary zone the window border becomes red. So, there is no indication of auxiliary detector zone arming and disarming for the camera.

The icon of video absence  appears under the icon of "video camera number" only when there is no video signal. It can be in two cases: video camera is not connected or there is

camera restart.

**Note.**  
The last video frame or blue screen (depending on the video capture card) is displayed in the Video surveillance window if there is no video signal.

The icon of selected disk absence  appears over the icon of "video camera number" only when disk for archive saving is not selected.

When incorrect camera type is given, the icon of disconnect with the camera  appears over the icon of "video camera number" and the frame of video surveillance window becomes black.

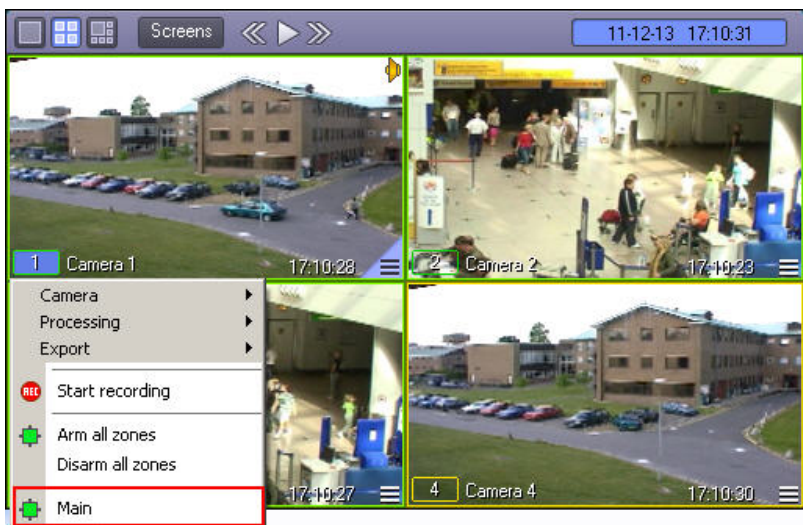
## Camera arming

To arm the camera by the main detector zone select the **Arm** option in the functions menu in the required camera window.



After this camera is activated, and if an alarm event occurs, video recording starts from the camera (if the system has been set up properly). Camera arming by the main zone is followed by colour indication: the surveillance window border becomes yellow and the camera indicator in the surveillance window functions menu becomes yellow too.

If auxiliary zones are assigned, camera arming by auxiliary zones is performed via the video surveillance window functions menu.



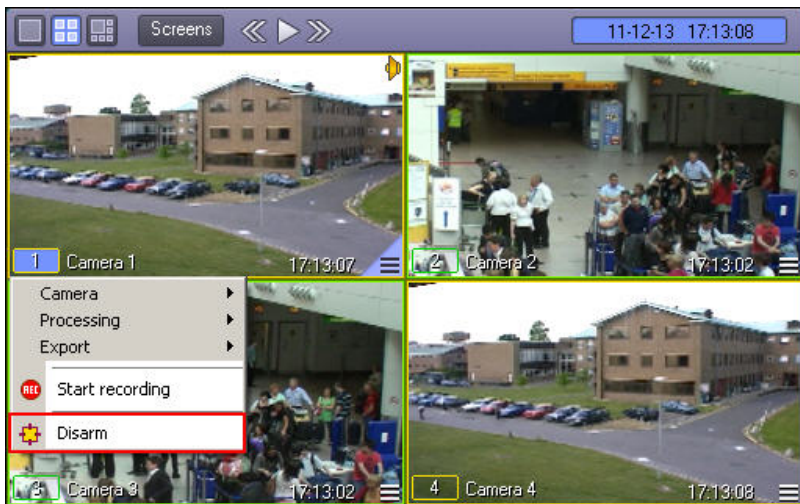
When auxiliary zones are armed, the camera indicator in the functions menu becomes yellow, but the surveillance window border retains its colour.

To arm the camera in the main zone and all auxiliary zones simultaneously, select the **Arm all zones** item in the video surveillance window functions menu.



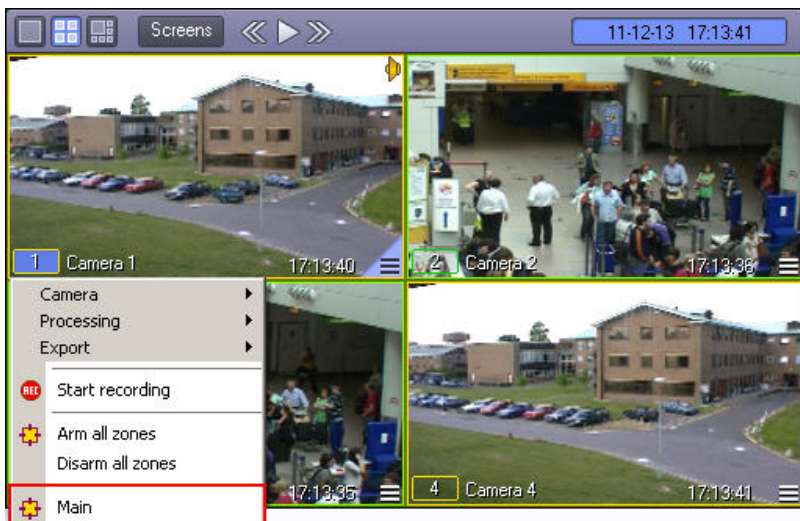
## Camera disarming

To disarm a camera in the main detector zone, select the **Disarm** option in the camera window functions menu.



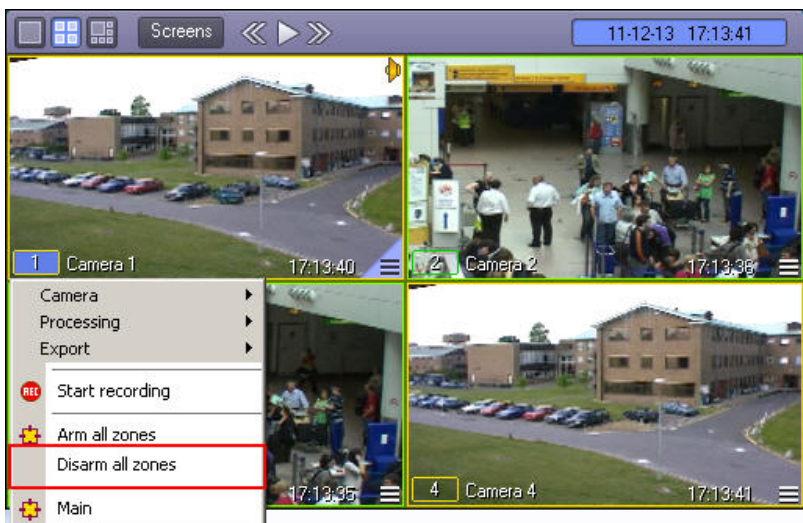
During camera disarming in the main zone, its colour indication changes: the surveillance window border becomes green, and the camera indicator in the surveillance window functions menu becomes green too.

If a camera is armed in the auxiliary zone, then camera disarming is performed via the video surveillance window functions menu.



When a camera is disarmed in the auxiliary zone, the camera indicator in the surveillance window functions menu becomes green, but the surveillance window border doesn't change colour.

To disarm the camera in the main zone and all auxiliary zones simultaneously, select the **Disarm all zones** item in the video surveillance window functions menu.



## Masking the Main detector

Access to main detector mask editing is performed via the video surveillance window functions menu. To enter mask editing mode, select the **Detector mask** item from the **Processing** submenu.



After masking is enabled, black crosshairs appear in the center of the video. The crosshairs can be moved up or down, by pressing the up arrow and down arrow keys on the keyboard.

Masks have a rectangular shape. A mask is initiated by a left click: select a dot on the screen, click the left mouse button and pressing the button draw a rectangle – the mask area will be filled with black dots.

**Note.** If after applying the mask you press the Enter key on the keyboard, the mode is enabled, in which editing and deleting masks impossible. In this case the crosshairs at the center of the video become white. To exit this mode, press the Esc.

In the mask area there will be no detecting.



Mask removal is performed in a similar way. To clear the screen area from the mask, select a dot on the screen, click the right mouse button and pressing the button draw a rectangle – the final rectangular area will be cleared.

To quit the main detector mask editing mode, select the **Detector mask** item from the **Processing** submenu of the video surveillance window functions menu once more.

**Note.** When quitting the mask editing mode, rectangles with the dots, that have bordered mask areas, vanish from the surveillance window. Nevertheless, the mask areas are still active, i. e. no surveillance occurs in these areas.

## Use of video detection tools

### General information on video detection tools

Analysis of the scene obtained from the surveillance camera is performed with the activity detector. Activity detectors are intelligent sensors with various functions: motion detection within the observed scene, face detection, camera tampering etc.

Each camera has its main activity detector. By default, camera arming/disarming means the main activity detector is switched on/off. An alarm event for the main detector takes place (and is registered by the system), when motion within the observed scene begins. If a camera is disarmed, an alarm event is not registered.

Moreover, special auxiliary detectors are available. Such detectors, unlike the main one, register not only the beginning of some motion in the camera, but lens closure and tampering, camera rotation, face recognition and so on.

Main and auxiliary detection zones can be masked Mask is the scene image area with no scene control (for example, when a detector main zone is masked, there is no scene control inside the mask).

## Detection tool types

### On page:

- [Main motion detection tool](#)
- [Infrared motion detection tool](#)
- [Face detection tool](#)
- [Lost items detection tool](#)
- [Focusing detection tool](#)
- [Video signal stability detection tool](#)
- [Background change detection tool](#)
- [Camera blinding detection tool](#)
- [Lens blocking detection tool](#)

### ***Main motion detection tool***

The main motion detection tool discovers moving objects and establishes their direct of motion. Detected moving objects are automatically outlined in the surveillance window with their motion direction being marked with an arrow.

### ***Infrared motion detection tool***

Discovers moving objects within the scene. Detected moving objects are automatically outlined in the surveillance window. Contrary to common motion detectors, it can recognize small objects.

### ***Face detection tool***

The face detection tool recognizes every human face within the observed scene. A recognized face is outlined in the surveillance window.

### ***Lost items detection tool***

The lost items detection tool is capable of recognizing motionless objects, lost within the scene. If an item is present (or absent) within the scene for a certain time, it is outlined in the surveillance window.

### ***Focusing detection tool***

The focusing detection tool is used to identify camera signal distortion. It notifies the Operator about loss of camera focus.

### ***Video signal stability detection tool***

The video signal stability detector is used to identify camera signal distortion.

### ***Background change detection tool***

The background change detection tool is used to identify camera signal distortion. This detection tool is capable of discovering a change of the scene background due to physical (optical) tampering of the CCTV camera.

### **Camera blinding detection tool**

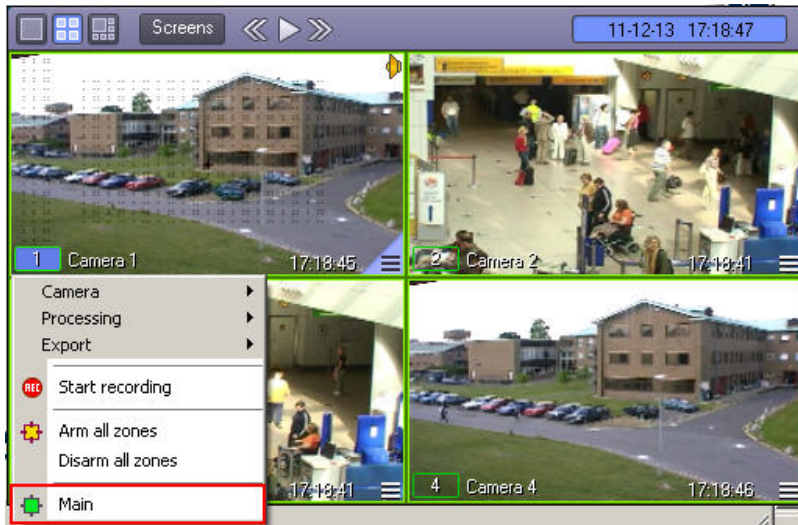
The camera blinding detection tool is used to identify camera signal distortion. It discovers attempts to over-illuminate the camera lens.

### **Lens blocking detection tool**

The lens blocking detection tool is used to identify camera signal distortion. It recognizes lens blocking and plastering.

## **Indication of detection tool status**

Indication of the surveillance camera detection tool may be found in the video surveillance window functions menu of the camera.

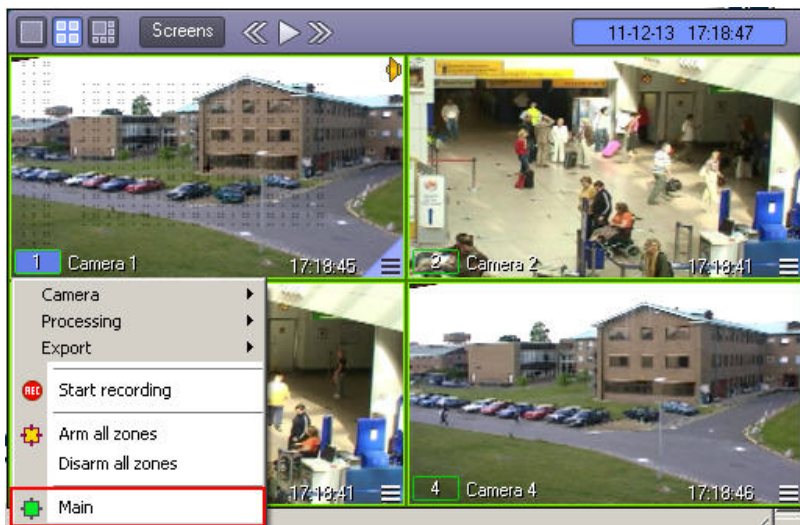


Detection tool status indication is a square field opposite the detector name. Detection tool status is shown by the colour of the indicator.

<b>Indicator colour</b>	<b>Detector status</b>
Green	Detector OFF
Yellow	Detector ON

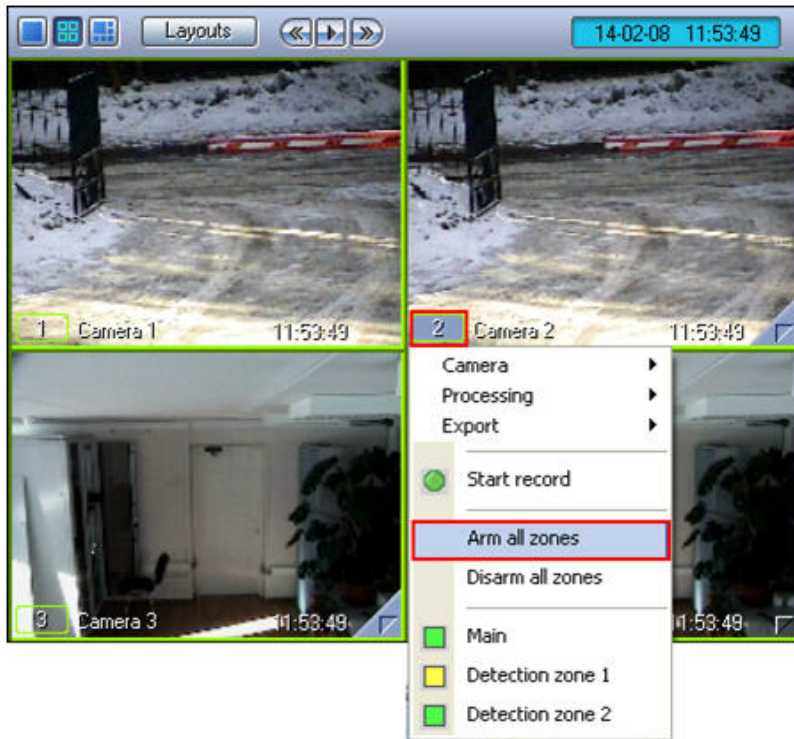
## **Switching detection tools on**

Switching on a video surveillance camera detection tool is performed via the video surveillance window functions menu of the camera.



To switch a detection tool on, click its name or its indicator in the list of detectors. Then the green indicator of the detector will become yellow.

To switch on all available detection tools simultaneously, select the **Arm all zones** item in the video surveillance window functions menu.



## Switching detection tools off

Switching off a video surveillance camera detection tool is performed via the video surveillance window functions menu of the camera.



To switch a detection tool off, click its name or its indicator in the list of detectors. The detection tool indicator will become green.

To switch off all available detection tools simultaneously, select the **Disarm all zones** item in the video surveillance window functions menu.



## Detection tool masking

To edit detection tool's masks go to the Surveillance windows, **Processing** submenu.



To enter mask editing mode, select a detector in the **Detector mask** submenu. The first detection tool in the list is the main motion detector (**Main** item), followed by auxiliary video detection tools. If a main detection tool is the only detection tool, then the **Detector mask** item will be displayed instead of the detection tool selection submenu.



After masking is enabled, black crosshairs appear in the center of the video. The crosshairs can be moved up or down, by pressing the up arrow and down arrow keys on the keyboard. Masks are rectangular areas. A mask is imposed by a left click: select a dot on the screen, click the left mouse button and pressing the button draw a rectangle – the mask area will be filled with black dots.

**Note.**

If after applying the mask you press the Enter key on the keyboard, the mode is enabled, in which editing and deleting masks impossible. In this case the crosshairs at the center of the video become white. To exit this mode, press the Esc.

In the mask area there will be no detection.



Mask removal is performed in a similar way. To clear the screen area from mask, select a dot on the screen, click the right mouse button and pressing it draw a rectangle – the final rectangular area will be cleared.

To quit the mask editing mode select the **Detector mask** item from the **Processing** submenu of the video surveillance window functions menu once more.

**Note.** When quitting the mask editing mode, rectangles with dots, that have bordered mask areas, vanish from the surveillance window. Nevertheless mask areas are still active, i. e. no surveillance occurs in these areas.

## Events recording

### General information on events recording

Video recording can be performed in the modes:

1. alarm video recording;
2. recording by Operator command;
3. audio and video synchro recording.

Event recording options can be performed:

1. Automatic addition of the pre-event fragment with a pre-defined duration at the beginning of the entire recording.
2. Automatic addition of the post-event fragment with a pre-defined duration at the end of entire recording.

### 3. Forced stop of the video recording in any mode.


The video recording status is indicated by the colour of the camera number indicator border in the surveillance window and by the recording control item in the video surveillance window functions menu.

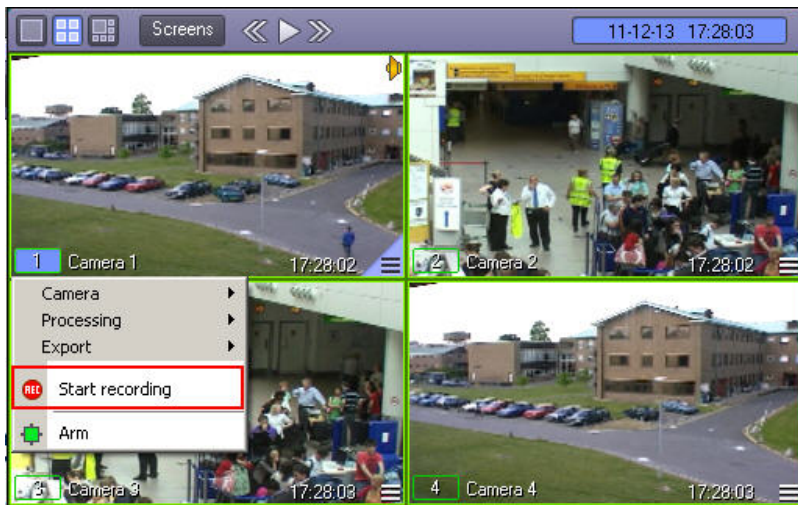
## Recording indication

Surveillance camera recording is indicated by the camera number indicator border in the video surveillance window of the camera.

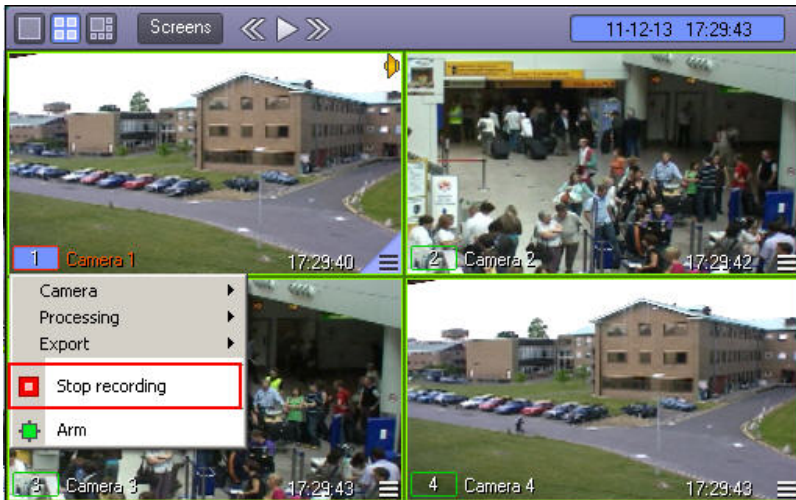
Colour of the camera number border	Recording status
Green or yellow	No video recording
Red	Video recording is being performed

The recording status is also displayed in the video surveillance window functions menu of the camera.

The  symbol means, that there is no video recording at the moment.



The  symbol means, that video recording is being performed at the moment.



The synchro audio recording and monitoring indicator is placed in the top right corner of the surveillance window.



## Alarm recording

Alarm recording starts automatically, if any camera has registered an alarm event. Video recording stops immediately after the end of an alarm event or in a pre-defined time interval after it. With some program settings the pre-event fragment with a pre-defined duration may be automatically added to the beginning of the entire recording.


**Note.**  
Alarm recording doesn't start, if:

1. the *Alarm recording* option has not been enabled for the camera –recording is not activated when the main detector registers an alarm event;



2. the *Alarm* option has not been enabled on the camera auxiliary detector – recording is not activated when the auxiliary detector registers an alarm event.

## Recording by Operator command




Recording may be forced by Operator command. To control recording, select the **Start recording/Stop recording** item from the functions menu of the video surveillance window.

Select the  item to start recording.





When recording starts, the recording indicator  changes to .



To stop recording, click the  item. The  indicator changes to .

## Audio and video synchro recording

Synchro recording is switched on by Operator command or by an occurred alarm event. With this option in the top right corner of the surveillance window, the  (or ) icon is displayed.



If synchro recording was switched on by Operator command or by an occurred alarm event on a specific camera, an audio recording will start automatically from the attached camera microphone.

The colour of the icon indicates if the Operator can hear the sound from a given microphone, which doesn't affect recording.

**Note.** Synchro audio playback is possible only along with video playback.

When video recordings with synchronous audio recordings are copied to the backup archive, these audio recordings are stored with the video recordings if *Intellect* software package has the corresponding configuration.

## Stopping the recording

The operator can stop video recording forcibly in any mode and at any time with the **Stop recording** item from the functions menu of the video surveillance window.

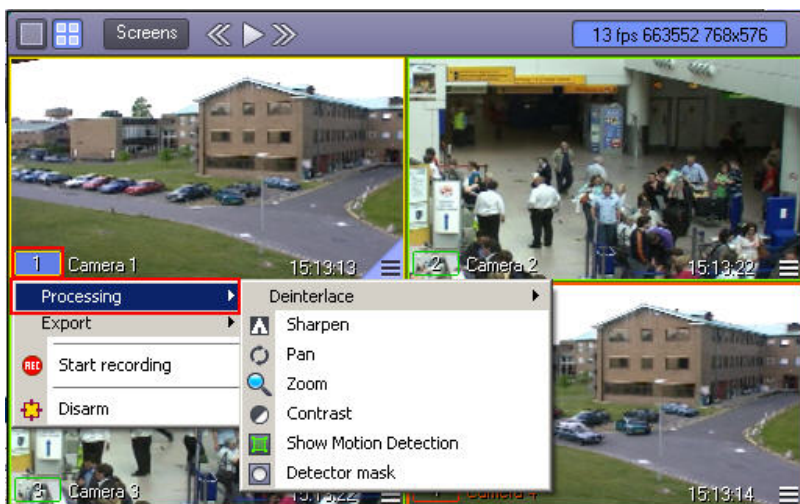


**Note.**  
If recording is not currently activated, the **Start recording** item is displayed instead of the **Stop recording** item.

## Image processing

### General information on image processing

Image processing options are available through the video surveillance window functions menu: the **Processing** submenu displays options available for a given image.



The same image may be processed by several functions at once.



Activated options are outlined in the list of options. To switch the option on, click its name or its icon in the list of options. To switch the option off, click its name or its icon once more.

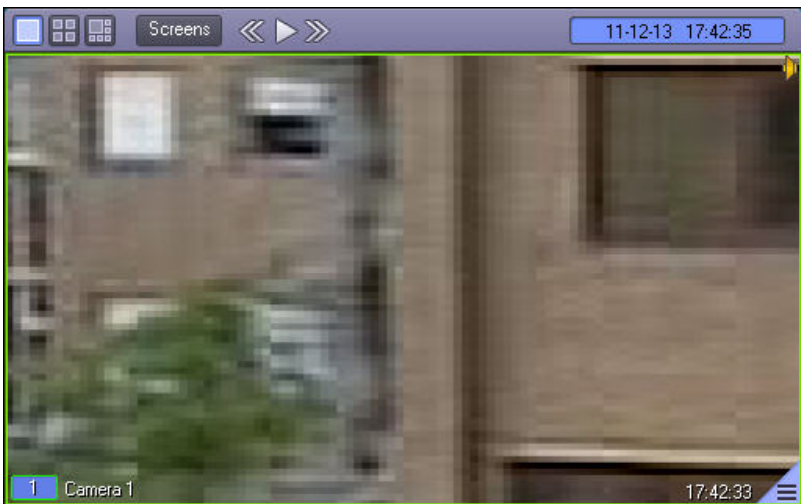
## Image scaling

The **Zoom-in** option allows to scale the image.

**Zoom-in** option (original image):



**Zoom-in** option (processed image):



Switching on the **Zoom-in** option magnifies the image by a certain factor. After this the scale may be gradually increased or reduced by fast left or right clicking on the image. To retract the previous scale value, left click the **Zoom-in** item again or right click the image.

Mouse wheel action is also supported for zooming convenience (see the [Window scaling](#) section).

**Note.** In the archive view mode the mouse wheel can also perform the scrolling of video records list if click the left mouse button on the video records list previously. In this case click the left mouse button in the Video surveillance window to scale the video image.

**Note.** If the lens type was specified while configuring a camera, then the **Enable fisheye** feature (instead of the **Zoom** feature) is available (see [Enabling fisheye](#)).

## Maximizing the image contrast

The **Contrast** option provides maximum image contrast.

**Contrast** option (original image).

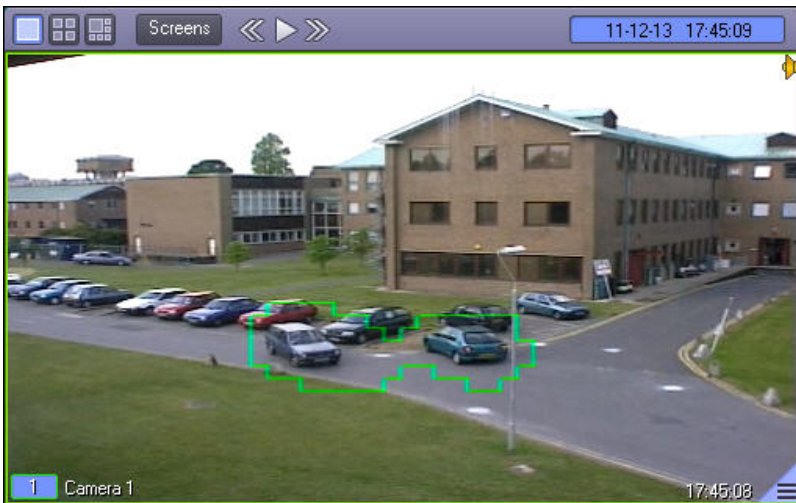


**Contrast** option (processed image):



## Outlining of moving objects

Software supports realtime dynamic outlining of moving objects via the **Outlining** option. The figure shows how to use the **Outlining** option.



## Image sharpening

The **Sharpen** option allows sharpening the whole image.

**Sharpen** option (original image):

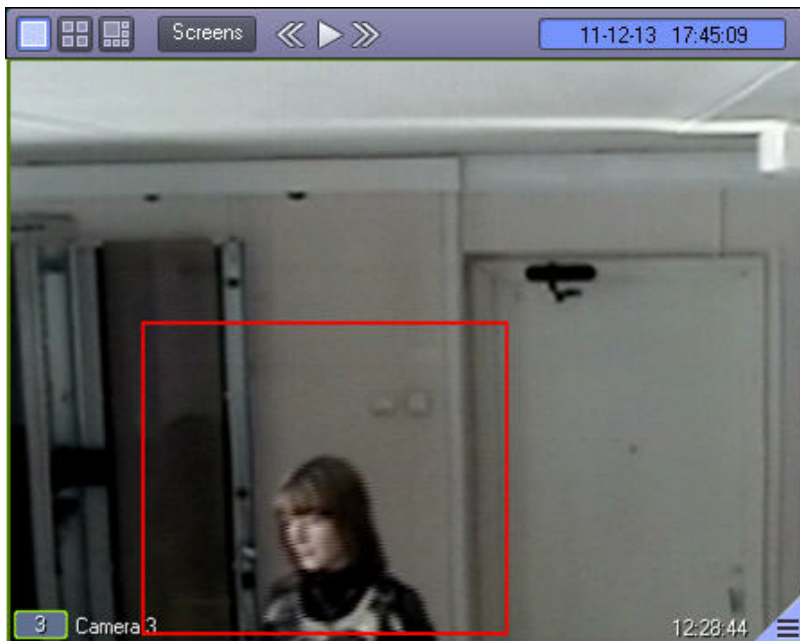


**Sharpen** option (processed image):

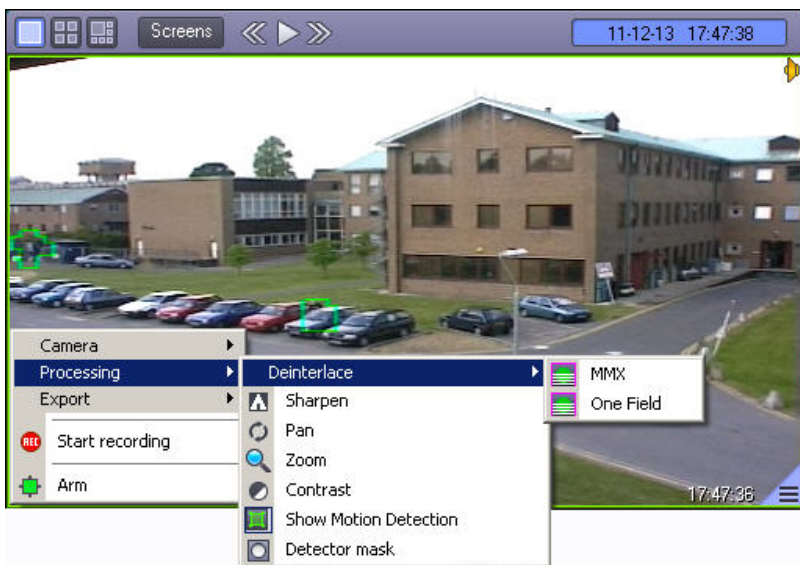


## Image de-interlacing

The aim of de-interlacing is to remove image fluttering, which is observed when moving objects are displayed.



Deinterlace has two options: **Deinterlace 1** is used, when an object is moving slowly. If its speed is high, **Deinterlace 2** should be used. **Deinterlace 2** degrades the vertical resolution of the frame. These functions are available via the functions menu of the video surveillance window.



**Note.**  
In some cases interlace modes are inaccessible (for example, if camera resolution has not been set to "Full" or if the monitor window is relatively small).

## Video image rotation

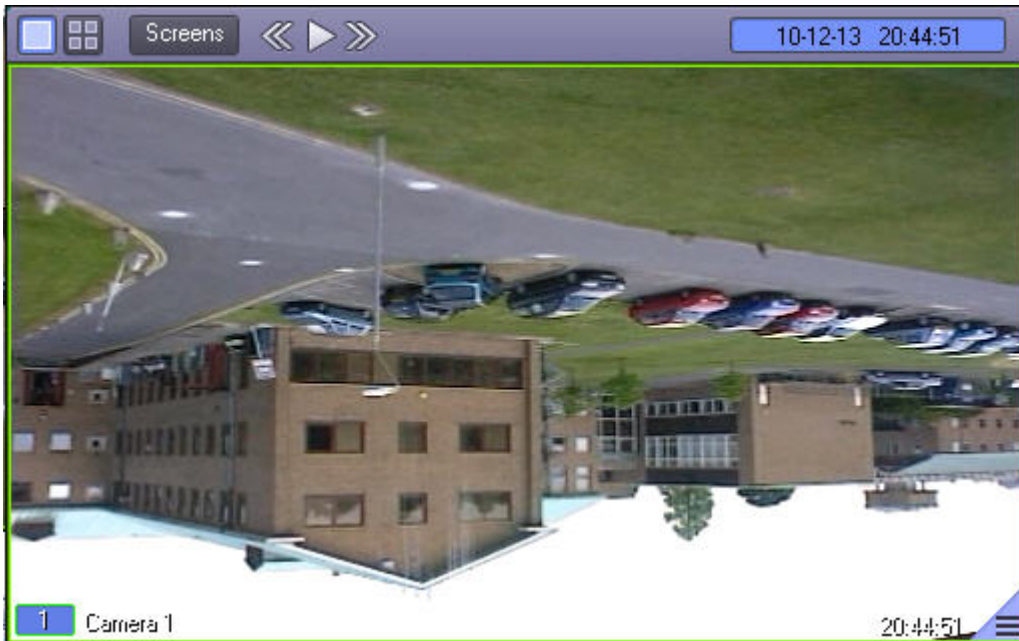
The **Pan** function allows rotating the video image coming from the video camera on the preset angle – 90, 180 or 270 degrees (the angle is set while the system configuration – see the [Configuring a rotation angle of video image](#) section in the [Administrator's Guide](#) document). Counterclockwise rotation is performed.

**Attention!**  
The **Pan** item is available in the functional menu of the Video surveillance window regardless of switching on the possibility of video rotation while the system configuration. To use the rotation function activate this possibility – see the [Configuring a rotation angle of video image](#) section in the [Administrator's Guide](#) document.

**Rotation** function (the initial state):



**Rotation** function (video image after applying the function on 180 degrees):



## Enabling fisheye

The **Enable fisheye** feature allows enabling conversion of video from camera.

This feature is available if the lens type is specified while configuring the camera (see [Configuring fisheye cameras](#) section in the [Administrator's Guide](#)).

The **Enable fisheye** (initial video) feature:



The **Enable fisheye (PTZ conversion application result)** feature:



# Working with the archives

## General information on working with archives

Video and audio archives store copies of video and audio recordings created by the *Intellect* software.

All archives are subdivided into the following types:

1. Main archive - the video server archive;
2. Backup archive – an archive developed with the assistance of the functional module Backup archive.
3. External archive – an archive stored in the embedded storage of the external IP device (NVR video recorder). There is no recording to this archive.

The table compares the characteristics of archives and the corresponding functional modules.


Characteristics	Parameter		
	Main Archive	Backup Archive	External Archive
Archive Type	Main Archive	Backup Archive	External Archive
Functional module used to create the archive	-	Backup archive	-
Source of recording	Recordings made by specified cameras and microphones	Copying of recordings made by specified cameras	-
Distribution of archived recordings (available types of carriers)	Hard and network disks, removable disks	Hard and network disks, removable disks	Embedded storages of external IP devices
Tools to access archived recordings	Playback control, converter.exe utility	Panel of Backup archiving, converter.exe utility	Playback control panel
Recording modes	End-around (i.e., recording starts from the beginning, erasing all previous recordings, when there is no more free space left on the carrier), rerecording of archive data from the very first recordings is carried out	End-around (i.e., recording starts from the beginning, erasing all previous recordings, when there is no more free space left on the carrier), rerecording of archive data from the very first recordings is carried out	-
Saving sound (synchro audio recordings) together with audio recordings in the archive	Available	Available	-
Recording term	Continuous recording	Continuous recording Recording during pre-set intervals	-
Recording settings	FPS (number of frames per second)	FPS (number of frames per second), bit rate (data volume per second)	-
Selection of cameras for recording	Not available	Available	-

Additionally, a separate video gateway archive is provided. The video gateway is used to reduce the load on the network when sizeable data flows are transmitted from the video servers to the remote workstations.

If the video gateway is on, data from the video servers is not transmitted directly to the remote workstations, but through the video gateway, which in turn distributes received data among the workstations. The video gateway cannot function as an Backup archive, unless it is the case where recording should be resumed; if the communication line fails, video recording is resumed from the beginning, instead of from the cut-off point.


## Operations with the archives

### Server archive playback

To start main server archive playback, click  in the bottom right corner of the Web server surveillance monitor.



#### **Note.**


Where the surveillance window is not big enough, the  icon may sometimes not be displayed. In this case, the surveillance window should be enlarged.

The playback control panel will be displayed, which will contain recordings of the main video server archive.



## Backup Archive Playback


To start playback of the backup archive, generated by the Backup archive functional module, the following steps are required:

1. point the mouse cursor at the  icon in the surveillance window of the appropriate camera;
2. press and hold the left mouse button for a few seconds.

Then the context menu will be displayed.



**Note.**


Where the surveillance window is not big enough, the  icon may sometimes not be displayed. In this case, the surveillance window should be enlarged. Also, certain program settings disable displaying the pop-up context menu. In this case, the program switches to the playback control panel of the main, instead of the backup archive.

Select **Archiver** in the displayed context menu. The playback control panel will be displayed, which will contain recordings of the backup video server archive.



## Edge storage playback


Access to the edge storage archive is performed via the Viewing tile. In order to enter the edge storage playback mode, do the following:

1. Drag the mouse pointer to the  icon in the Viewing tile corresponding to the required camera;
2. Click and hold for several second left mouse button.

The context menu is displayed.



**Note.**

As the Viewing tile is of a small size, the  icon can be not displayed. In this case the Viewing tile is to be enlarged.

In the context menu, select in the **Edge storage** item. The playback control panel with edge storage recordings is displayed.




Searching for recordings for the latest day is performed when entering the archive. Searching for recordings for the latest month is performed when going to the calendar. The range of dates for which the searching is performed is displayed in the first line of the list of recordings.




**Important!**  
The edge storage archive cannot be viewed while it is synchronized with *Intellect* file system (import). Information on how to configure import from edge storages is given in [Administrator's Guide](#).

## Video gateway archive playback

The video gateway archive can be accessed via the surveillance window. To start video gateway archive playback, click  in the bottom right corner of the surveillance window.




**Note.**

Where the surveillance window is not big enough, the  icon may sometimes not be displayed. In this case, the surveillance window should be enlarged.

The playback control panel will be displayed, which will contain recordings of the video gateway archive.



The above operation allows accessing both the video gateway archive and the main server archive. If the camera window gateway is off, main archive recordings can be accessed. Otherwise, the above method allows accessing the camera video gateway archive, in which case the main server archive can be accessed through the following steps:

1. Point the mouse cursor at the  icon in the surveillance window of the appropriate camera.
2. Press and hold the left mouse button for a few seconds, until the context menu is displayed.



3. Select **Video Server** in the context menu and the playback control panel, which contains the main video server archive recordings, will be displayed.

## Archive browsing

**Note.** If the archive is created in the time zone different from time zone on which the archive is viewed, it is required to move the archive to the current time zone using the `convert.exe` utility before the viewing. Otherwise, some problems can occur when positioning on archive fragment. Working with this utility is described in the [The Convert.exe utility for correcting modification dates of video archives](#) section of the [Administrator's Guide](#) document.

To move archive to the required time zone, run the utility from command line with the following parameters:

```
convert.exe fullmode TZ +hh:mm
```

where +hh:mm – the time shift between the current time zone and zone in which archive is recorded.

## Archive browsing with the time scale

The archive may be browsed with the time scale (covering from 0 to 24 hours) as shown in the figure.



Blue colour corresponds to the periods of recording, grey colour shows that no recordings were made.

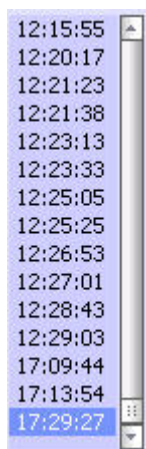
If there are records for some hour in the archive then this hour is highlighting black, if there are no records - highlighting grey. Records of hour for which there are records display in the time scale while clicking this hour and the hour is marked by rectangle. Click the selected hour again to come back to displaying of records from 0 to 24 hours.



If you click directly on the time scale, you can set the current playback position with reference to the selected recording segment, which was recorded during a certain period of time. For fluent transfer by archive records move the cursor by time scale in horizontal direction holding the left mouse button.

### Video sequence browsing

Apart from the time scale, the archive may be browsed across the list of video sequence, contained in the time stamp column.



To switch over to the required recording segment, click the corresponding time stamp.

To scroll the list of video records up/down click the left mouse button on the list of video record and scroll the mouse wheel.



**Note.**

In case of clicking the left mouse button on the video image after this the mouse wheel will perform the function of video image scaling.

### Fragment search by the date and time of creation

Apart from time scale browsing, the playback control panel also allows searching for certain recording fragments by the exact date and time.

The time table displayed in the bottom left corner of the panel is designed for the above search.



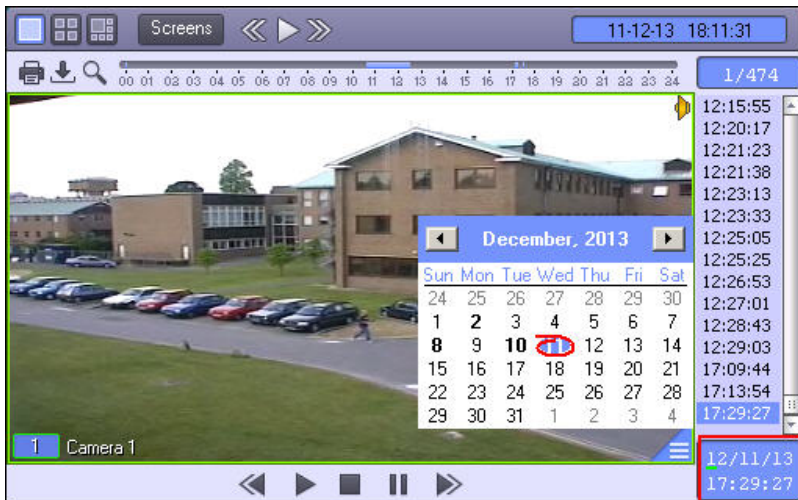
The upper part of the table shows the date, whereas the current playback position is shown in the bottom part.

To start the search, enter the date and time in the table. Double-click the date and time line and a green cursor will appear.



Now, using the keyboard, enter the required time of the recording.

If you double-click on the date, you will see not only the green cursor, but also a calendar to assist you visually in the selection of the required recording date.



Bold font in the calendar indicates the dates of the recordings.

**Note.**  
Working with interface Windows Aero of OS Windows Vista, dates of the recordings are not bolded.

Having entered the date and time, press **Enter** to switch over to the required recording. If the recording with the requested date and time does not exist, the program will switch over to the recording with the nearest time of recording.

**Note.**  
In case when the access restriction to the video archive play back is set (see Access restriction to the video (and audio) archives section in the [Intellect software package Administrator guide](#) document), the switch will be performed only among the available recordings in the displayed list of all the recordings.

## Search by line crossing

It's possible to search the video recording by line crossing from the functional menu of Video archive window.

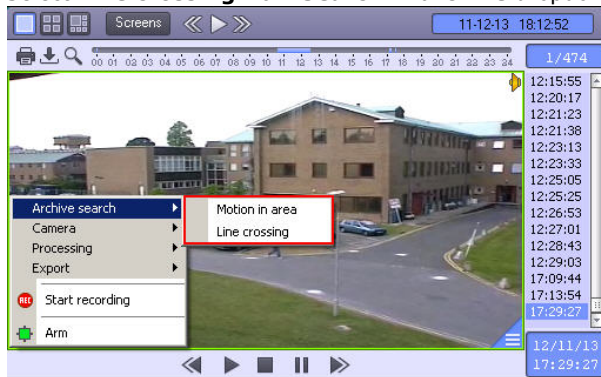
**Note.**  
Search by line crossing is possible only when Object trajectories DB and the **Tracker** object are created on the camera that is used for searching in Intellect software package (**Detector** object, see [Intellect software package Administrator's Guide manual](#)).

Search by line crossing runs only on a given day.

**Note.**  
How to set a date is described in [Fragment search by the date and time of creation](#) section.

To search by line crossing do the following:

1. Select **Line crossing** from **Search in archive** dropdown menu in the functional menu.







2. Pressing the left mouse button set end points of the line in video recording display field.



3. Do all necessary operations with the line. Operations with the line are performed in the table.


Operation	Operation result
Press the left mouse button in video surveillance window	End point of the line creating
Hover cursor over the end point and pressing the left mouse button shift the mouse	End point of the line shift
Hover cursor over the end point and click the right mouse button	Line deleting

4. To select the type of the object that was crossing the set line it's necessary to click . Available types of the object are performed below.

- a.  Any object. Search will give out the video recordings in which line is crossed by any object
- b.  Human being. Search will give out the video recordings in which line is crossed by a humang being
- c.  Car. Search will give out the video recordings in which line is crossed by a car

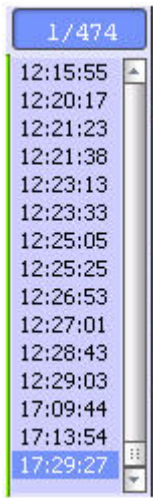
5. By pressing the left mouse button to one of grey arrow's end, set the traffic direction of the object across the line. Selected arrow becomes white.

Approximate speed of objects which are to be found is displayed close to arrow. At minimal and maximal value of speed the "?" sign will display, and only records containing line crossing regardless of speed will be searched for. It is possible to change value of speed by changing arrow length moving arrowhead with pressed left mouse button.

 **Note.**  
Arrow has minimal length while adding.



As a result the search selects the video recordings by given parameters. Search results are displayed in timestamps column.



**Note.**

Setting the traffic direction of the object by VMDA detector depends strongly on **Tracker** object settings (see [Intellect software package: Administrator's Guide manual](#)) . With bad settings the traffic direction can be determined incorrectly and, consequently, results can be wrong while searching in line crossing archive. The settings of **Tracker** object should be used experimentally for every case.

### Search by motion in the area

It's possible to search the video recording by motion in the area from the functional menu of Video archive window.

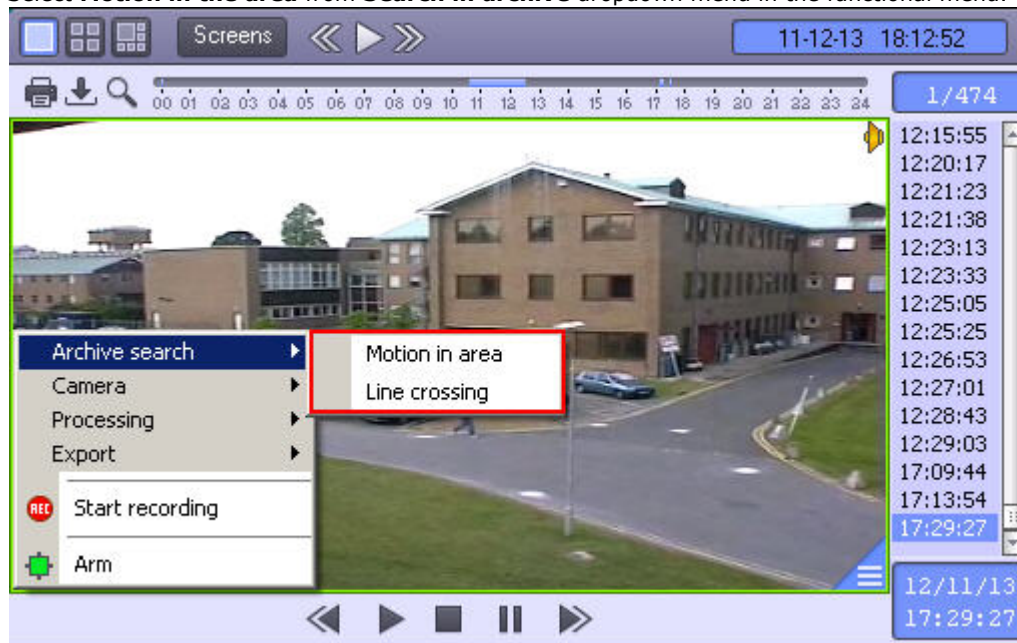
**Note.** Search by motion in the area is possible only when Object trajectories DB and the **Tracker** object are created on the camera that is used for searching in Intellect software package (see Intellect software package:Administrator's Guide manual).

Search by motion in the area runs only on a given day.

**Note.** How to set a date is described in the [Fragment search by the date and time of creation](#) section of this manual.

To search by motion in the area do the following:

1. Select **Motion in the area** from **Search in archive** dropdown menu in the functional menu.



2. Pressing the left mouse button set node points of the search area in video recording display field.
















Adding of two areas is possible. The search will find video recordings in which the object passed from one area to another.



3. Do all necessary operations with the area. Operations with the area are performed in the following table.

Operation	Operation result
Press the left mouse button in video surveillance window	Node point adding
Hover cursor over the node point and pressing the left mouse button shift the mouse	Node point shift
Hover cursor over the node point and press the right mouse button	Line deleting. In the presence of three node points the whole area is deleted.

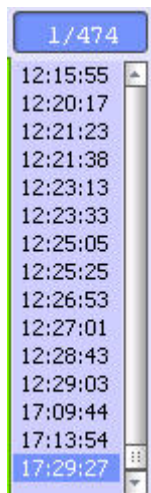
4. To select the type of the object that was moving in the area it's necessary to click . Available types of the object are performed in the following table.
-  Any object. Search will give out the video recordings in which any object moves in the area
  -  Human being. Search will give out the video recordings in which a humang being moves in the area
  -  Car. Search will give out the video recordings in which a car moves in the area

5. To select the type of the search it's necessary to click . Available types of the search are performed in the following table.
-  Any motion in the area. Video recordings of any motion in the area will be found
  -  Entering the area. Video recordings of object entering the area will be found
  -  Leaving the area. Video recordings of object leaving the area will be found.
  -  Appearance in the area. Video recordings of object appearing in the area are found.
  -  Disappearance in area. Video recordings of object disappearing in the area are found.
  -  Stop in the area. Video recordings of object stop in the area will be found
  -  Being in the area more than 10 sec. Video recordings of object being in the area more than 10 sec will be found
  -  Left object. Video recordings of left object in the area will be found



**Note.**  
**Appearance in the area** and **Disappearance in area** search types are not available.

6. As a result the search selects the video recordings by given parameters. Search results are displayed in timestamps column.




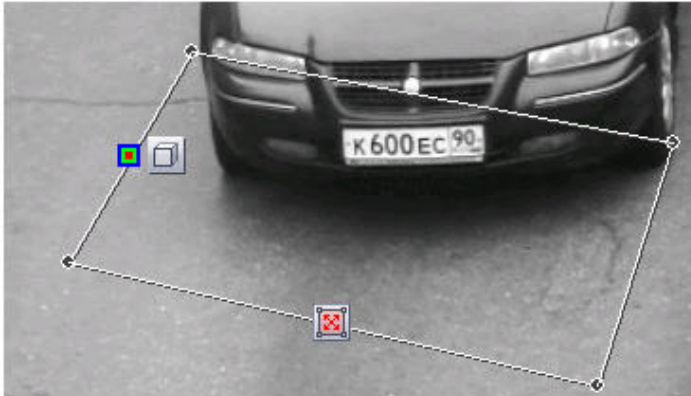
**Search by colour**

Search by colour is performed within the limits of search by line crossing or search by motion in the area.

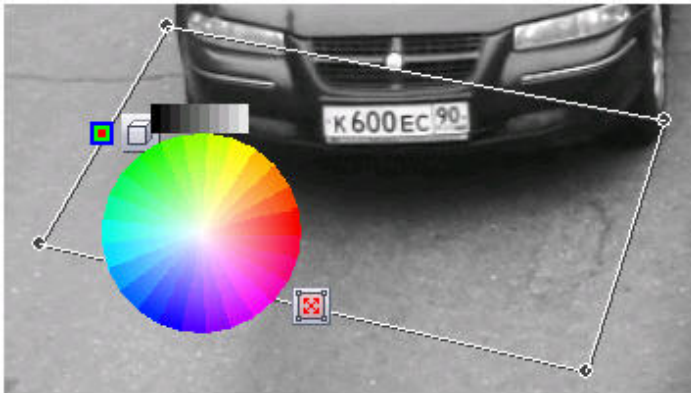
**Note.**  
Colour range setting is a part of search by line crossing or search by motion parameters setting.

To search by colour do the following:

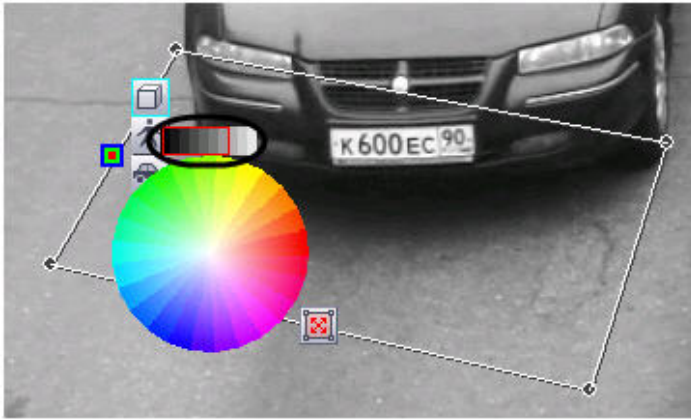
1. Select the type of search (search by line crossing or search by motion in the area).
2. Search by selected type (see [Search by line crossing](#), [Search by motion in the area parts](#)).
3. To set colour range for which the search will be performed, click  at the set line or area.



Colour range setting form appears.




4. Select colour range for search. Hover cursor over supposed range beginning (coloured or black-and-white) and pressing the left mouse button go till final colour in the circle.  
Black-and-white range setting:



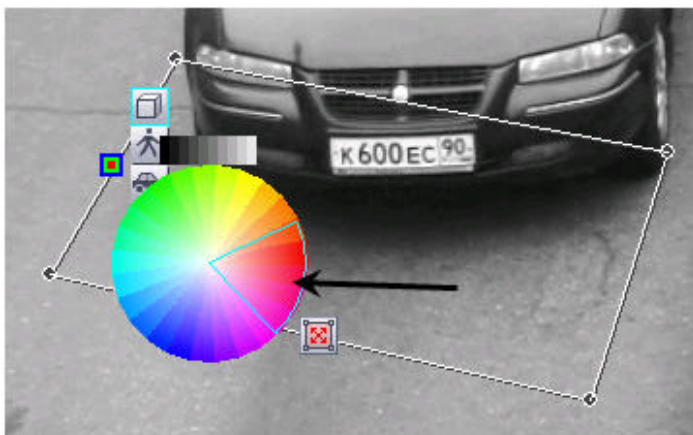
Coloured range setting:



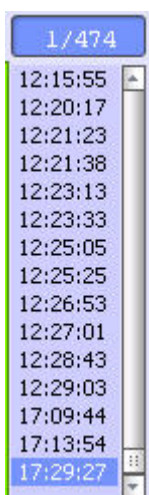
5. The Color range setting form will be automatically hidden after specifying the color range for search. To discard the specified color values open the form again (using the  button) and click the right mouse button on it. The search will be performed without taking into account the color of moving object after discarding the color values.

**Note.** In case of clicking the left mouse button at one colour in spectrum, the search will be performed for adjacent (selected colour is specified by the arrow at the figure below).

**Note.** For the search to be more effective not a specific colour (according to illumination conditions and other surroundings parameters) but a colour range is set. The search checks whether the object is coloured into the colour from colour1-colour2 range. If there is a yes-answer this video recording will be displayed in search results.



As a result the search selects the video recordings that correspond to parameters of selected search (search by line crossing or search by motion in the area) and the video recordings in which the moving object contains at least one colour from the colour range. Search results are displayed in timestamps column.








## Video playback



### Video playback controls


Browsing across a selected recording segment uses playback controls.



The  button starts playing back the selected recording segment, the  button stops playback.

When the  button is left-clicked, the fast-forward playback is performed, when right-clicked – rewind playback. Only the current selected record of archive is playing back on short-time pressing the  button . Hold the  button to start playing pack the next record after the end of playing back the previous record.

The  and  buttons increase or decrease the frame rate or slide show rate in the pause mode.

Speed-up or speed-down level is displaying in the place of the  button while fast or slow motion. Maximally allowable speed-up is not limited, maximally allowable speed-down is 8-fold.



#### Note

When there is fast archive playback in the H264 and MPEG4 formats, then only key frames are played back.

To shift to the pause mode, press the  button, to restore playback – press the  button.

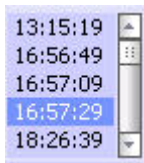
### Synchro playback of a few video recordings

The program allows to synchronously playback a few archived video recordings on one monitor.

To use this function, display the required surveillance windows on the monitor and switch them over to the archive viewing mode.

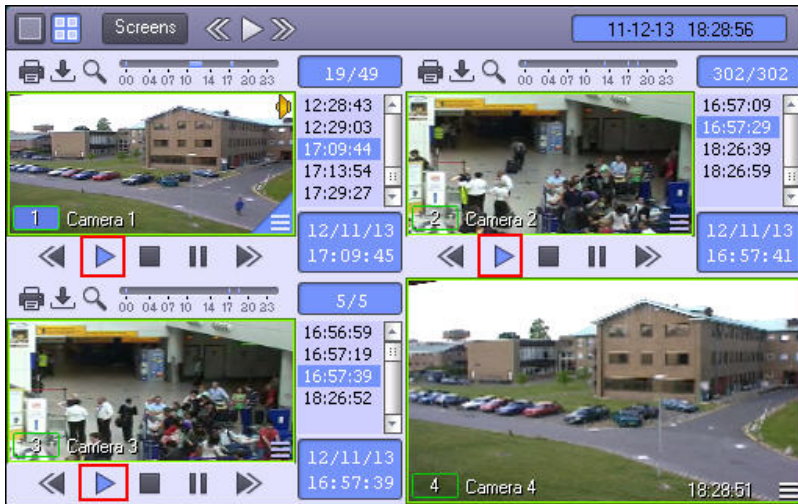


Set entries in the surveillance windows, as required, using, for instance, the time stamp column.



Now, controlling video playback in the active window, you will synchronously control the playback in other windows.



Synchro playback of video recordings (playback is on):





Synchro playback of video recordings (playback is paused):




### Synchronous playback of video and audio recordings

To enable synchronous playback of video and audio recordings, click the  icon in the upper-right corner of the frame. After this the icon looks like this  and audio recording is played back synchronously with video recording in the archive playback mode.



To disable synchronous playback of video and audio recordings, click the  icon. The icon will look like this  and video recording will be played back with no sound.



**Note.**

Absence of the  icon means that camera is not configured for recording audio to the archive.

**Note.**

To get information on configuring synchronous playback of video and audio recordings see the [Configuring audio signals playback using the video monitor](#) section of the Administrator's Guide.

### Synchronous enter to server archive playback mode

For synchronous enter the mode of server archive playback by all cameras on the layout click the right mouse button on the  button. For synchronous exit from the mode of server archive playback by all cameras on the layout click the right mouse button on the  button again.



## Deleting video recordings from the archive



### Note.

Video recordings can be removed from the archive when:

1. At least one User is created and added to the rights in *Intellect*.
2. The User who started *Intellect* has rights to remove files from the archive.

To delete video recordings from the archive, do the following:

1. Go to archive viewing on the selected camera.



2. Right-click the recording to be deleted.
3. In the feature menu, select the **Delete** item.

**Note.** A video can also be deleted using a script or command – see [CAM](#) section of *Programming Guide* (not available in English).

The video recording is now deleted from the archive.

## Rewrite protection of archive files

### General information about rewrite protection

Record to archive is performed on a loop in the *Intellect* software package (see the [General information on video archiving](#) section). Therefore old archive records can be replaced by new one. But sometime it is required to protect important records against loop recording. In order to operator had possibility to protect records and reset protection, the corresponding rights are to be assigned to it (see [Administrator's Guide](#) document, [Permission protecting archive files from rewriting](#) section).

There is possibility to protect records by ones or protect records for the specified period. Protected records for the specified period are called bookmarks.

**Note.** Records protection is supported only for the main archive of Server and doesn't support for Backup archive and Videogate archive (archive types are described in details in the [General information on working with archives](#) section).

### Protection of separate record and disable of protection

Protection and disable of protection of the separate record is performed from the Monitor interface in the Video surveillance window in the archive mode. To enable the record protection click the right mouse button on required record and select the **Protect** item.

**Note.**  
The **Protect** menu item can be missed if user have no rights for records protection.

Protected record is highlighting red and file replaces to the PROTECTED subfolder of the VIDEO folder on the disk where archive is stored.




To remove protection click the right mouse button on required record and select the **Remove protection** item.

**Note.**  
The **Remove protection** menu item can be missed if user have no rights to reset protection of records.


If in the disk there are records for the specified period as selected one, i.e. there is a folder in which file of protected record was initially located, then the file will be replaced to this folder, highlighting red in this list will be discharged and it will continue to display in the list. If the folder was removed in process of loop recording, the record won't display in the list.



## Create a bookmark

Bookmark is several protected video records for the specified period. To create a bookmark, i.e. protection of records for the specified period, click the  button. The **Create bookmark** window will open.

### Note.

The  button is not displayed if disk for record is not selected (see [Administrator's Guide, Selecting the disks for video archive storage](#)).

The list of cameras added to the Monitor is displayed in the left part of the window. Replace cameras on which records are to be protected to the **Selected cameras** list using the **>>** button.

**Note.**  
The **<<** button is used to replace selected cameras from the **Selected cameras** list to the **List of cameras**.

In the **Period from** and **to** fields specify time period during which archive records by selected cameras are to be protected against rewriting.

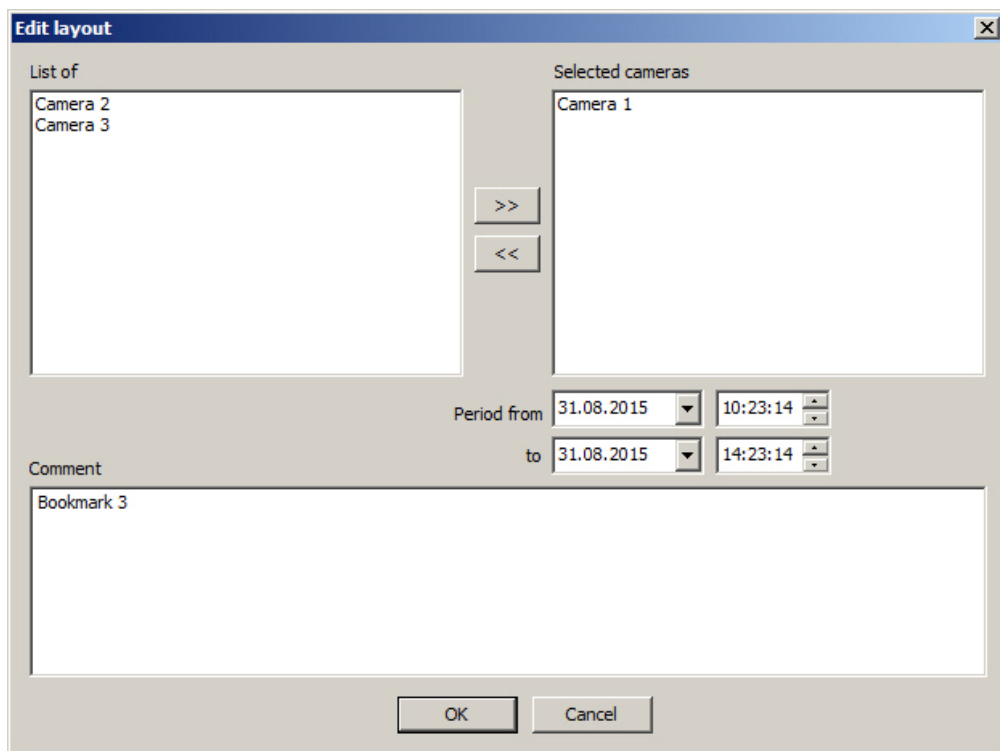
In the **Comment** field enter a comment, e.g. reason of a bookmark creation.

**Important!**  
A comment is to be entered. If the comment is not entered, then the tab cannot be created.

When all required fields are filled enter the **OK** button to protect video records for the specified period. Protected video records will be highlighted red in the list. Files of protected video records will be replaced to the PROTECTED folder in the VIDEO folder on the disk with archive.

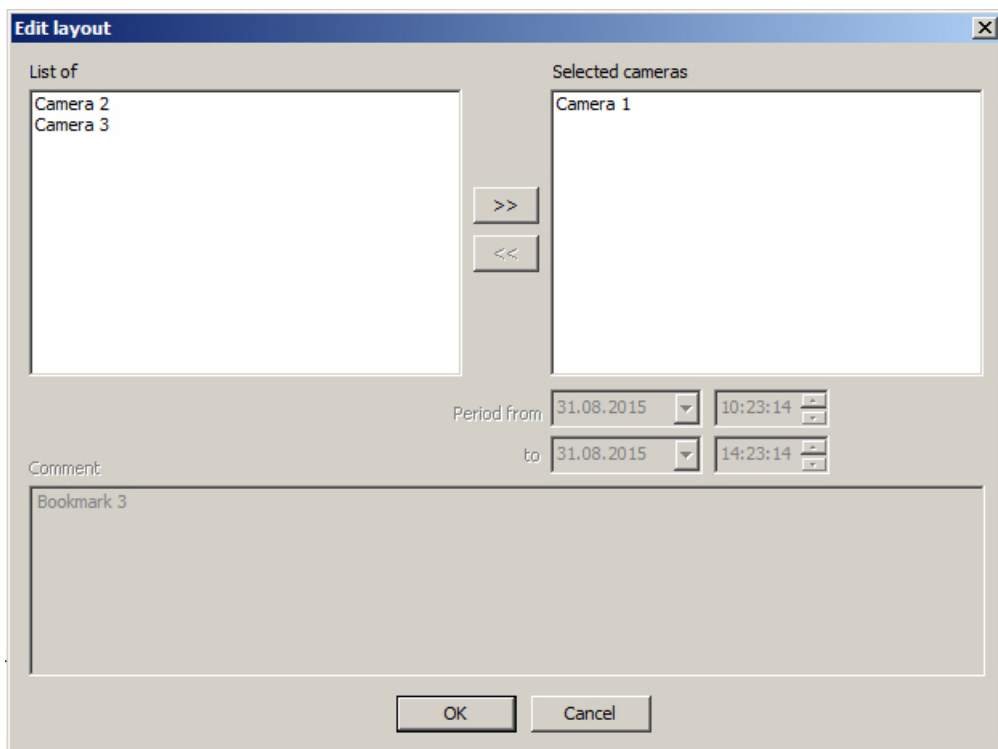
### List of bookmarks





Editing is performed in the **Edit bookmark** window, interface of which is similar to the **Create bookmark** window (see the [Create a bookmark](#) section).

If user have no permissions to create and delete bookmarks, he or she can only add cameras to the bookmark. Other parameters of bookmark are not available for editing.



The **Delete** button is designed to delete bookmarks and remove protection from video records.

The **Export** button opens the **Export** window in which required cameras are selected and export period corresponding to selected bookmark in the list of created bookmarks is specified (see [The AviExport utility](#) ).

**Note.**  
**Delete** and **Export** buttons can not to display if user have no corresponding permissions.

The **Close** button is designed to close the **Created bookmarks** window.

## Export and print out

### General information on export and print out

Many graphic modules of the program support the following operations with the video image:

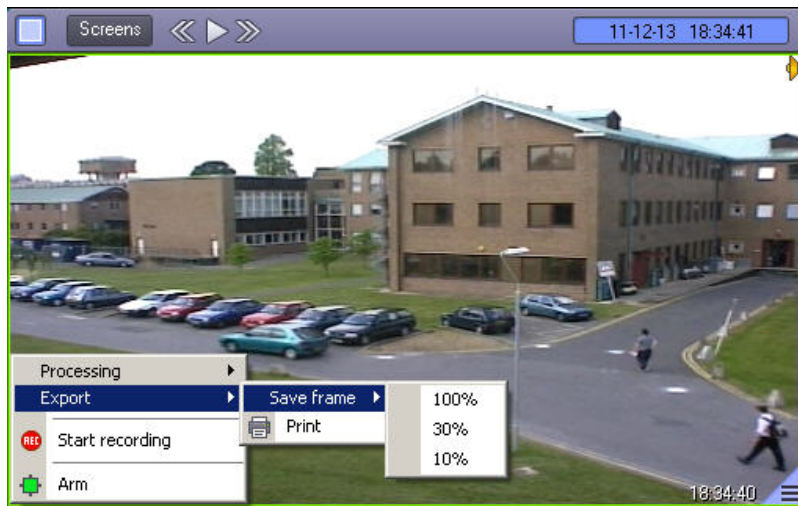
1. Frame export – saving the current frame as a standard Windows graphic file (in Bitmap, JPEG formats);
2. Frame print out – sending the current frame to the printer for printing;
3. Video recordings export – saving video recordings as standard Windows video files; Video recordings in this case may be saved together with the synchro sound.

**Note.**  
Date and time in format specified by regional system settings (transferring to the regional system settings is performed from the **Start -> Control panel -> Language and regional standards** menu) are displayed in the right bottom corner of the video image while exporting. It doesn't refer to printed frames and to video received with the help of Converter.exe utility.

To demonstrate the above functions, we use the camera window as an example.

## Frame export

To save a frame, select the following in the functions menu of the surveillance window: **Export -> Save frame -> Scale** (100%, 30%, 10%). In this case the scale defines image compression quality and is equal to the size of the final image file (as compared with the size of the original image frame).



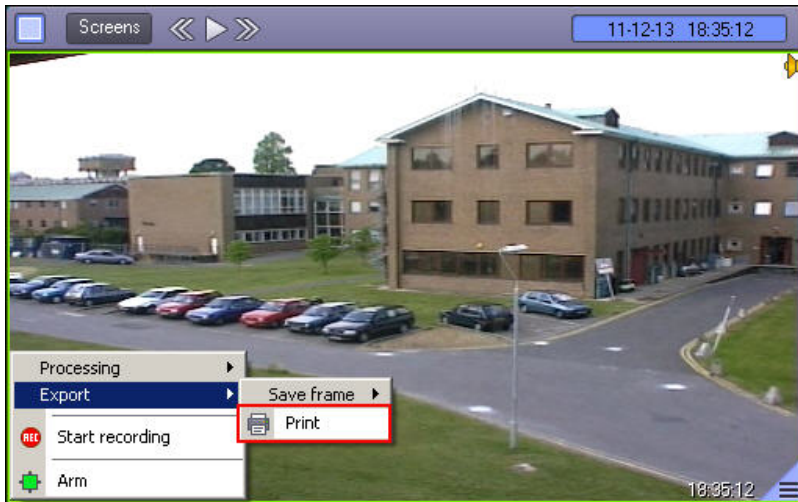
The file containing the saved frame is saved to the C:\Users\%current user name%\Documents\Intellect\export\ directory. The file name is generated as follows: <camera number> (<date> <time>). For instance, 02 (03-10-07 16'28'06).jpg.

**Note.**  
Where 100% scale was chosen, the image is saved in BMP format, however if other scales are used, the image is saved as JPEG.

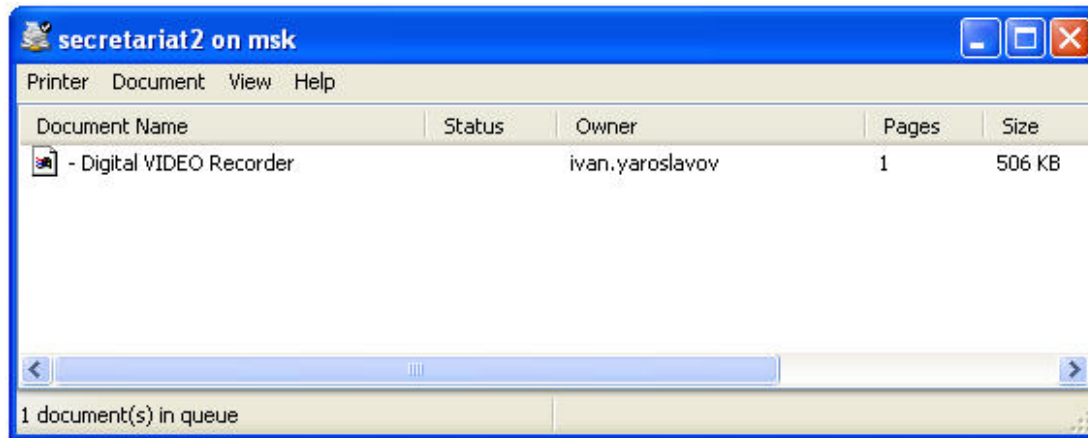
**Note.**  
If the additional information was specified while configuring the camera (see [Intellect software package. Administrator guide](#)"), then the file is named in another way: <number of the camera> <additional information> (<date> <time>). For example, 02 Information (03-10-07 16'28'06).jpg.

## Printing the still frame

To send a frame for printing, choose the **Print** command from the **Export** menu.



As a result of the above actions, the frame image will be queued for printing by default.

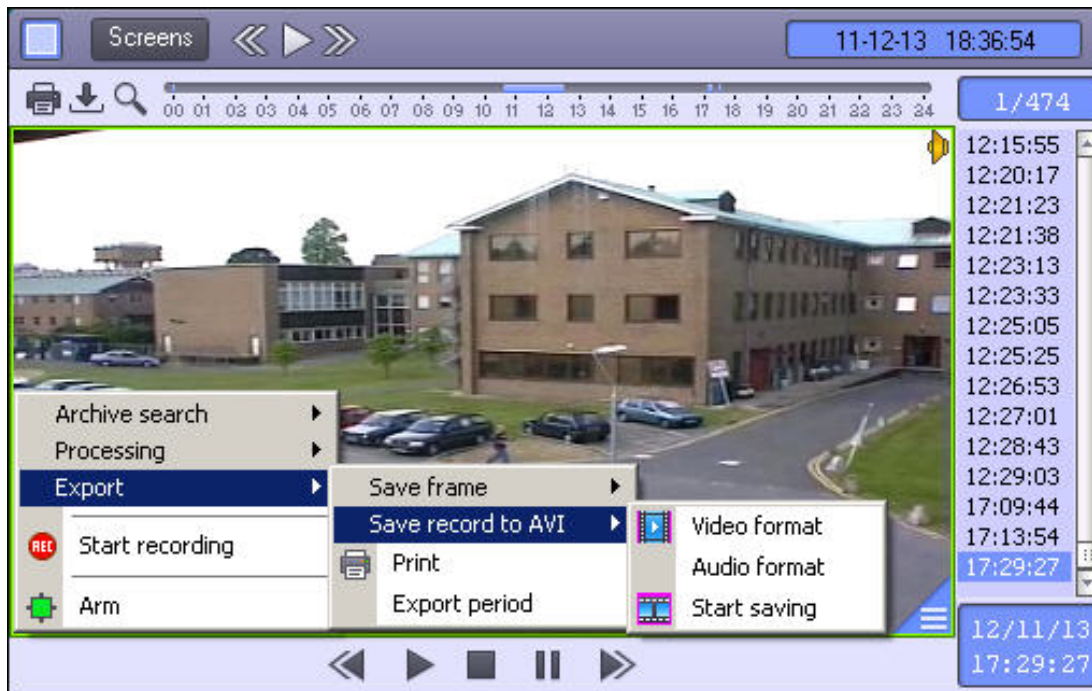


**Note.** Standard Printout List of the printer dialog box (OS Windows) does not belong to the *Intellect* software and is not automatically displayed as soon as the print command is sent.

## Export of silent video recordings

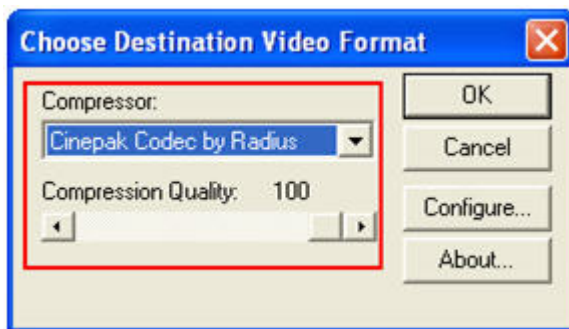
The video recording segment without sound is exported using the playback control panel.

Choose **Export** in the functions menu of the video surveillance window and then select **Save Recording to AVI**.



Parameters of the video and audio, which will be saved, may be configured in the displayed window.

Compression quality is selected in the standard Windows dialog box.




Select **Codec** in the dialog box and, if available, compression quality.

**Note.** Settings of video compression will be ignored if export of the archive period in original format was performed - see [Export of the archive period](#).

As soon as recording saving parameters are selected, the video segment may be exported to the file by selecting the **Start Saving** command. The **Playback** button will be highlighted in the course of saving, whereas the playback position indicator will count down the frame currently being processed.



Click the  button after the start of saving for quick export (export of speeded video record). This button double speeds up export of video record. Maximal available speed up is 8 times.

As soon as the video segment saving process is complete, the **Playback** button is no longer highlighted.



The file containing the saved video recording is saved to the C:\Users\%current user name%\Documents\Intellect\export\ directory. The file name is generated as follows: <camera

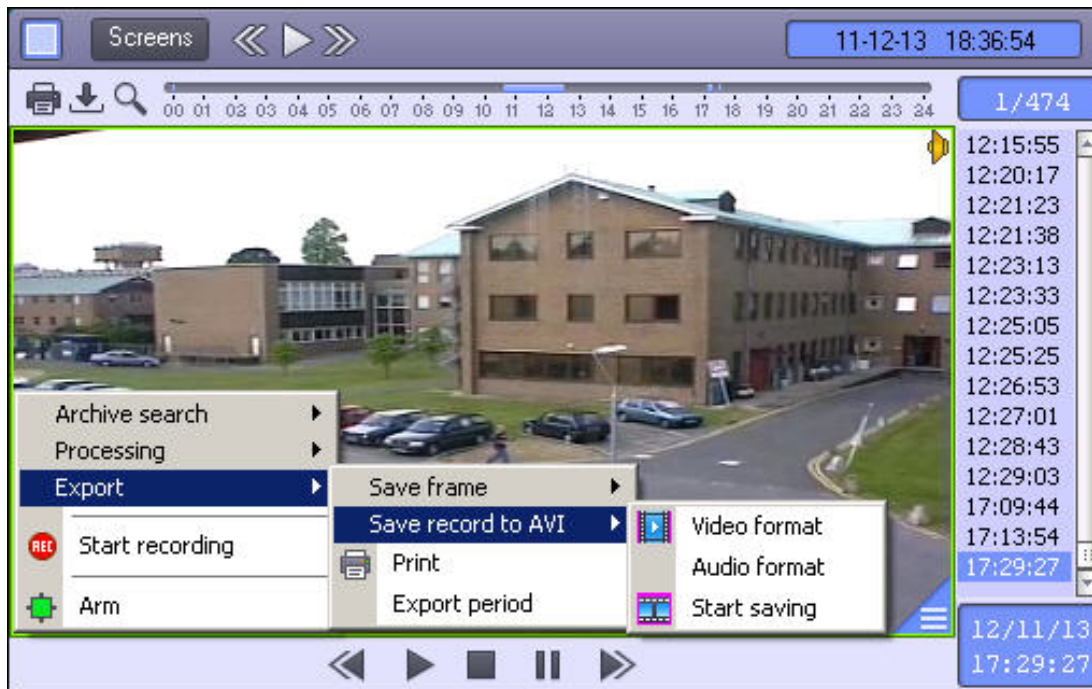
*number* (<date> <time>). For instance, 02 (03-10-07 16'28'06).avi (file extension is controlled through the compression quality configuration).

**Note.**  
If AVI format is used, the final file is not to be bigger than 2 GB.

## Export of video recording supported with sound

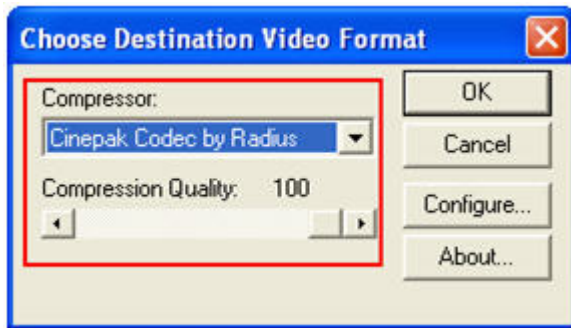
Video recording segment with sound is exported using the playback control panel.

Choose **Export** in the functions menu of the video surveillance window and then select **Save Recording to AVI**.



Parameters of the video and sound, which will be saved, may be configured in the displayed sub-menu.

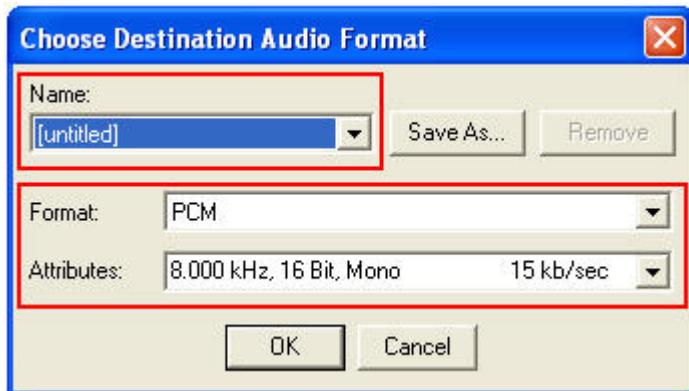
Compression quality is selected in the standard Windows dialog box.



Select **Codec** in the dialog box and, if available, compression quality.

**Note.** Settings of video compression will be ignored if export of the archive period in original format was performed - see [Export of the archive period](#).


Compression quality of the synchro sound is selected in the standard Windows dialog box.



Choose the audio format in the dialog box and select a set of sound quality parameters, or a pre-defined settings profile.

As soon as recording saving parameters are selected, the video segment may be exported to the file by selecting the **Start Saving** command. The **Playback** button will be highlighted in the course of saving, whereas the playback position indicator will count down the frame currently being processed.




Click the  button after the start of saving for quick export (export of speeded video record). This button double speeds up export of video record. Maximal available speed up is 8 times.

As soon as the video segment saving process is complete, the **Playback** button is not longer highlighted.



The file containing the saved video recording supported with sound is saved to the C:\Users\%current user name%\Documents\Intellect\export\ directory. The file name is generated as follows: <camera number> (<date> <time>). For instance, 02 (03-10-07 16'28'06).avi (file extension is controlled through the compression quality configuration).

 **Note.**  
If AVI format is used, the final file cannot be bigger than 2 GB.

## Export of the archive period

### On page:

- [Main archive export](#)
- [Export of a period of an archive located on edge storage](#)

### Main archive export

Export of the archive period allows exporting video recordings for a specified period into an AVI file.

Export of the archive period is performed via the playback control panel.

To export the archive period, select the **Export period** item in the **Export** submenu of the **Viewing tile** feature menu.

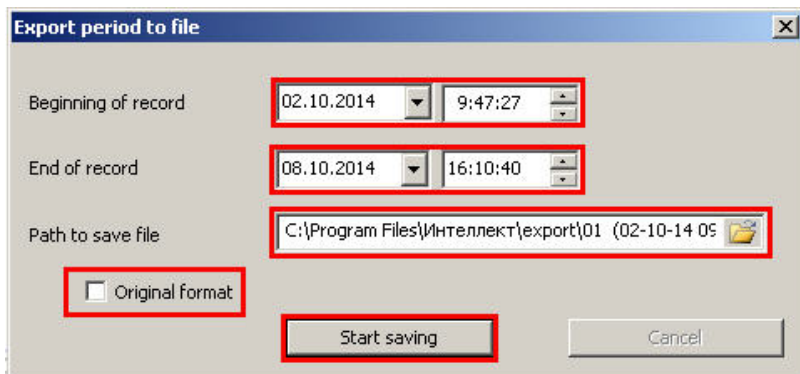


Set the export parameters in the displayed **Export period to file** box:

1. Date and time of the beginning of recording.
2. Date and time of the end of recording.
3. The path to the file to which the recording will be exported.
4. If video is to be saved in the same format as the archive on the disk, set the **Original format** checkbox checked.

**Note.**

The **Original format** checkbox is not set on default and export is performed in the specified format (see [Export of video recording supported with sound](#) and [Export of silent video recordings](#) sections). If the **Export period to file** window will be closed and the **Original format checkbox** won't be deselected, export will be performed in original format without codec settings. To perform export with recoding, open the **Export period to file** window and close it or set 0 value to the NativeFormat parameter in the HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE/SOFTWARE/ITV/Intellect/Video registry section.



When the parameters are set, click the **Start saving** button.

To stop video exporting, click the **Cancel** button. In case when video saving is cancelled the AVI file will contain only that part of the archive that has already been exported by the moment of stop.

**Note.**

The final file is not to be bigger than 2 GB.

### **Export of a period of an archive located on edge storage**

Exporting a period of an archive from edge storage happens in the same way as exporting from the primary Intellect archive, except for the following differences:

1. To export a period of an archive from edge storage, you must switch to edge storage playback.
2. Files will be exported in a format supported by the edge storage, not necessarily .avi.
3. If the edge storage does not support exporting video recordings, then the period of the archive cannot be exported. In this case, **Export period** in the **Export** submenu will not be available in the Video Surveillance Window's feature menu.

## **The AviExport utility**


### **General information about the AviExport utility**

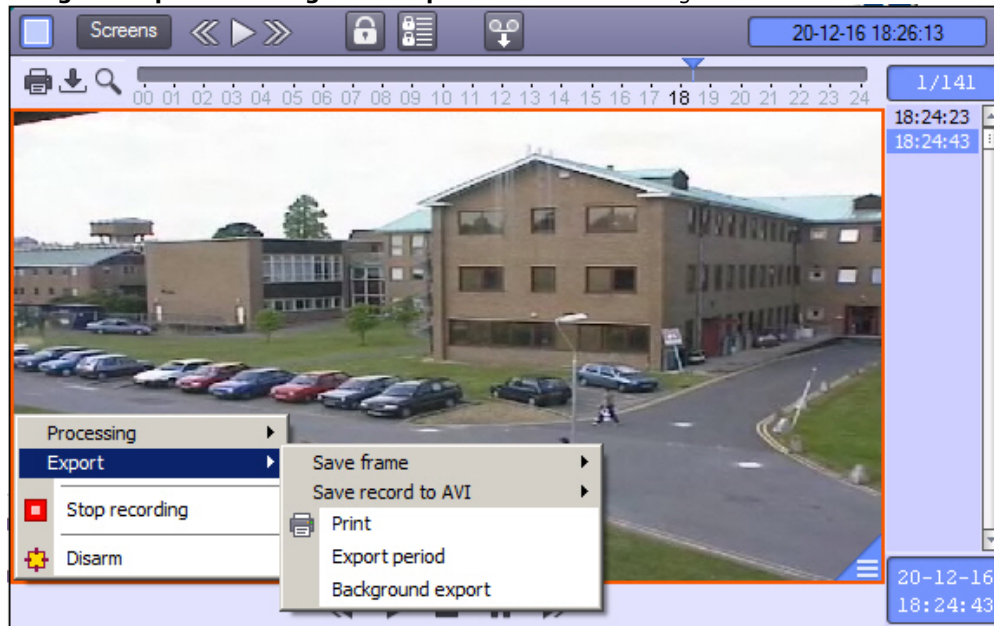
The AviExport utility is designed for exporting video archive for the specified period in format of file system of the *Intellect* software package or in the avi format with possibility to change the coding format (codec). AviExport allows exporting main archive as well as backup archive or video gate archive (see [General information on working with archives](#)). Also there is a possibility to specify size of exported files, i.e. size of volume.


**Note.**  
While converting video and audio records created synchronously, the output file will be with sound.

Utility allows to export by schedule and by connecting USB, CD or DVD storage media.

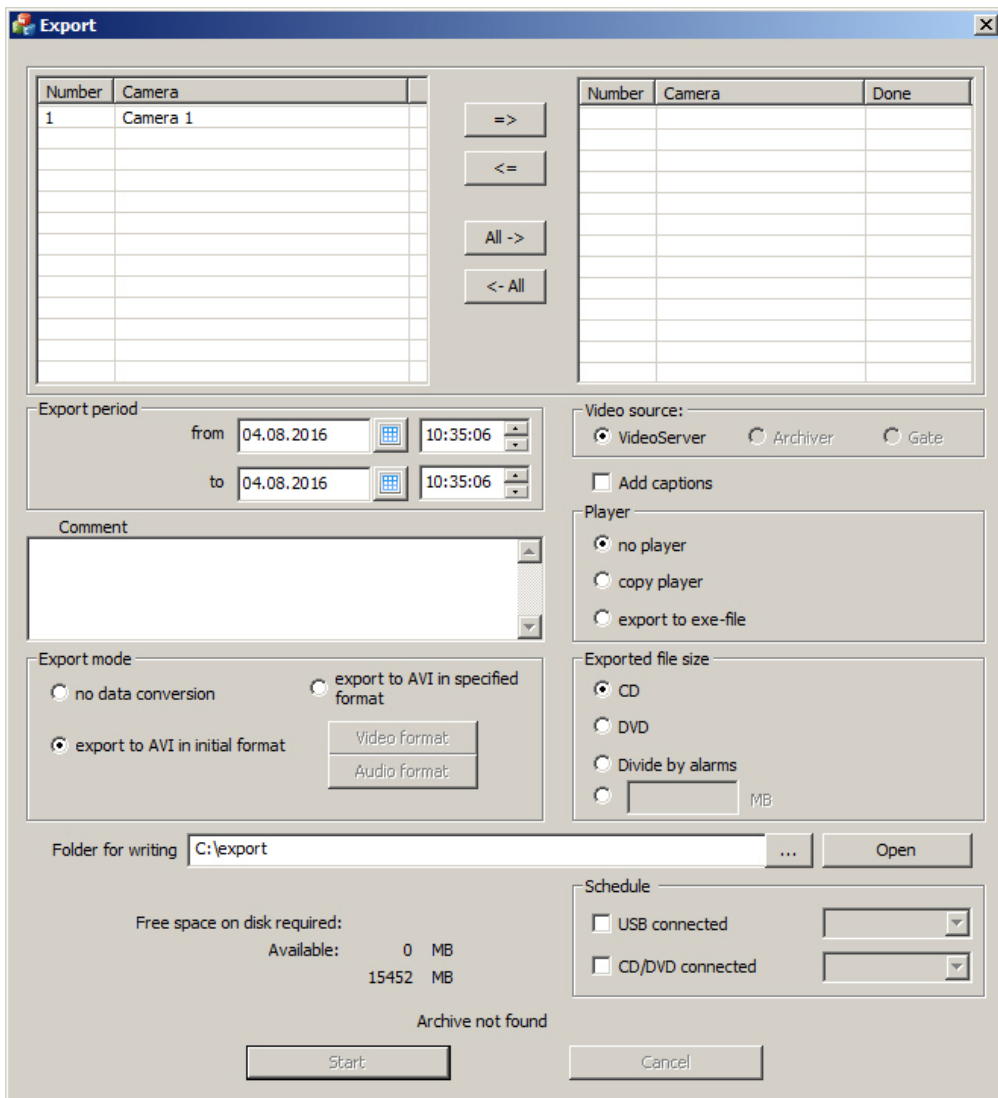
AviExport utility is run in the Monitor interface in one of the following ways:

1. Clicking the  button on the control panel. The control panel is to be enabled in the Monitor – see [Selecting the parameters of the Monitor interface](#) box section of [Administrator's Guide](#).
2. In the **Created bookmarks** window (see [List of bookmarks](#)).
3. **Using the Export -> Background export** item of the Viewing tile feature menu in the archive mode.




The  button and **Export -> Background export** menu item are not displayed if the disk for recording (see [Selecting the disks for video archive storage](#) section of [Administrator's Guide](#)). They can also be not displayed if the export is forbidden in the user rights.

Interface of the AviExport utility is presented in the figure.



**Note.**

The  button is not displayed if disk for record is not selected (see Administrator's Guide, Selecting the disks for video archive storage).

## Using the AviExport utility

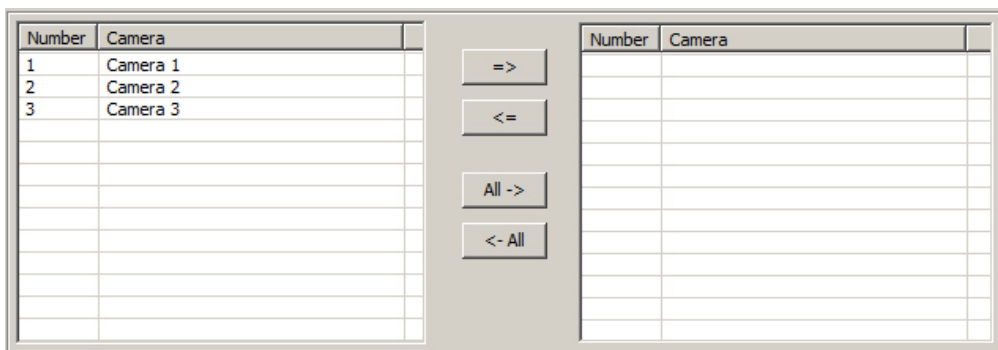
Working with the AviExport utility is performed the following way:

1. Select video cameras for archive export (see [Select video camera](#)).
2. Select video source – main archive, backup archive or video gate archive (see [Selecting video source](#)).
3. Specify general parameters of export (period, folder for saving files, etc.) (see [General settings of export](#)).
4. Change captions export parameters if required (see [Setting caption export parameters](#)).
5. Select export mode: without converting or export to AVI in initial or specified format) (see [Select export mode](#)).
6. Configure schedule of export if it's needed (see [Configure export by connecting removable media](#)).
7. Start export (see [Start export](#)).

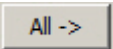
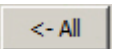
**Note.** Selecting of camera and specifying of period are performed automatically if the AviExport utility is launched from the **Created bookmarks** window (see the [List of bookmarks](#) section).

## Select video camera

There are two lists of cameras in the top part of the AviExport utility window.



Cameras allowable for select are presented in the left list, selected cameras for archive export - in the right list. Select camera in the list and use  or  buttons to replace camera from one list to another

Use the  button to replace all cameras from the left list to the right list, use the  button to replace all cameras from the right list to the left list.

## Selecting video source

AviExport utility is designed for exporting main archive as well as backup archive or video gate archive (see [General information on working with archives](#)).

Video source is selected using the **Video source** switch.



**Note.**

If no Video gate or Backup archive is selected for any of cameras added to the list for export (see [Selecting and configuring video cameras](#)) when configuring Surveillance monitor, then corresponding switch positions are not available to be selected. Information on how to select cameras on the video monitor is given in the [Selecting and configuring video cameras](#) section of [Administrator's Guide](#)).

## General settings of export

General settings of export consist of:

The screenshot shows a dialog box for export settings. Red boxes highlight the following areas:

- Export period:** Fields for 'from' and 'to' dates and times, and a 'Comment' text area.
- Video source:** Radio buttons for 'VideoServer', 'Archiver', and 'Gate'.
- Add captions:** A checkbox.
- Player:** Radio buttons for 'no player', 'copy player', and 'export to exe-file'.
- Export mode:** Radio buttons for 'no data conversion', 'export to AVI in specified format', and 'export to AVI in initial format', along with 'Video format' and 'Audio format' buttons.
- Exported file size:** Radio buttons for 'CD', 'DVD', and 'Divide by alarms', and a text field for file size in MB.
- Folder for writing:** A text field containing 'C:\export' and an 'Open' button.

1. Export period. It is specified in the **Period from** and **to** fields.
2. Copying of the AxxonPlayer Portable to the export folder is set in the **Player** radio button group:
  - a. If the switch is set to the **no player position**, then only archive files in the specified format will be exported.
  - b. If the switch is set to the **copy player position**, then Axxon\_player\_portable.exe file along with archive files will be stored to the folder. The file includes a portable version of *Axxon player*. Information on how to work with this utility is given in [The AxxonPlayer Portable Utility Installation and Operation Guide](#).
  - c. If the switch is set to the **export to exe file position**, then the archive will be exported to exe file that can be played back without *Intellect* or *Axxon Player* installed
3. Video image titling. If the **Add captions** checkbox is set checked, then video is exported with captions saved in the captions database.

Moreover, if there are titles from POS terminals or ATMs, then these titles are also exported.

Video with titles is to be played back in the Axxon Player (see [The AxxonPlayer.exe utility for viewing and converting the video archive](#) section in [Administrator's Guide](#)). The video with titles can also be played back in other players, for instance, in Windows Media player with enabled Title View function though proper display of titles is not guaranteed.

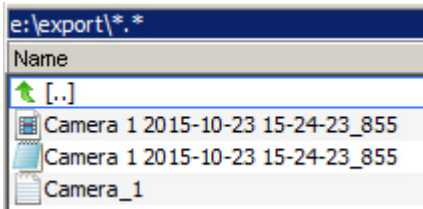
Change captions export parameters if required (see [Setting caption export parameters](#)).

### Note.

If export without data converting is selected then titles disabling is impossible - see the [Select export mode](#) section.

4. A comment is written in the **Comment** field; it is saved in the "Camera\_<camera id>.txt" text file in the folder specified for storing.
5. Select folder for export using the button close to the **Folder for recording** field. The **Open** button is designed for passing to the specified folder in the Windows guide.

Here is an example of the folder contents (see [Start export](#)) when the **Captions** checkbox is checked and the **Comment** field is filled in:



Disk space required for saving specified period of archive is automatically calculated while period changing.

Free space on disk required: 33 MB  
Available: 117073 MB

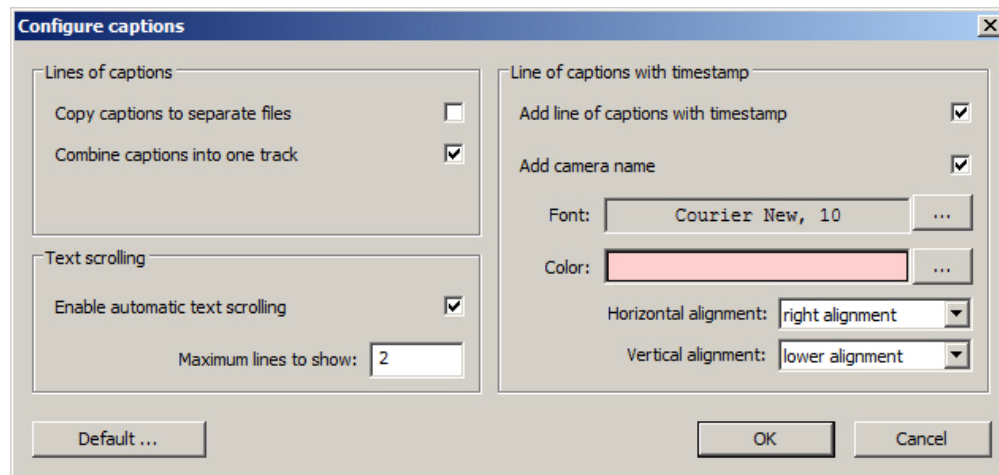
If it is not enough disk space to save exported files, the **Start** button becomes inactive and the "It is not enough free disk space" message is displaying at the bottom of the window.

### Setting caption export parameters

By default when the **Add captions** checkbox is set checked only captions stored in the captions database overlay the exported video with default display parameters. These parameters can be changed and captions specifying time can be added. For this click the **Configure...** button next to the **Add captions** checkbox.



The **Edit captions** box will appear.



The following parameters can be set in this box:

1. Caption line export parameters:
  - a. The **Duplicate captions into individual files** checkbox enables saving exported captions as an individual file with .srt extension. The file with captions has .srt extension and is saved to the specified folder. Captions are exported as an individual line.
2. Text scroll parameters:

- a. The **Enable text auto scroll** checkbox is used to limit the number of lines in captions overlaying exported video.
  - b. The maximum number of caption lines that can overlay the video is set in the **Display no more than \_\_\_ lines** field. If there are more lines in captions that are to be displayed on the video, then the lines will be displayed partially with 1 second interval.
3. Time specifying parameters of caption line:
- a. The **Add caption line with specified time** checkbox enables overlaying camera time and date on the exported video.
  - b. The **Add camera name** checkbox enables overlaying camera name captions on the exported video.



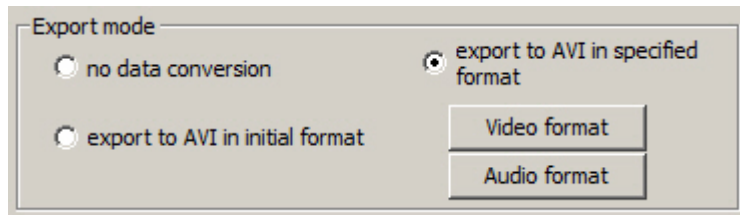
**Note.**

Captions of time and camera name are exported as individual lines.

- c. The **Font** button opens the standard Windows box to specify font parameters for captions.
- d. The **Color** button opens the standard Windows box to select the color of captions.
- e. The **Horizontal alignment** dropdown list is used to locate captions horizontally on the video.
- f. The **Vertical alignment** dropdown list is used to locate captions vertically on the video.

## Select export mode

Following export modes are available:



1. No data conversion. Export is performed in format of file system of the Intellect software package, i.e. format in which archive is stored on a disk.
2. Export to AVI in initial format. Export is performed to AVI file(s) without change of codec.
3. Export to AVI in specified format. Export is performed to AVI file(s), video codec is specified using the **Video format** button, audio codec is specified using the **Audio format** button.

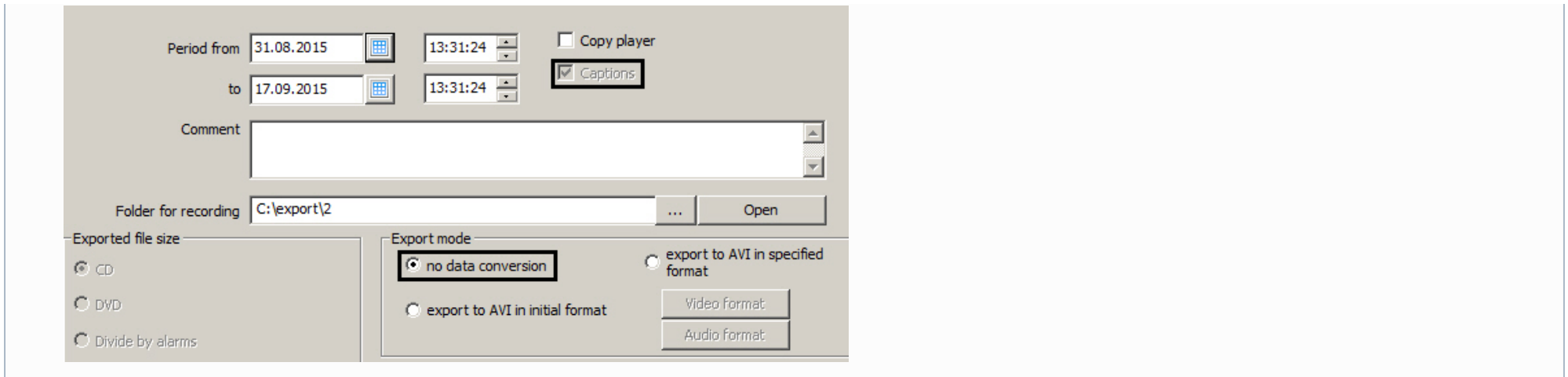
A watermark is added to the video when export to AVI format is selected in the original or set format. This watermark is overlaid on the video when archive footage is replayed in AxxonPlayer (see [Watermarks](#) section in *Administrator's Guide*).

When export without data conversion is selected watermark is not added to the video.

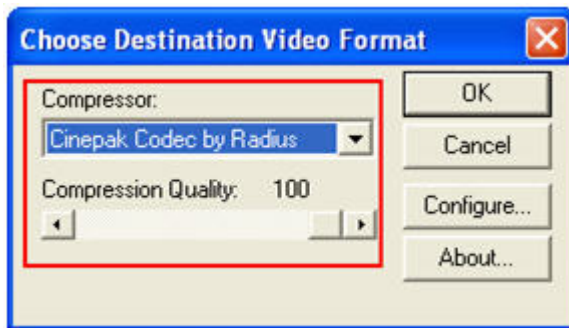


**Note.**

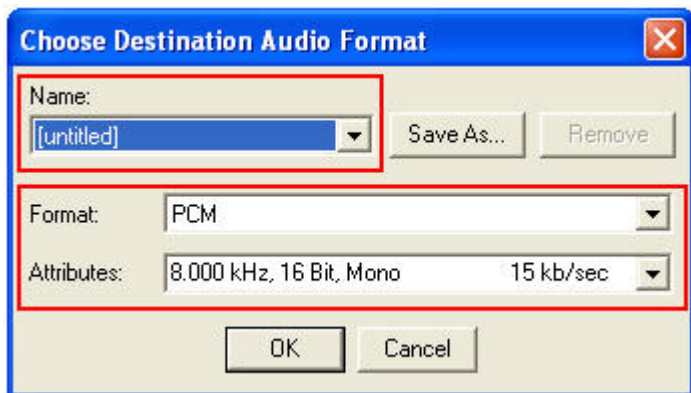
If **no data conversion** export mode is selected then captions enabling and disabling are not available while export. If archive record have captions, they will be exported. While switching on the **no data conversion** position the **Captions** checkbox is set automatically and becomes not available for editing.



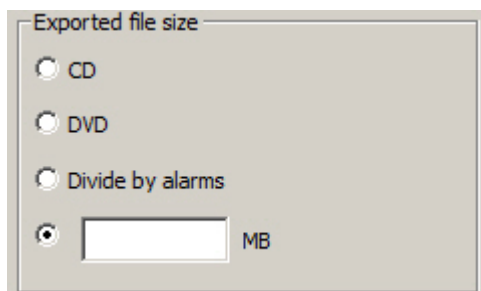
While clicking the **Video format** button the dialog window in which codec and compression ratio are to be selected will open.



While clicking the **Audio format** button the dialog window in which format of audio file and set of sound quality parameters or ready settings profile are to be selected.



While exporting to AVI it is possible to specify size of exported file using the same-name switch. If size of the exported file will be more than specified value, then the file will be divided into several parts - vols. Positions of the **Exported file size** switch correspond to following ways of defining the volume size:



1. **CD** – size of these files is suitable for record on CD-disk (670 Mb).
2. **DVD** – size of these files is suitable for record on DVD-disk (4,7 Gb).
3. **Divide by alarms** – division into files is performing if there are pauses between records. Alarms are not considered while permanent record.
4. Specify volume size in megabytes in the field for entering.



**Note.**

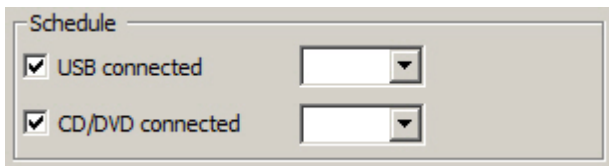
Maximum size of one exported fragment is 4096 MB.

## Configure export by connecting removable media

The AviExport utility allows to export archive while connecting USB-media or CD/DVD .

In this case non-exported bookmarks are exporting. Information about date and time of export, exported bookmarks is displayed in the **Created bookmarks** window – see the [List of bookmarks](#) section.

Configuring of schedule is performed in the **Schedule** group.



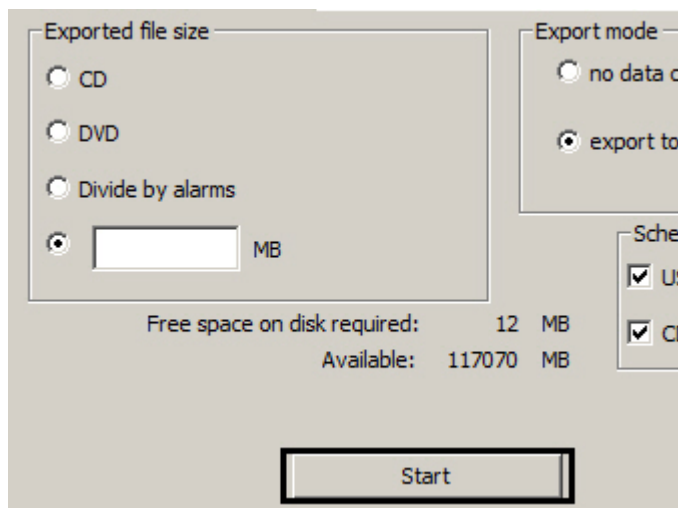
Set the **USB connected** checkbox and select the character of the USB-media if bookmarks are to be exported while USB-media connection.

Set the **CD/DVD connected** checkbox and select the character of the CD/DVD media if bookmarks are to be exported while CD/DVD media connection.

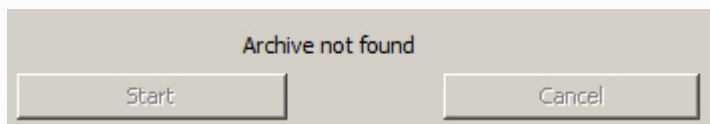
**Note.** Also export by schedule can be configured. Export by schedule is performed using macros or scripts and time zones. Detailed information about their creation is presented in the [Administrator's Guide](#) and [Programming Guide \(JScript\)](#).

## Start export

After configuring required export parameters click the **Start** button to start the process.

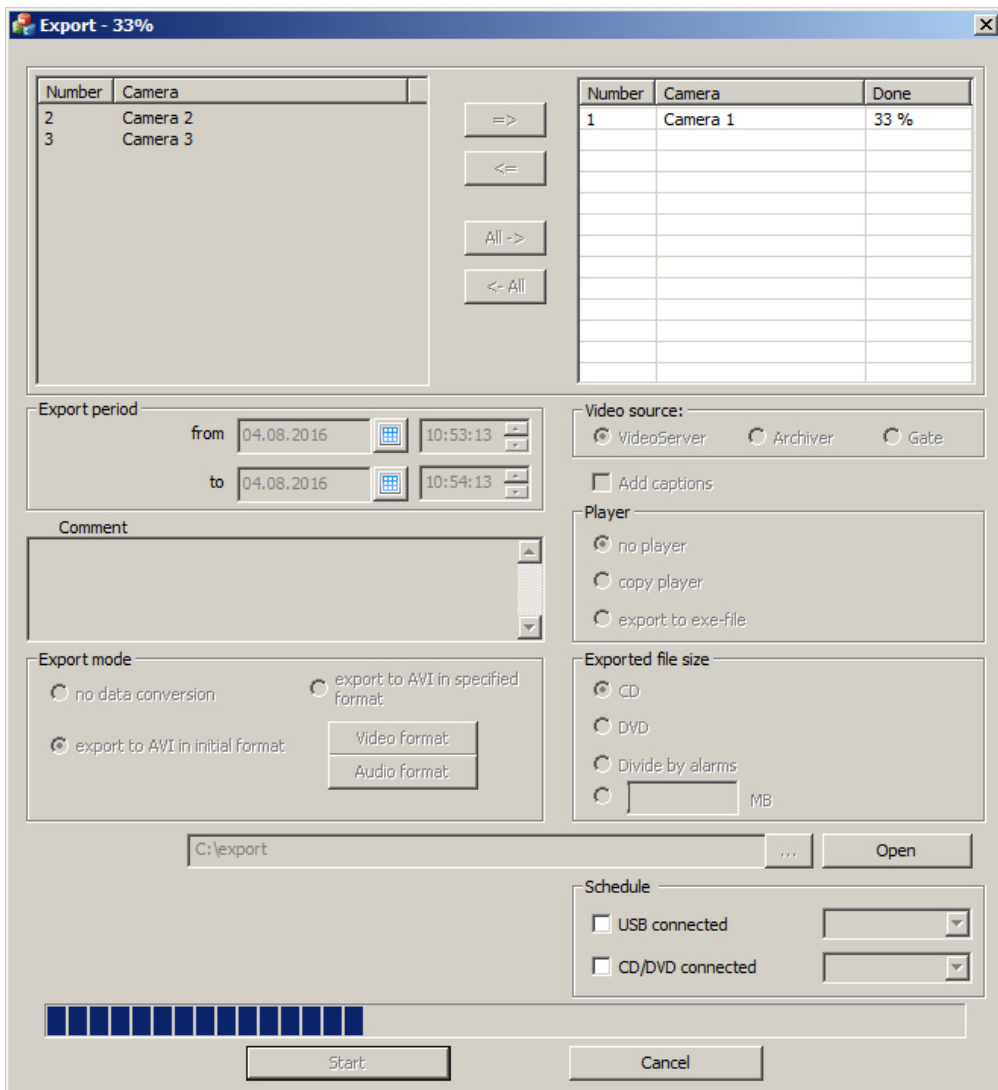


**Note.** The **Start** button is inactive if there are no archive files by selected cameras at specified period. Also the corresponding message is displayed above the button in such case.



After clicking the **Start** button all elements of utility configuring become inactive and indicator of export performing will display at the bottom of the utility window. Percent of export

performing will display in the window title.



It is possible to stop export at any time clicking the **Cancel** button.

Avi-file with «camera\_id\_YYYY-MM-DDTHH-MM-SS.avi» name or VIDEO folder containing archive files if export performed without conversion will be created in the specified folder after export completion.

**Note.**

If the resolution is changed during the export, then the exported file will be divided into several parts containing archive intervals with different resolutions.

If only the codec (not the resolution) is changed during the export, then the exported file won't be divided into parts.

The change of a codec and resolution can be caused by the selection of different streams for recording upon alarm and continuous recording – see [Configuration of multistream video](#) section in [Administrator's Guide](#).

## Using AviExport utility from command line

AviExport utility is used from the command line using `AviExport.run` located in `<Intellect installation folder>\Modules` folder.

The following parameters are used when using AviExport utility from command line:

**-format:format** – output container format. This is an optional parameter, `avi` is by default.

Available values:

- **fs** - *Intellect* file system
- **avi** - avi container
- **mkv** - mkv container
- **afs** - afs container
- **flv** - flv container
- **mp4** - mp4 container

**-extr:path** – the path to the player (`Axxonplayer.exe`) including `.exe` mapping mode. This is an optional parameter. By default it is disabled.

**-period:[start time;end time]** – export period. Time is set in `YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss` format, for instance, `2015-09-29T12:10:50`. This is a mandatory parameter.

**-dst:path** – path to the file or folder. If the path ends with `\` symbol, then it is identified as a path to folder, file names are generated automatically. The path is always identified as the path to folder when export to *Intellect* file system is performed. If the path does not exist, then the utility tries to create it. This is a mandatory parameter.

**-src:[path to source]** – data source (audio and video) and its parameters. At least one (or more) data source must be specified.

There are two ways to specify a path:

1. `[ip-address:port;id=camera ID]`. Example `-s:[127.0.0.1:900;id=5]`
2. `["path to Intellect archive";id=camera ID]`. Example `-s:["C:\Path to Intellect Archive";id=5]`

When the data source is specified, optional parameters can be specified separated with `;"`:

- **vcodec:value** – video codec settings. It is not in use when packing to *Intellect* file system is performed. Available values:
  - **vcodec:auto** - bin packing with no conversion (used by default).
  - **vcodec:axxn** – bin packing with no conversion (`AXXN` codec is specified).
  - **vcodec:[codec parameters]** – for example, `vcodec:[fourcc=DIVX;r=-1;k=-1;q=6]`
- **audio:value** – audio source settings. Available values:
  - **audio:auto** – audio is exported automatically if it is configured and there is any in the archive (used by default).
  - **audio:off** – audio is not exported for this camera.
  - **audio:[path]** – specifying path to the audio source in the `[ip-address:port;id= microphone ID]` or `["path to Intellect archive";id=microphone ID]` format.
- **titles:[parameters]** – titles settings. It is not in use when packing to *Intellect* file system is performed. Parameters:
  - **int** – titles are exported in the bin body.
  - **ext** - titles are exported to external `.srt` file.By default titles are not exported.

**-options:[parameters]** – extra options during export. All parameters are optional. It is not in use when packing to *Intellect* file system is performed.

Possible parameters:

- **holesplit=[number]** – time (in milliseconds) allowed between archive intervals during which intervals are merged in 1 file. If time between intervals exceeds the specified one, then there is no merge. Further data is recorded to a new file. By default all intervals are merged. When multiple channels are exported into `.avi` file, the parameter is not in

use.

- **maxsize=[number]** – maximum size of file (in MB). If the size is bigger, then further data is recorded to a new file. Maximum allowed value as well as default value is 4096.
- **duration=[number]** – maximum duration of 1 file (in seconds). If the duration is longer, then further data is recorded to a new file. By default there is no duration limit.

Example.

```
-dst:"E:\test\export1\" -format:avi -extr:"E:\test\export1\AxxnPlayer.exe"  
-src:[127.0.0.1:900;id=5];vcodec:[fourcc=DIVX;r=-1;k=-1;q=6];audio:[127.0.0.1:910;id=2];titles:[ext;int] -period:[2015-09-29T12:10:50;2015-09-29T12:40:50]
```

## Audio player operation

### General information about audio surveillance

The audio recording surveillance subsystem allows audio monitoring (eavesdropping on the audio component of the events) and audio recording (recording the audio component of the events), supporting the following functions:

1. Audio monitoring;
2. Synchro recording of audio and video signals;
3. Setting audio recording mode by the Operator's command and using acoustic start;
4. Export of audio recordings.

**Note.** Operations with the audio monitoring (audio surveillance) subsystem are enabled through the connection of earphones or any other acoustic device to the sound card of the PC.


### Eavesdropping on the audio signal through microphones

#### Eavesdropping on audio signals through the microphones configured to the synchro recordings

Signals are eavesdropped with the microphone configured to synchro recordings through the Camera window.

To eaves drop incoming audio signals from the microphone, matching the given Camera window, use the  button shown in the upper right corner of the window.




If the  button is shown red, it means that eavesdropping of the audio signal with the given microphone is currently on.



To switch eavesdropping on, click  with the left mouse button, and the  button will become red. To switch audio signal eavesdropping off, click  again.


**Note.**

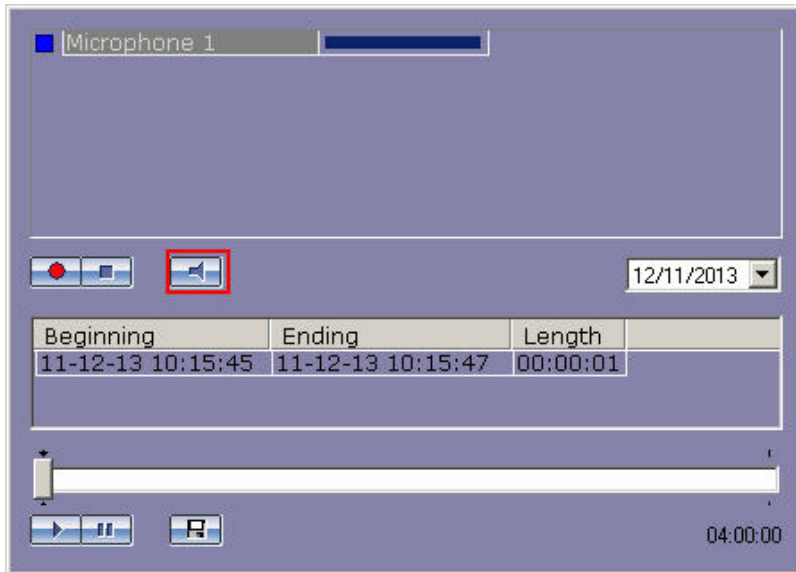
If the program is configured in a certain setting, eavesdropping of the audio signal from the microphone may be inaccessible. In this case the  button will not be displayed.



To get information on configuring eavesdropping on audio signals through the microphones configured to the synchro recordings see the [Configuring audio signals playback using the video monitor](#) section of the [Administrator's Guide](#).

## Eavesdropping on audio signals through the microphones initiated through acoustic start and operator commands

Eavesdropping on the audio signals through the microphones initiated through acoustic start and Operator commands uses the audio player.

To switch eavesdropping on and off the  button is used.



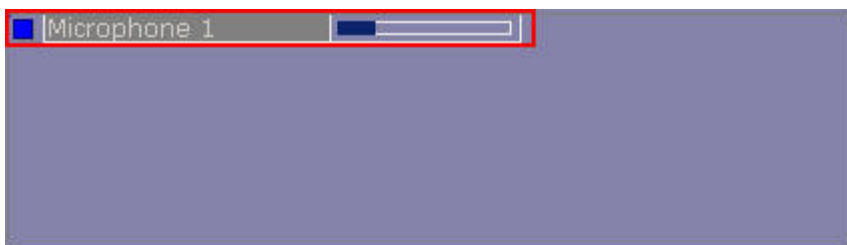
If the button is displayed like , it means that audio signal eavesdropping through the microphone is on at the moment. If the button is displayed like  this indicates that the eavesdropping mode is off.

## Microphone arming and disarming

Microphones are armed to use audio recording initiated by acoustic start (see the [Recordings by acoustic start](#) section).

## Microphone status indication

The microphone status indicator is shown in front of the corresponding name of the microphone as enumerated in the list of microphones.

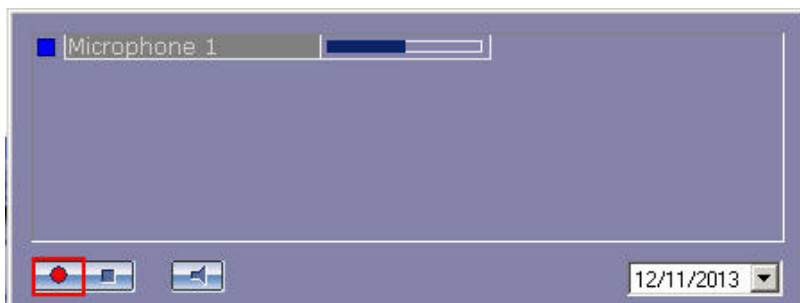


Microphone status indication is shown in the table.

Indicator Color	Microphone status	Comments
Blue	Microphone is ready for recording, but is not armed	Signal strength of the microphone exceeds the threshold level, required to start recording
Red	Microphone is recording, alarm was triggered	
Green	Microphone is not ready for recording, and is not armed	Signal strength of the microphone is lower than the threshold level, required to start recording
Yellow	The microphone is armed	

## Arming the microphone

To arm a microphone, select it in the microphone list and click



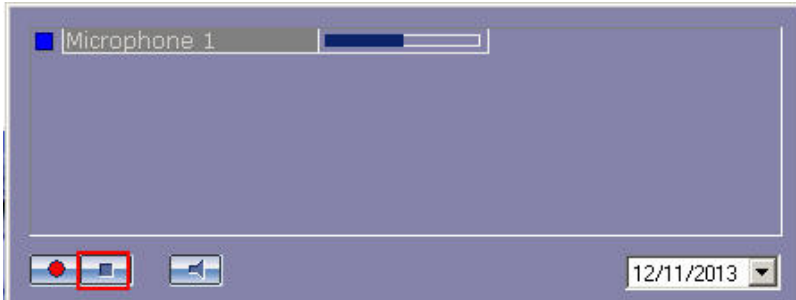
If the signal strength of the microphone, while being armed, exceeds the threshold, recording will start. Otherwise, the microphone will be armed, and recording will start, when the pre-defined threshold level of the microphone is exceeded. The current status of the recording process is indicated by the microphone indicator (see the [Recordings indication](#) section).

## Disarming the microphones

To disarm a microphone use the



button.



If the microphone is being disarmed while recording, the recording will be suspended. As soon as the microphone is disarmed, the microphone indicator becomes blue or green (see the [Recording by acoustic start](#) section).

## Audio recording of events

### General information about audio recording

The program supports the following modes of audio recordings:

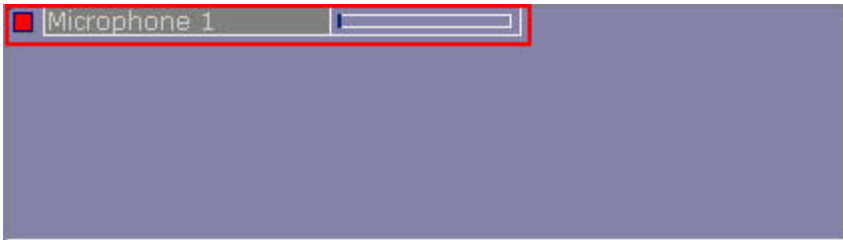
1. recordings at the Operator's Command;
2. recordings by Acoustic Start;
3. synchronously with the video recordings.

Audio recording initiated by the Operator's command or acoustic start uses the *Audio Player* module, while synchro recording is controlled through the Camera window.

The current status of the recording is displayed by the microphone indicator.

### Aurio recording indication

The status of microphone recordings is displayed through the corresponding microphone indicator.




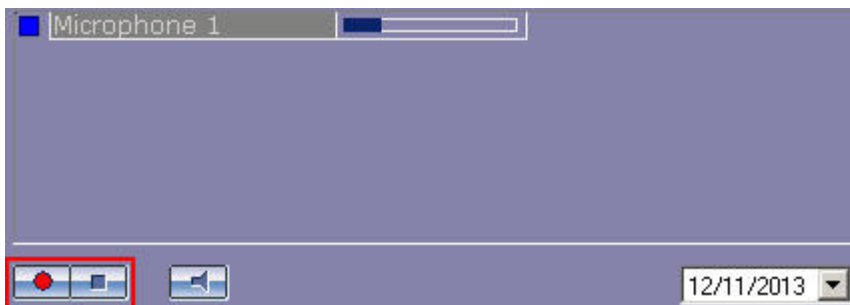
The microphone recordings status indication is shown in the following table.

Indicator Color	Recording Status
Red	Microphone is currently recording
Blue	Microphone is not currently recording

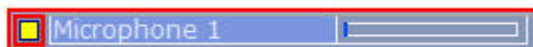
Green
Yellow

## Recordings by acoustic start

To initiate recording by acoustic start, the microphone should be armed. To arm a microphone, select it in the microphone list and click  .



If the sound level when arming a microphone is lower than the threshold acoustic start level, the microphone indicator becomes yellow.





If the sound level at the time of arming (or any other time after the microphone has been armed) exceeds the threshold acoustic start level, the recording starts and the microphone status indicator becomes red.



The recording will continue as long as the microphone sound level is above the threshold acoustic start level. If the microphone sound level decreases below the threshold acoustic start level, the recording stops and the microphone status indicator becomes yellow.

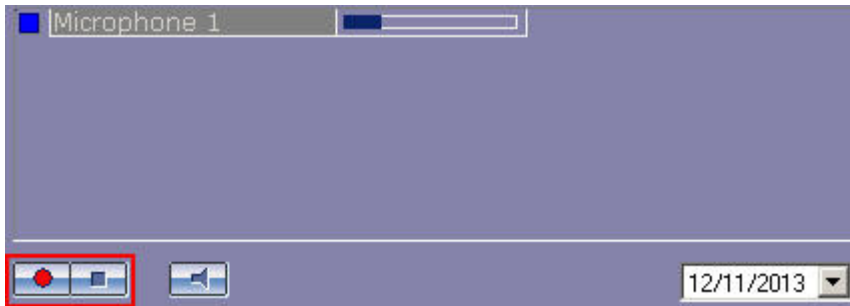
To disarm the microphone and stop recording, press the  button.

### Note.

The   buttons control recordings through the microphone, initiated both by the Operator's command and by acoustic start. Selection of the recording mode depends on the program settings.


## Recordings by the Operator's command

To start recordings via a microphone, select it in the microphone list and click  .




The microphone indicator becomes red to show that recording has started.



To stop the recording, press  .

**Note.**

The  buttons control recordings through the microphone, initiated both by the Operator's command and by acoustic start. Selection of the recording mode depends on the program settings.

## Synchro audio and video recordings

Video recordings supported by synchro sound are controlled in the same way as video recordings without synchro sound support, for instance, through the Camera window (see the [Synchrous playback of video and audio recordings](#) section). However, the Camera window, which besides the camera is connected to the microphone, will also display a synchro recording symbol.



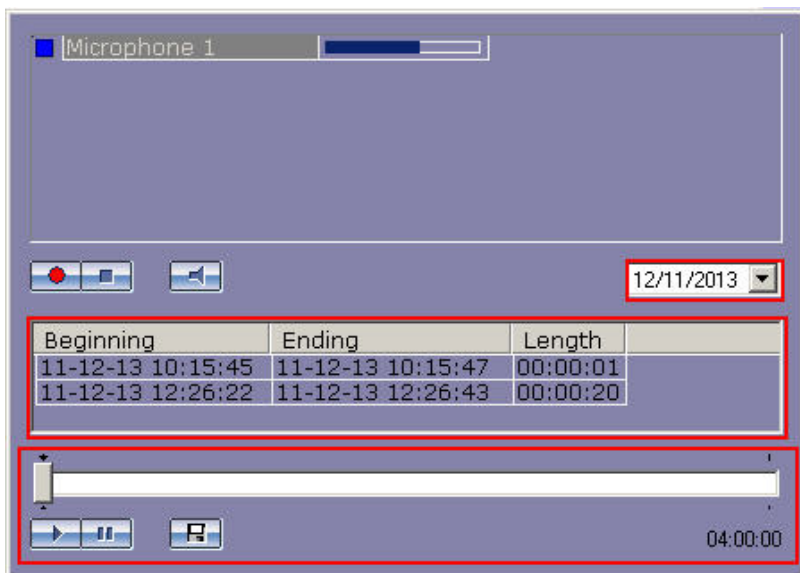
## Operations with the audio archives

Archived audio recordings, depending on the method of generation thereof, may be played back either with the Audio Player or the archive viewing mode of the Camera window.

### Audio playback

#### General information about audio playback

Audio recordings generated at the Operator's command or by acoustic start are played back using the Audio Player.



To playback a recording, follow the steps as shown below:

1. select a microphone, which was used for the recording;
2. select the recording date (to filter the recordings made by the given microphone);
3. select the recording;
4. use the playback control panel.

### Select audio recordings from the list

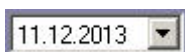
To playback a recording, select the one you need from the list, reflecting all the recordings available for the selected date (see the [Search for audio recordings by date](#) section).

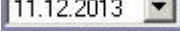
Beginning	Ending	Length
11-12-13 10:15:45	11-12-13 10:15:47	00:00:01
11-12-13 12:26:22	11-12-13 12:26:43	00:00:20

Each audio recording is described with the following attributes: beginning of recording time, end of recording time and length. To select a recording, click on the line with one of the attributes of the given recording.

### Search for audio recordings by date

To select the date for viewing a list of recordings created on a certain selected date, use the field displayed above the list of audio recordings.



The date specifying can be performed as manually by entering values in fields and using the calendar tool. The calendar is opened by clicking  button in the field of date select.





The list of audio recordings is updated automatically with the selected date, whenever the recording date field is modified.

### Audio playback control panel

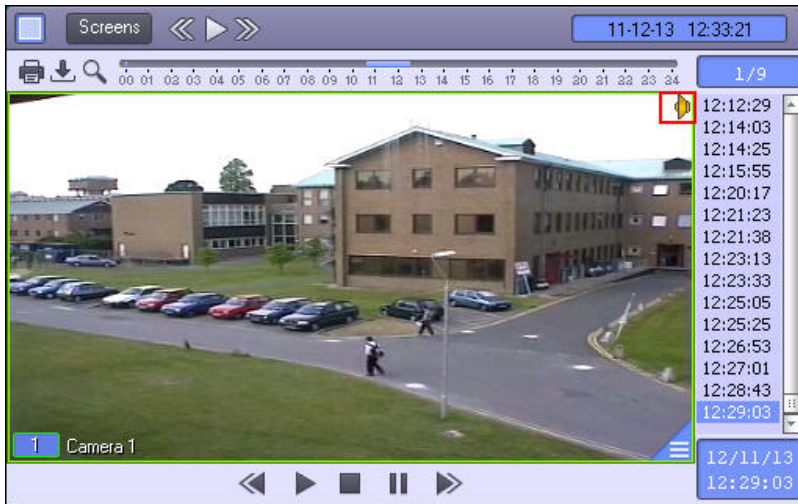
The playback control panel is displayed at the bottom of the Audio Player.



The  and  buttons are designed to playback and pause playback of a selected recording. The slide is used to browse across the audio recording. The current playback position is displayed as: "HOURS:MINUTES:SECONDS" and is displayed in the right bottom corner of the playback control panel.

### Synchro playback of audio and video recordings

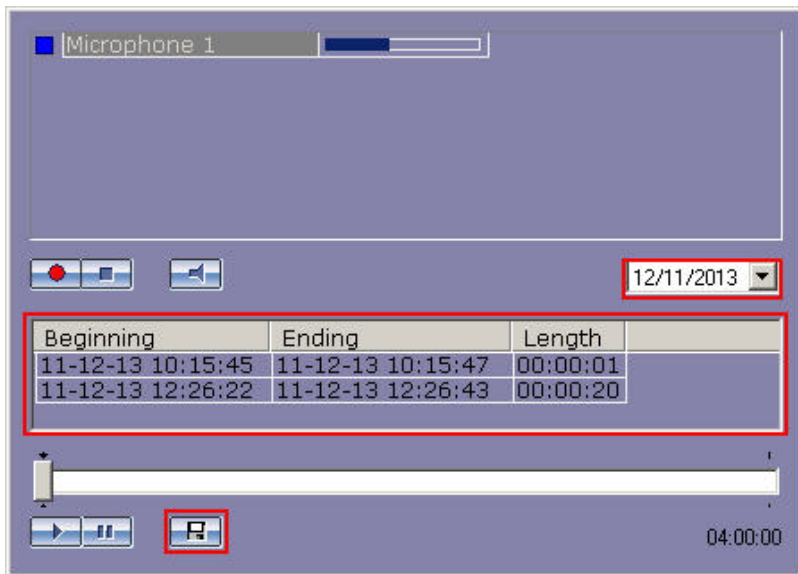
The synchro audio recording is played back with the corresponding archive playback (see the [Synchronous playback of video and audio recordings](#) section). On the video image from camera with assigned microphone the icon of synchronous recording is displayed in the upper right corner.




## Export of audio recordings

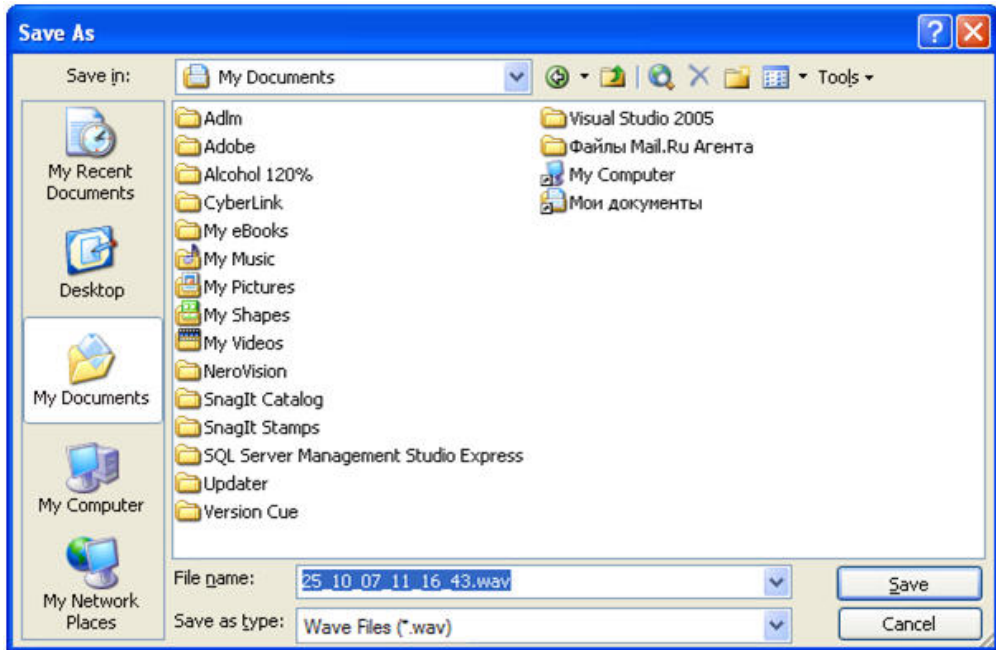
### Export of audio recordings created by acoustic start and Operator command

File export of the audio recordings created by acoustic start or Operator command uses the Audio Player.



To export audio recordings, the following steps are required:

1. select the audio recording date in the date field (displayed in the middle part of the Audio Player window);
2. select an audio recording from the list by clicking one of its attributes (beginning of recording date, end of recording date and length of recording);
3. click  ;
4. enter the path and file name in the displayed dialog box.

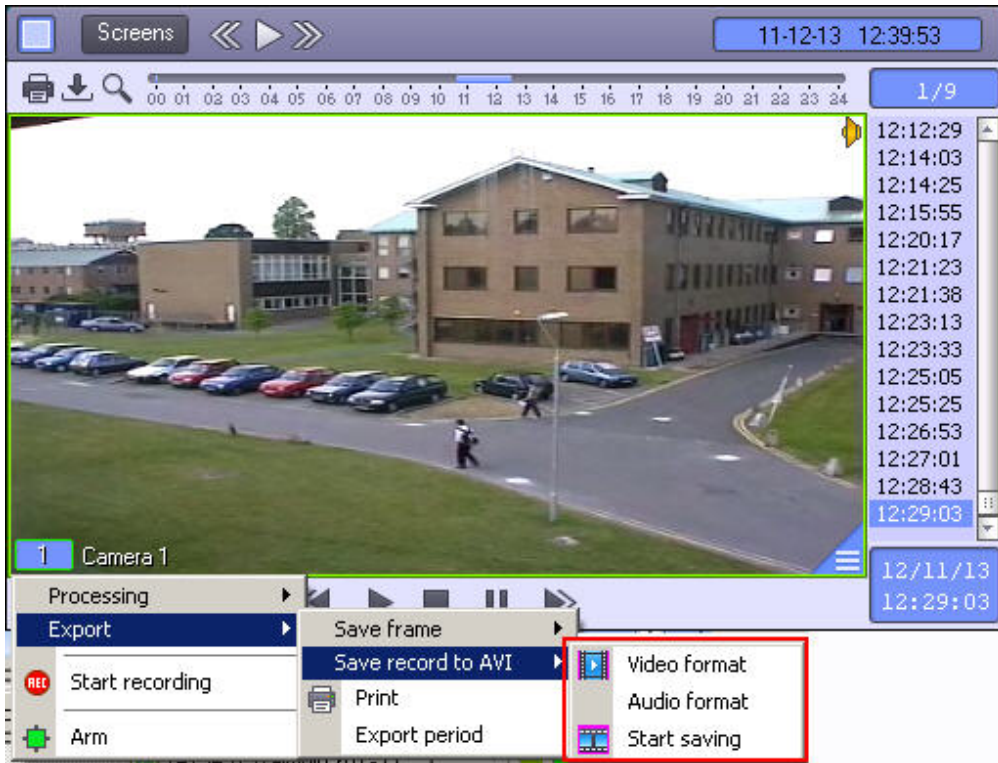


As soon as the **Save** button is pressed, the file with the given name will appear in the selected directory.

### **Synchro export of audio and video recordings**

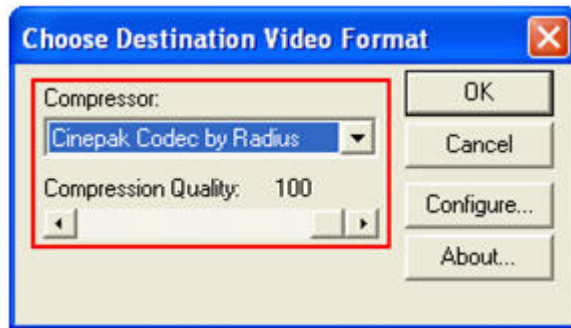
Synchro export of audio and video recordings is controlled through the playback control panel.

Choose **Export** in the functions menu of the video surveillance window and then select **Save Recording to AVI**.



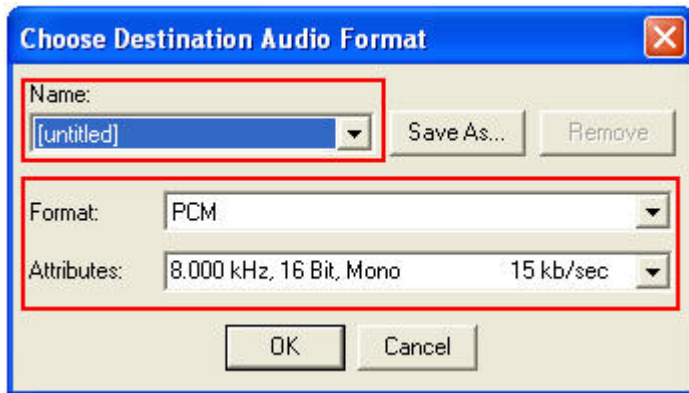
Parameters of the video and sound signals, which will be saved, may be configured in the displayed sub-menu.

Compression quality is selected in the standard Windows dialog box.



Select **Codec** in the dialog box and, if available, compression quality.

Compression quality of the synchro audio recording is selected in the standard Windows dialog box.



Choose audio format in the dialog box and select a set of sound quality parameters, or a pre-defined settings profile.

As soon as recording saving parameters are selected, the video segment may be exported to the file by selecting the **Start Saving** command. The **Playback** button will be highlighted in the course of saving, whereas the playback position indicator will count down the frame currently being processed.



As soon as the video segment saving process is complete, the **Playback** button is no longer highlighted.



The file containing the saved video recording supported with sound is saved to the C:\Users\%current user name%\Documents\Intellect\export\ directory. The file name is generated as follows: <camera number> (<date> <time>). For instance, 02 (03-10-07 16'28'06).avi (file extension is controlled through the compression quality configuration).

## Telemetry control

### General information about PTZ units

PTZ units connected to the system may be controlled with the following manipulators and interface windows:

1. Keyboard;
2. Mouse;
3. Joystick;
4. Control panel;
5. Universal PTZ control panel;
6. Search box of the Operator.

### Keyboard PTZ control

PTZ control of the camera can be regulated with the keyboard (hot keys). The description of hot keys is given in the table.



#### Note

To control PTZ device using the keyboard, enable the PTZ control panel. To enable the PTZ control panel, left-click on it.

The use of hotkeys is to be enabled while configuring the PTZ control panel – see [Telemetry control panel configuration](#) section in [Installing and configuring security system components guide](#).

Keys		Description
Main keyboard	Numeric (Num) keyboard	

«», «», «», «»	8, 2, 6, 4	Changing video lens orientation
PgUp, PgDown, Home, End	9, 3, 7, 1	Changing video lens orientation in diagonal directions
«<», «>»	no	Speed up/down video camera rotation
«+», «-»	«+», «-»	Video camera zoom in/out
no	«0», «.»	Lens focusing
no	«*»	Autofocus
<b>1-9</b>	no	Presetting

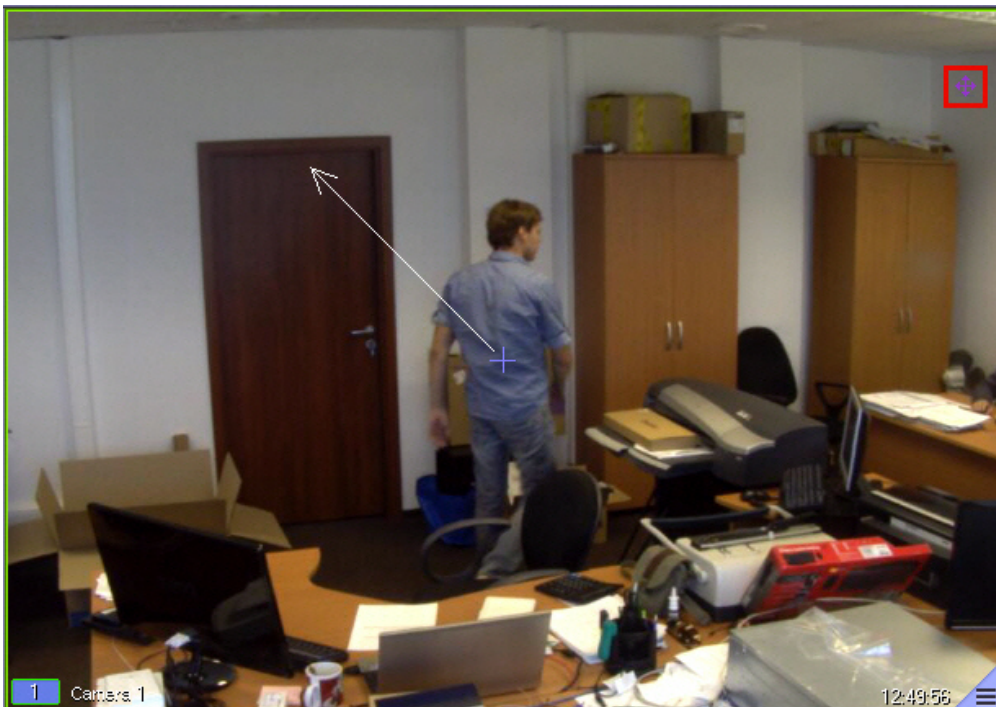
## Mouse PTZ control



PTZ control of the camera can be regulated with the mouse in the Camera window corresponding to the given Camera.




### Note.

To control PTZ device using the mouse, enable the PTZ control panel. To enable the PTZ control panel, left-click on it.



Default functions supported by the mouse PTZ controls are given in the following table. In Intellect 4.9.5 and later versions the PTZ control mechanism has been changed. In the viewing tile corresponding to the PTZ camera there is an icon used to enable/disable PTZ control using the mouse. PTZ control using the mouse is available only when PTZ control is enabled on the camera, i.e. the icon looks like this . If the icon looks like this , then PTZ control using the mouse is not available. Enabling and disabling PTZ control using the mouse is performed by clicking the left mouse button on the icon or using the hot key combination Ctrl+L.

New control features are used by default and their description is given in the **New function** column. If the previous PTZ control features are to be used, then set 0 value for the TelemetryMouseAlternative registry key – see [Registry keys reference guide](#).

Action	Old function	New function
Click the left mouse button	Camera's objective stop	-
Press and hold the left mouse button moving the pointer	Re-focus the camera lens to the mouse pointer direction	<p>Re-focus the camera lens to the mouse pointer direction (see the figure). Only half of arrow is displayed on default. To change the length of displayed arrow use the TelemetryArrowLen registry key –see the <a href="#">Registry keys reference guide</a>.</p> <p>Re-focus speed depends on how far the pointer is from center of video marked with a cross. The faster the speed, the longer the arrow. Camera lens can be re-focused in continuous and discrete modes. Continuous mode will be in use on default if camera supports it. Otherwise, discrete mode will be in use and camera lens is refocused in 8 directions: up, down, right, left, up-left, up-right, down-right and down-left. The continuous mode is disabled on the system configuration stage (see <a href="#">Configuring PTZ devices in INTELLECT™ section of Installing and configuring security system components guide</a>). To find out if a video camera supports the continuous mode see DriverPack documentation (see <a href="#">Documentation Drivers Pack</a>).</p>
Click the middle mouse button	<p>Automatic re-focus of the camera objective to the area of the mouse click (Point&amp;Click). Positioning is with the minimum rate that does not depend on the value specified on the Universal PTZ control panel. This rate can be changed in tweaki.exe tool, but it can affect the functionality performance (see <a href="#">Intellect software package. Administrator's guide</a>, The settings panel of the Telemetry section).</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p> <b>Note.</b>  Reorientation by middle mouse click is done using <i>Intellect</i> software package algorithms and operates with any PTZ devices.</p> <p>Reorientation by right mouse click is calculated by the camera and will be done only if this functionality is supported by the camera driver and is integrated in the <i>Intellect</i> software package</p> </div>	
Click the right mouse button		
Click and hold the right mouse button	Point&click processed by the camera driver triggers in equal time intervals. Time intervals are specified with the help of TelemetryPointAndClickDelay registry key (detail information about it see in the <a href="#">Registry keys reference guide</a> section).	
Left hold	Lens zooming in	-
Right hold	Lens zooming out	-

<p>Select area by moving the pointer with holding pressed the right mouse button and <b>Ctrl</b> button</p> <div data-bbox="141 360 371 608" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>i Note</b> The area is selected by frame which disappears after release the mouse button.</p> </div>	<p>Increasing and centering image in selected area (AreaZoom).</p> <p><b>Note.</b> <i>The action will be performed only if the AreaZoom functional is supported by camera driver and integrated to the Intellect software.</i></p>	
<p>Left click combined with <b>Shift</b></p>	<p>Focus In</p>	
<p>Right click combined with <b>Shift</b></p>	<p>Focus Out</p>	
<p>Scrolling up</p>	<p>Digital zooming in</p>	<p>Lens zooming in</p>
<p>Scrolling down</p>	<p>Digital zooming out</p>	<p>Lens zooming out</p>
<p>Scrolling up + <b>Ctrl</b></p>	<p>-</p>	<p>Digital zooming in</p>
<p>Scrolling down + <b>Ctrl</b></p>	<p>-</p>	<p>Digital zooming out</p>

**i Note.** The above mouse functions are not supported in the Camera windows, corresponding to the surveillance cameras without PTZ.

## Joystick PTZ control

Camera PTZ may be controlled with the joystick.

Below we give an example of PTZ control with the use of the *Shuttle PRO-2* joystick.

**i Note.** Functions of the joystick in each case are configured with the program and may differ from the example given below.

The layout of *Shuttle PRO-2* joystick control elements are given in the following figure.



Example of the PTZ joystick control elements configuration is given in the table.

1. Move right-left



2. Move up-down



3. Save position preset.



4. Automated re-focus of the camera to the area of the middle mouse click.



5. Zoom in (enlarge the image)



6. Zoom out (reduce the image)



7. Increase the focal length



8. Reduce the focal length



**Note.**

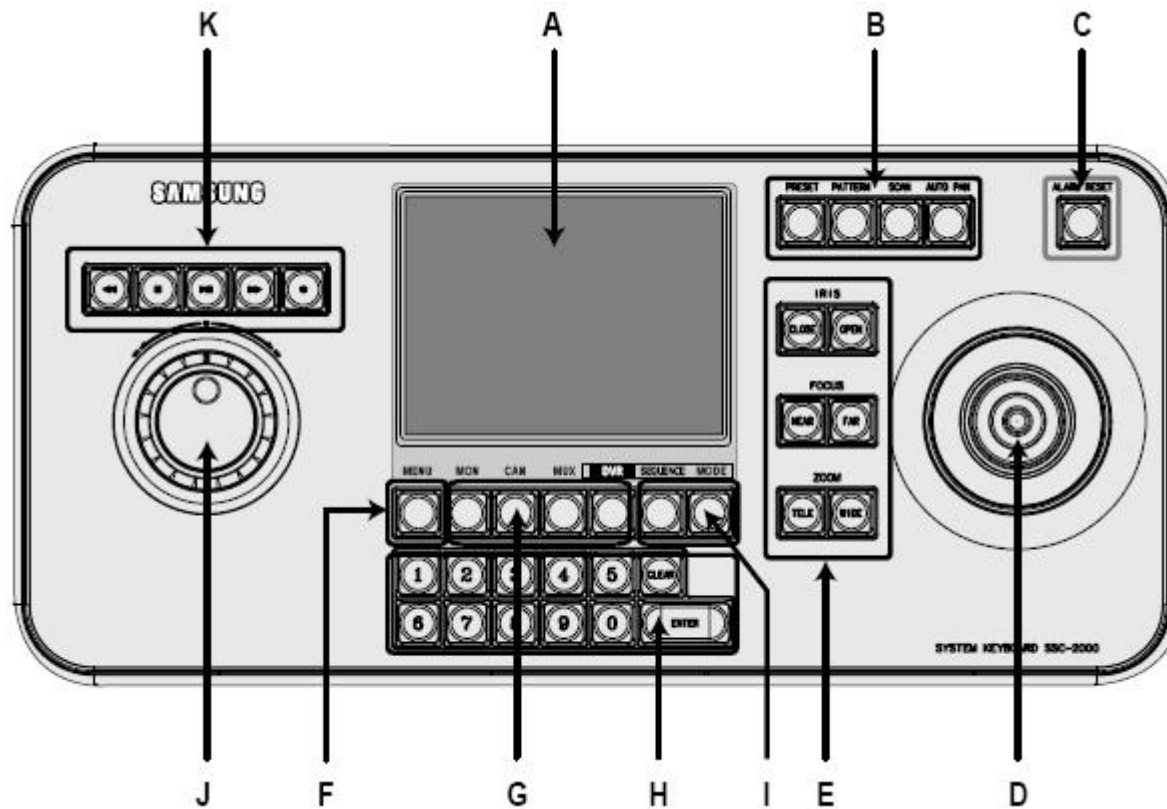
The above mouse functions are not supported in the Camera windows, corresponding to the surveillance cameras without PTZ.

## PTZ control with control panel

PTZ units may also be regulated with the use of control panels – special manipulators, connected to the PC.

Below we give an example of using *Samsung SSC-2000* device to control the camera.

The layout of *Samsung SSC-2000* control elements is shown in the figure.



Samsung SSC-2000 control elements are described in the table.

Control Element	Element	Function
A	LC-display	Displays operation conditions of the control panel
B	Set of buttons to control PTZ unit focus	PRESET PATTERN SCAN AUTO PAN

C	Alarm reset button	ALARM RESET
D	Joystick for manual control of PTZ unit focus	UP DOWN LEFT RIGHT
E	Set of buttons to control the camera lens (iris, focus, zoom)	IRIS CLOSE/OPEN FOCUS NEAR/FAR ZOOM TELE/WIDE
F	Menu button	Path to the control panel settings
G	Unit select button	MON/CAM/MUX/DVR
H	Digital keyboard unit	Is used to enter digits when required for control panel operations
I	Control over camera operating mode	SEQUENCE MODE
J	Rotating disk manipulator	Is used to browse across recording archives
K	Control over camera recordings and archive viewing from the camera	PLAY/PAUSE STOP FAST FORWARD REWIND RECORDING

**Note.** For more detailed information refer to the original User Manual for the given device.

## PTZ control with Universal PTZ control panel

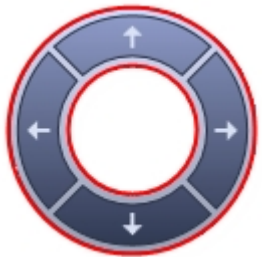
PTZ control panel allows controlling all types of PTZ devices connected to the system.

To access PTZ controls, select  in the list corresponding to the given PTZ device.



The elements of the PTZ control panel are described below.

Move camera lens up-down and left-right:



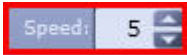
Move camera lens across and diagonally:



Camera lens stops moving while changing the orientation:






Set conditional speed of the camera lens movement while changing the focus:



Certain types of cameras allow adjusting focus and image scale.



Focus is adjusted with the following control element.



Focus is set with the  and  buttons. Apart from that, the focus may be set automatically. To do so, select  with the mouse pointer and, when the text in the box changes to **Auto**, click it with the left mouse button.

Zoom lens (zoom-in) is set with the following control elements.

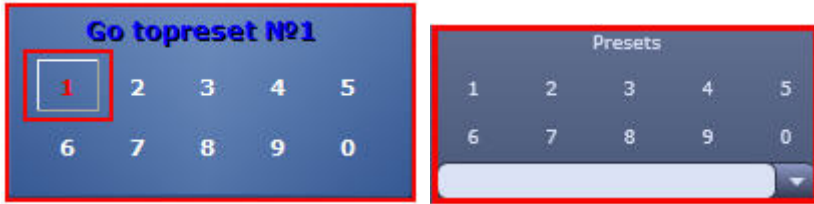


Zoom-in and zoom-out is set with the  and  buttons.

In addition, to make control of PTZ units more convenient, the PTZ units may also be controlled with the user settings. User settings include the data describing PTZ focus, as well as camera lens zoom and focus.

PTZ user settings are selected and adjusted by the **Preset** group of control elements.

To select a preset user setting, click the corresponding number of the setting with the left mouse button. After a short delay, the number of the selected setting becomes highlighted in red and the heading of the given control element group changes to **Go to preset No. <number of the selected setting>**, whereas current PTZ settings will be coordinated with the selected user setting.



To adjust a user setting, click the setting number with the left mouse button and hold it for a few seconds until the setting number becomes highlighted in red and the heading of the control elements group changes to **Save preset No. <number of the selected setting>**.



After this operation, the current settings of the PTZ unit will be recorded into the selected user setting.

**Note.**  
When IP device Lilin is used, user setting is done differently:

1. set the number of user setting with the left mouse click upon it;
2. set the PTZ unit to the required position;
3. press and hold the left mouse button upon the set number of user setting for a few seconds until the number is lighted in red and text of the headline of PTZ units will be changed to **Save preset №<number of the selected setting>**.

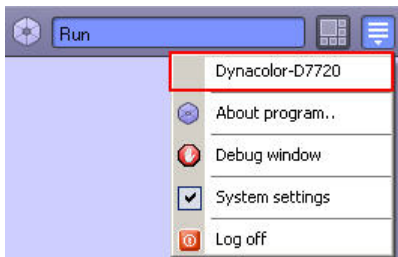
To change the size of the PTZ control window, move the mouse pointer holding the left mouse button pressed in the lower right corner of the window.

## PTZ control using the Operator's search box

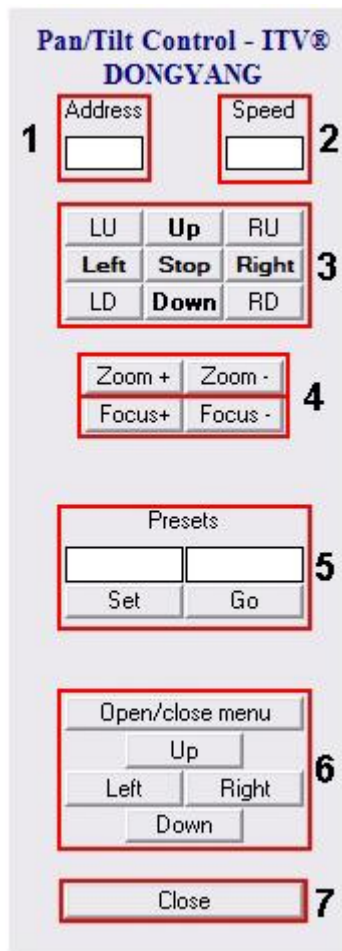
The Operator's search box can be used to control specific types of PTZ.

Below we give an example of how to control *Dynacolor-D7720* PTZ.

To call up the Operator's search box, select *Dynacolor-D7720* in the **Run** menu of the main control panel of *Intellect*.



The appearing window will allow controlling *Dynacolor-D7720*, which is connected to the system.



The table gives a brief description of the control panel interface for operating *Dynacolor-D7720*.

Element number	Function
1	PTZ unit address
2	Conventional PTZ unit speed with the change of direction
3	PTZ direction controls
4	Setting the lens zoom (zoom-in)

5	Setting of the camera lens focus
6	Selection and setting of PTZ user settings
7	Path to and control of the in-built OSD menu of the Dynacolor-D7720 camera
8	Dynacolor-D7720 hidden panels

**Note.** Certain types of system units are operated with a separate control panel (Operator's search box), which has an appropriate interface and functionalities. In addition, the box for calling up the control panel (Operator's search box) in the **Run** menu is configured with the program settings and may differ from the PTZ type corresponding to the given control panel.

## Using sensors

A sensor is an external security device connected to the system.

The sensor may be operated in the following modes:

1. **Circuit closure:** the sensor is armed when the circuit is open, and whenever the sensor circuit is closed, an alarm event is registered.
2. **Circuit interruption:** the sensor is armed when the circuit is closed, and whenever the sensor circuit is interrupted, an alarm event is registered.

Whenever an alarm event is registered by a sensor, the Operator should confirm that the event did take place.

Each security device of the **Sensor** type is equipped with an intrusion sensor, which is a physical device, giving a specific warning to the Operator that an alarm event has occurred. The map displays symbols of the following types of intrusion sensors:

1. Infra Red;
2. Ceiling;
3. Glass;
4. Heat;
5. Window;
6. Flue gas;
7. Hermetic contact;
8. No specified type.

To operate the sensors, the Operator uses the map (see the [Using sensors](#) section) or pre-defined macro commands (**Run** menu in the main control panel).

## Operations with relay

Relay is an external security device connected to the system.

The relay can be setup in one of the following statuses:

1. On;
2. Off.

Each executive object like relay is furnished with an executive device, which is a physical device, switched on and off with the relay. The map displays symbols of the following types of executive devices:

1. Light;

- 2. Acoustic alarm;
- 3. Lock;
- 4. No specified type.

To operate the relay, the Operator uses the map (see the [Operations with the relay](#) section) or pre-defined macro commands (**Run** menu in the main control panel).

## Use of the specialized keyboard

The specialized keyboard is a keyboard designed to operate *Intellect* software.

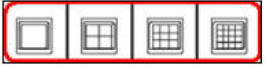
Using the specialized keyboard, both certain system units and the entire system can be operated. The keys of the keyboard may be configured at random at the program configuration stage.

An example of using a specialized *GIGATEK KB950A* keyboard to operate the program monitor is shown in the figure.

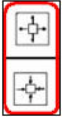
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16				
			7	8	9						
			4	5	6	Esc					
			1	2	3					ARCHIVE	
				∅							

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

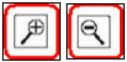
A number of keys, enabling cameras from 1 to 16 dependent on the key number.



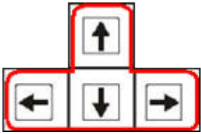
A number of keys changing the number of video surveillance windows on the monitor (1, 4, 9 or 16 correspondingly).



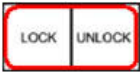
A number of keys rolling up and down the video surveillance window.



A number of keys responding for video scaling (zooming in and out).



A number of keys (up arrow, down arrow, right arrow, left arrow) to list video surveillance windows.



A number of keys responding for blocking and unblocking

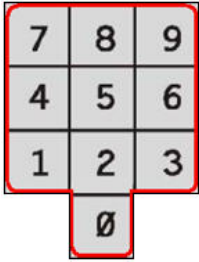


Video archive navigation key.



A number of keys responding for changing the date and time of video recordings in the archive:

- accept changes;
- escape;
- delete.



A number of keys – digits from 0 to 9.



Key«ESCAPE».



Key «ENTER»



Key responsible for getting to video archive mode.



A number of keys responding for arming and disarming the camera.



A number of keys responding for video recording by the command (start /stop).



Key to go to video surveillance mode.



Time markers column navigation key.



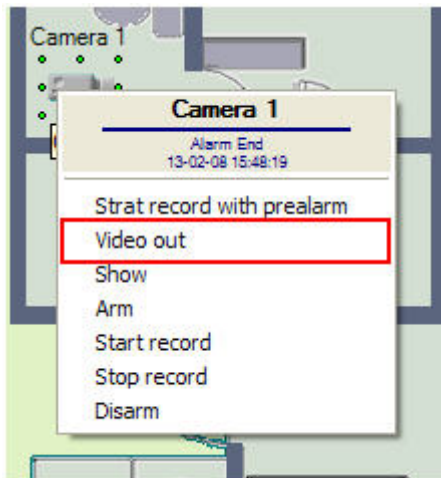
A number of keys responding for viewing the video recordings (roll back/forward, playback, stop, pause).

## Video surveillance using an analog monitor

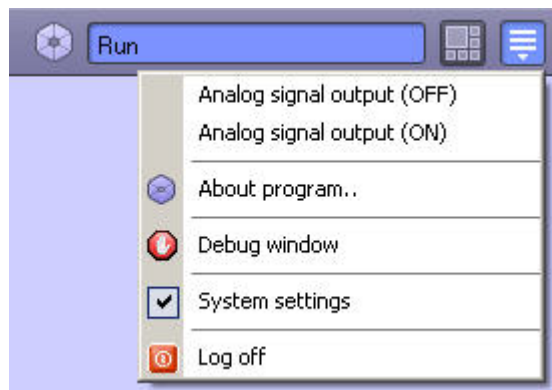
Where the program is configured in a certain way, an analog video image can be output to the external devices connected to the system (for instance, to the analog monitor).

If the program supports the above functionality, the output of the analog signal can be switched on (off ) using one of the following tools:

1. Press a command in the context menu of the object on the map. To do so, use the **Video out** box (**Video in**) in the context menu of the corresponding object on the map.



2. Use a macro command to use this option, select an appropriate box in the **Run** menu of the main control panel.



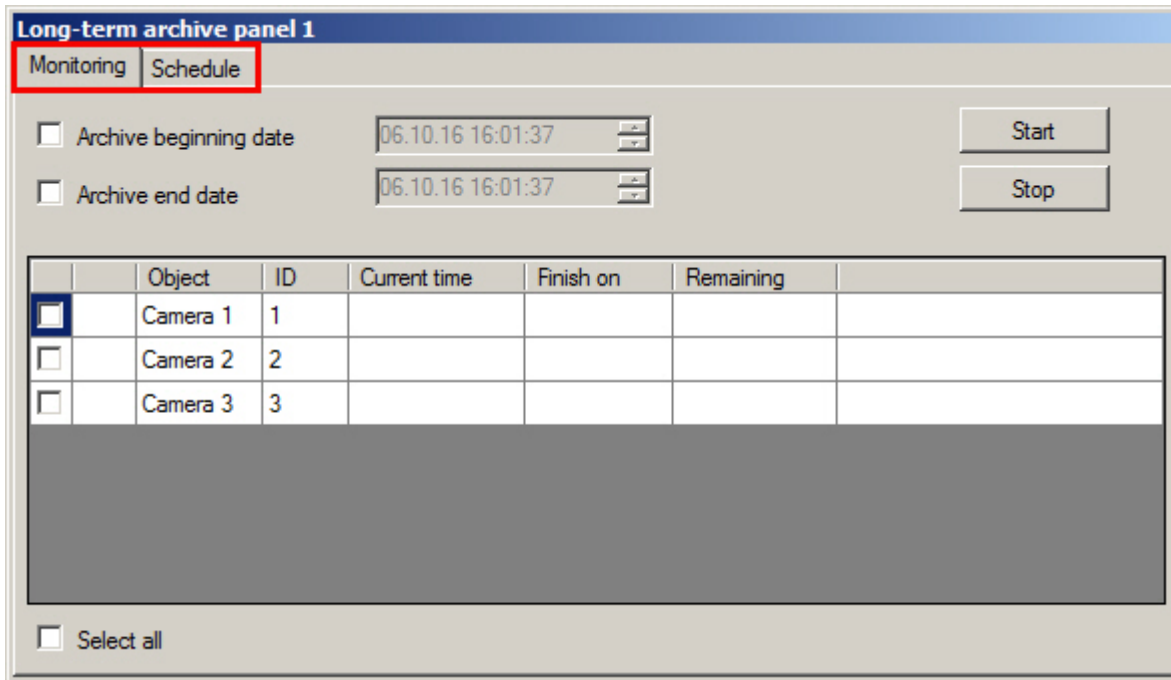
**Note.**

The availability and names of the macro commands in the **Run** menu used to switch on and off the analog signal output to the external devices, depends on the program configuration.

## Copying video sequence to the Long-term archive

### General information about copying video sequence to the Long-term archive

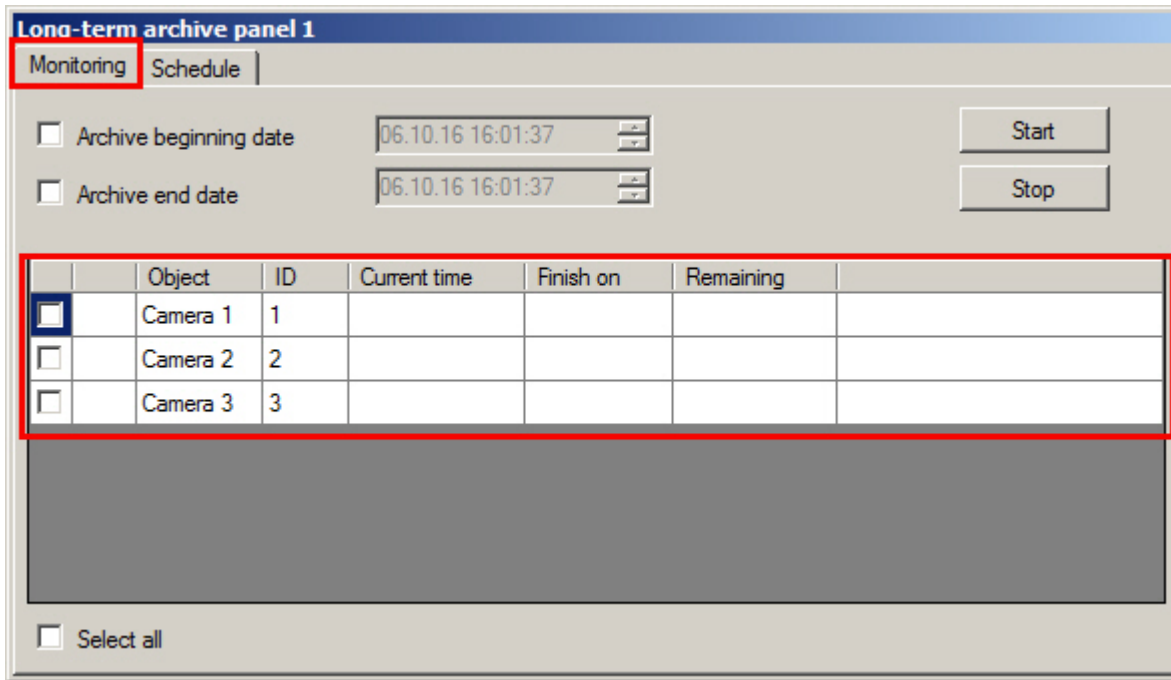
Video sequences may be copied to the Long-term archive both manually and automatically using the Long-term archive panel.



The **Monitoring** tab is used for manual control of the Long-term archive, whereas the **Schedule** tab is used to set parameters for automated operation of the Long-term archive.

### Long-term archive monitoring

Long-term archive monitoring and control uses the **Monitoring** tab on the Long-term archive panel.




The table shows the copying status data for all the available cameras:

1. Camera – camera number;
2. ID – camera identification code;
3. Current time – date and time of the archive frame currently under processing;
4. Finish on – date and time, when the archive was completed;
5. Remaining – number of days remaining for processing (archive completion time minus the currently processed archive frame);



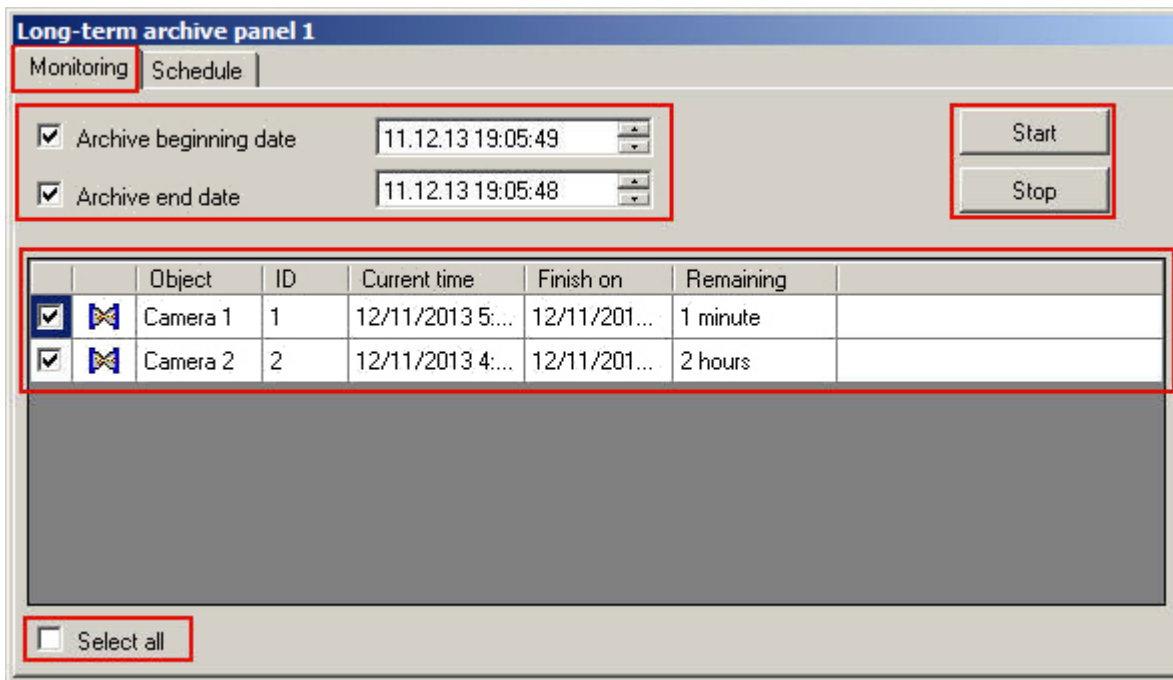
**Note.**

Time in **Finish on** and **Remaining** columns do not depend from status of archive copying and continue to count even after copying completion in the manual mode or after copying stop by schedule.

6. The symbol  near the camera shows that recordings of the given camera are currently copying.


## Manual copying

Manual copying uses the **Monitoring** tab.



Manual copying can be started and stopped using the **Start** and **Stop** buttons, correspondingly. Elements for setting time intervals for copying recordings of all available cameras can be found to the left of the copying controls.

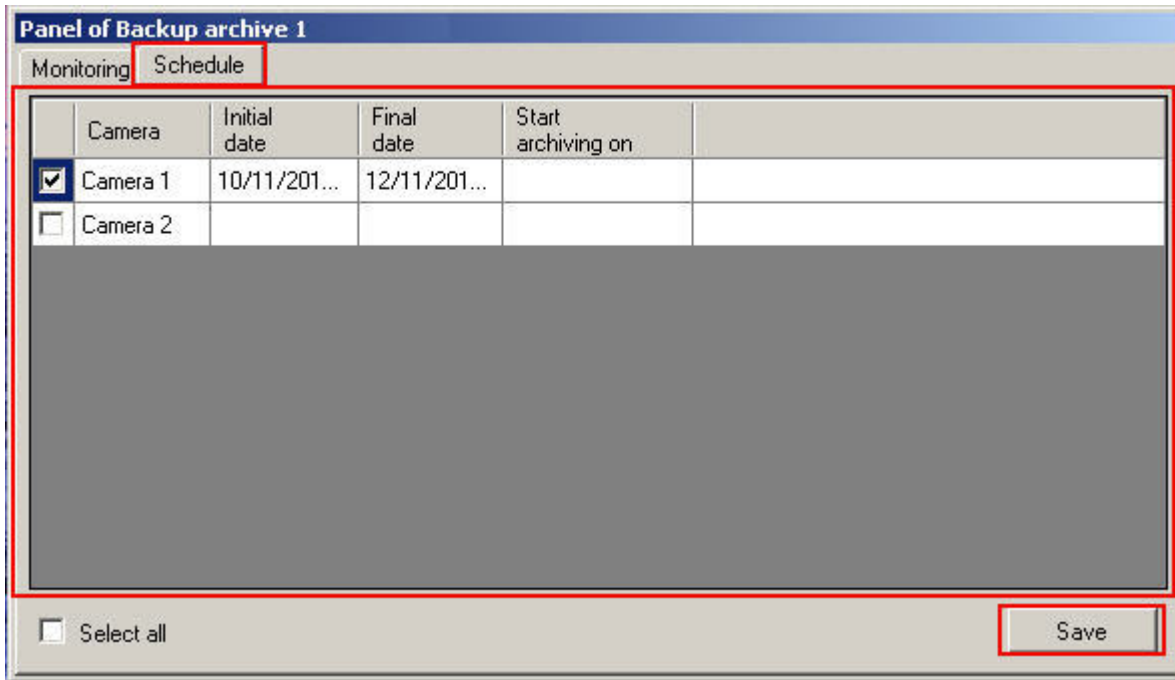
To start copying, the following steps should be performed:

1. Set date and time to start and stop copying. If the start and stop date and time for copying are not identified, all recordings from the pre-defined cameras will be copied to the Backup archive.
2. Select the cameras, whose recordings will be copied. To select cameras, check the corresponding boxes. In addition, the **Select all** checkbox is used to select (or cancel the selection) all cameras in the table concurrently.
3. Initiate copying by clicking **Start**. After a short delay,  appears to confirm that recordings of the selected cameras are now copying.
4. To stop copying, click **Stop**.

**Note.**  
Copying may be significantly delayed after **Start** has been pressed.

## Automated copying

Automated copying is configured with the **Schedule**.



The table shows the current schedule for copying recordings from all available cameras. Copying start and completion dates will be identified for each camera, as well as the actual start time for copying.

To activate and de-activate the specified schedule for the camera, check (double check) the corresponding box.

An existing schedule may be modified by changing the contents of the corresponding table cells. For instance, to modify the completion date of the first camera recording, double click **Camera 1: Completion Date**.



Specify the date and time in the appearing dialog box and click **OK**.

After setting up a schedule for all the required cameras click **Save**.



**Note.**

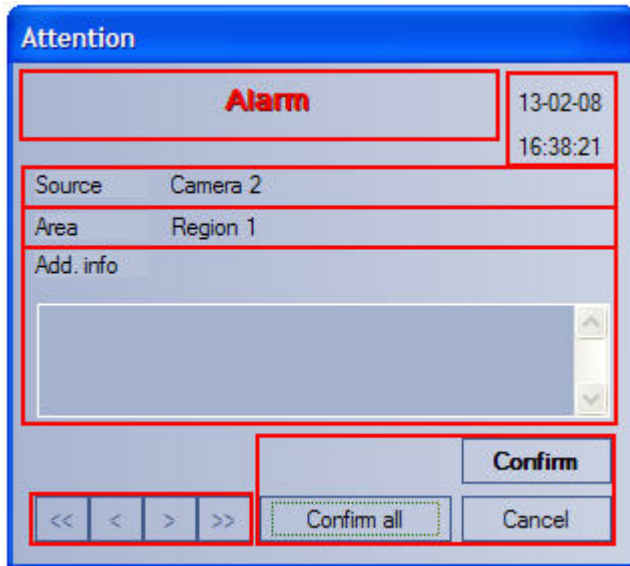
To perform scheduled automated copying, the program should always be running, even if the Panel of Backup archive is not on.

## Events control and processing

Events registered by the system can be controlled and processed by the Operator using the Alarm notification window, Event log and Operator protocol. In addition, there is an option for fast creation and printout of reports from the log of events registered by the system based on pre-defined criteria.

## Events control and processing using the alarm notification window

An Operator can receive on-line notifications whenever the system registers any alarm or information events, if the program is set appropriately. Where this function is on, an alarm notification window appears as soon as the system registers any alarm or information event.



The appearing alarm notification window shows information about the latest registered event: name, date and time, source object of the event, conventional field (region) of the event source object location, as well as additional information describing the event (if any).

An Operator can confirm the event by pressing the **Confirm** button or cancel it using the **Cancel** button. Accepting the event, the Operator confirms the actual occurrence of the event and initiates an appropriate response of the Program.

As soon as the event is confirmed or cancelled, the alarm notification window hides. However, if an event still remains unprocessed, the alarm notification window will not be hidden and the system will transfer to processing the next event in line. To select the event for processing manually, use the set of event browsing controls:

1. **<<** Transfer to the first notification in line
2. **>>** Transfer to the last notification in line
3. **<** Transfer to the previous notification in line
4. **>** Transfer to the next notification in line

Confirm all

In addition, all notifications in line can be confirmed immediately by pressing

## Event control via event log

All events registered in the system or those events that match preconfigured filters are displayed in the Event viewer.



### Important!

A blank filter (i.e. filter with blank columns) is to be created in order to display all events for all objects in the system in the Event viewer. All events are also displayed in the Event viewer when there is no filter at all. See [Configuring event filters for displaying in the Event viewer](#).

Source	Event	Region	Add. info	Date and time
Camera 1	Alarm end			21.06.2017 13:35:45
Camera 1	Harddisk rec			21.06.2017 13:35:48
Camera 1	Alarm			21.06.2017 13:35:48
Camera 1	Record on disk st...			21.06.2017 13:36:00
Camera 1	Alarm end			21.06.2017 13:36:00
Detection zon...	Zone armed			21.06.2017 13:36:06
Detection zon...	Alarm in the zone		7	21.06.2017 13:36:11
Detection zon...	End of alarm in th...		7	21.06.2017 13:36:12
Sensor 1	Armed			21.06.2017 13:36:43
Relay 1	Relay On			21.06.2017 13:36:45

When the filter is selected in the Event viewer, only the events that match the filter are displayed. If no filter is selected, then all events for all objects in the system are displayed.

The **Show filters** checkbox opens the list of filters configured while system setup (see [Administrator's Guide](#), the [Configuring event filters for displaying in the Event viewer](#) section). To activate the filter, set the checkbox next to it's name. Several filters can be activated simultaneously.

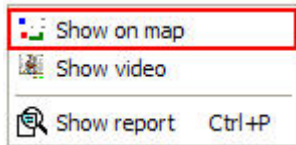
When the filter is selected in the Event viewer, only the events that match the filter are displayed. If no filter is selected, then all events for all objects in the system are displayed.

The event log window shows a table containing a list of events registered by the system, which are broken down according to object type. Object types, registered events for which are displayed in the event log, as well as the number of events simultaneously displayed within one event window, are specified at the system configuration stage.

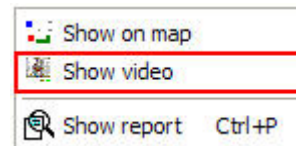
New events are added to the end of the list in the Operator protocol. The list is scrolled in such a way that the last event is always displayed in the box and it is marked. When the event (different from the last one) is marked, the list is fixed and there is no scrolling, new events are added to the end of the list. In order to resume scrolling, mark out the last event in the list. For this use Ctrl+End keypresses.

The table gives the following data for each event: source object of the event, event name, conventional field (region) of the event source object location, date and time of the event, as well as additional information describing the event (if any). Additionally, a symbol near the source object of the event reflects the current status of the given source object.

To show the actual location of the source object of the event, use **Show on map** function in the source object menu. As soon as this function is on, the map depicting the location of the given source object is displayed (see the [Working with the map](#) section).



To play the video sequence of the event from the event source camera, use the **Show video** function in the source object menu.



The camera window pops up in the archive playback mode.

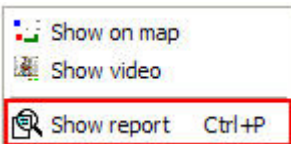


The current playback position will be set to the position corresponding to the video recording start time.

## Generation, printout and export of the registered events report using Event Log

Event log allows for the expedient generation and printout of the event list based on the specified criteria.

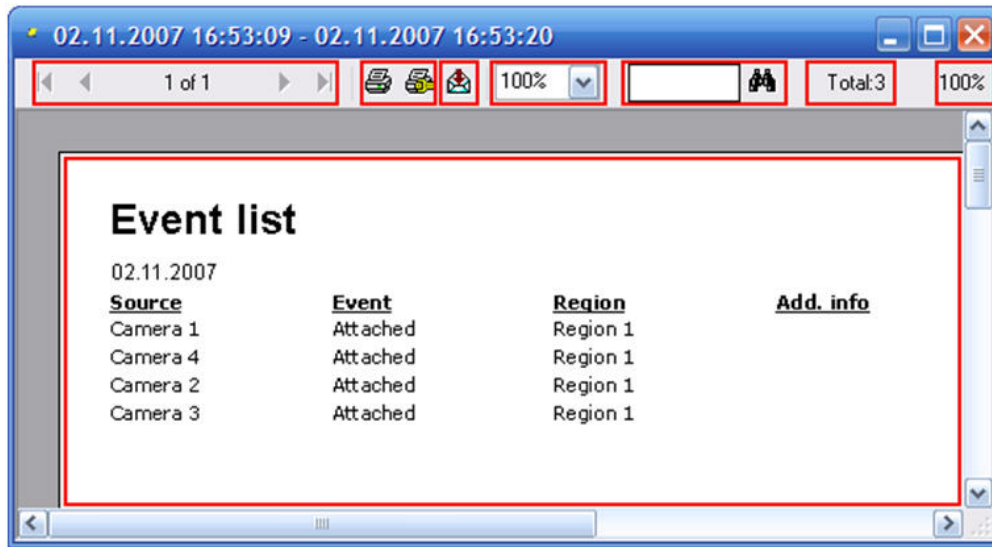
To generate and printout a report, select the **Show report** function in any source object menu in the table or press simultaneously **Ctrl + P**.



Specify the start and completion date and time of the event, which will be used in the report.




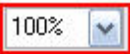

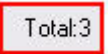

Events from:	13.02.2008	17:23:52	Print
to:	13.02.2008	17:30:01	Cancel

As soon as you press the **Print** button, the preview window of the generated list of events appears, the interface of which is shown in the figure.





The appearing window will show the generated report as it will be printed out.

The upper part of the window displays a tools panel with the report control elements:

1.  Set of elements for browsing report pages
2.  Report printout and print pre-setting control elements
3.  Report export control elements
4.  Report display scale
5.  Search function through the report text
6.  Number of event recordings contained in the given report
7.  Report generation indicator (percentage of the events downloaded up to a certain point in time into the preview window).


Browsing through the report uses the following set of elements  . Report view scale is specified using  .

Search through the report text uses . To search through the report text, enter the item you are looking for into the field and click . Found items will be highlighted in the report text.

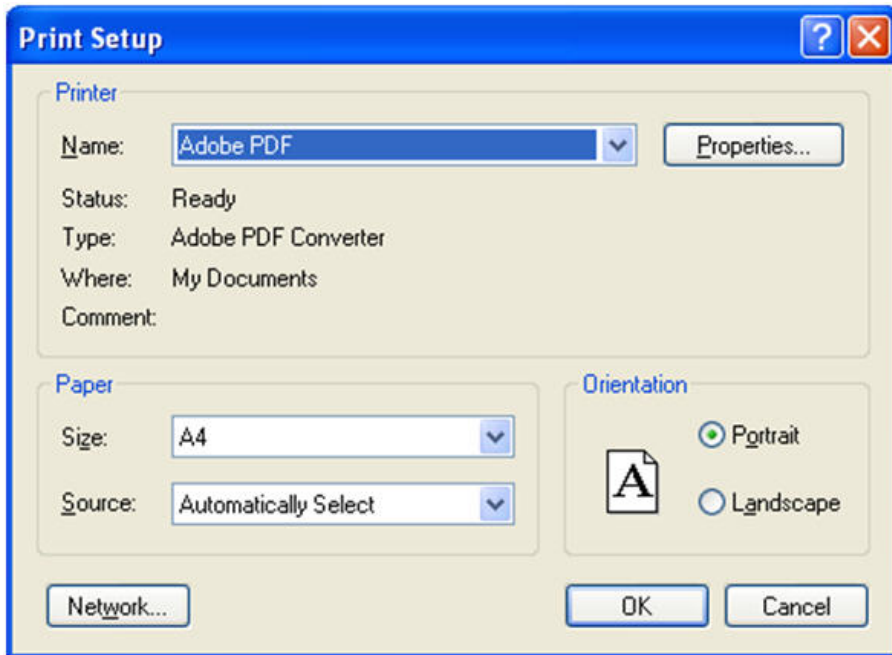
## Event list

02.11.2007


<u>Source</u>	<u>Event</u>	<u>Region</u>	<u>Add. info</u>
Camera 1	Attached	Region 1	
Camera 4	Attached	Region 1	
Camera 2	Attached	Region 1	
Camera 3	Attached	Region 1	

To find the next required item press  once more.

To send the generated report for printing, press . Specify printer parameters using .



**Note.** Standard dialog box **Print** (OS Windows) does not refer to the *Intellect* system and is a Windows system dialog box.

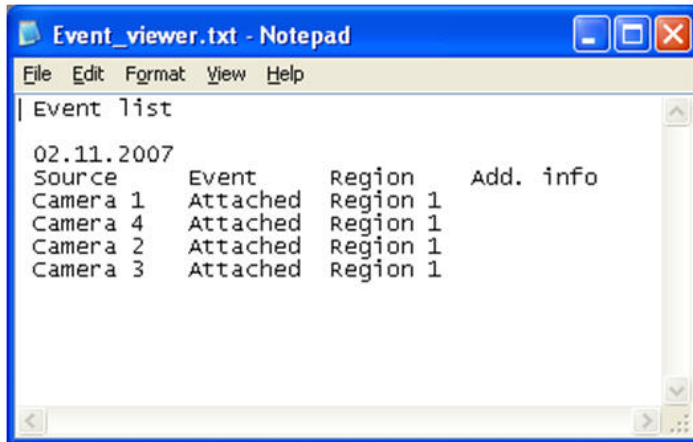
Additionally, the report may be exported to a specified file format, saved to a disk, opened in an associated application or sent by e-mail. To export the report press .



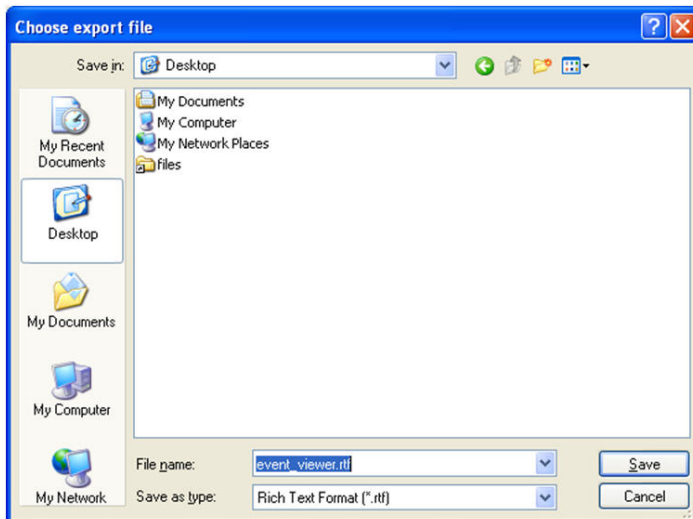
In the appearing box select the required file format to export the report (Format field) and further operations with the file (**Destination** field). Operation options with the report file are given below.

**Destination** field meaning:

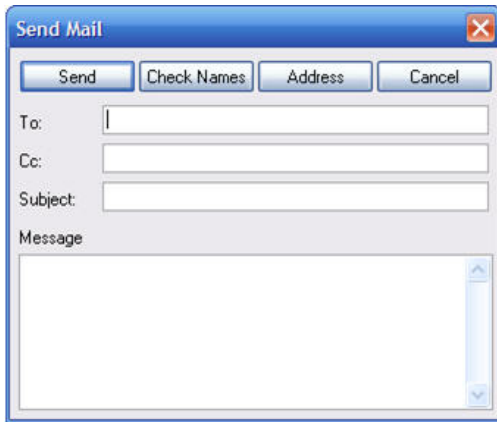
1. Application. Report is exported to the file of a pre-defined format (**Format** field) and opens in the associated application.



2. Disk file. Report is exported to the file of a pre-defined format (**Format** field) and is saved in the specified file.



3. Exchange Folder / Lotus Domino / Microsoft Mail (MAPI). Report is exported to the pre-defined file format (**Format** field) and attached to the new message in the **Destination** field of the mail program.



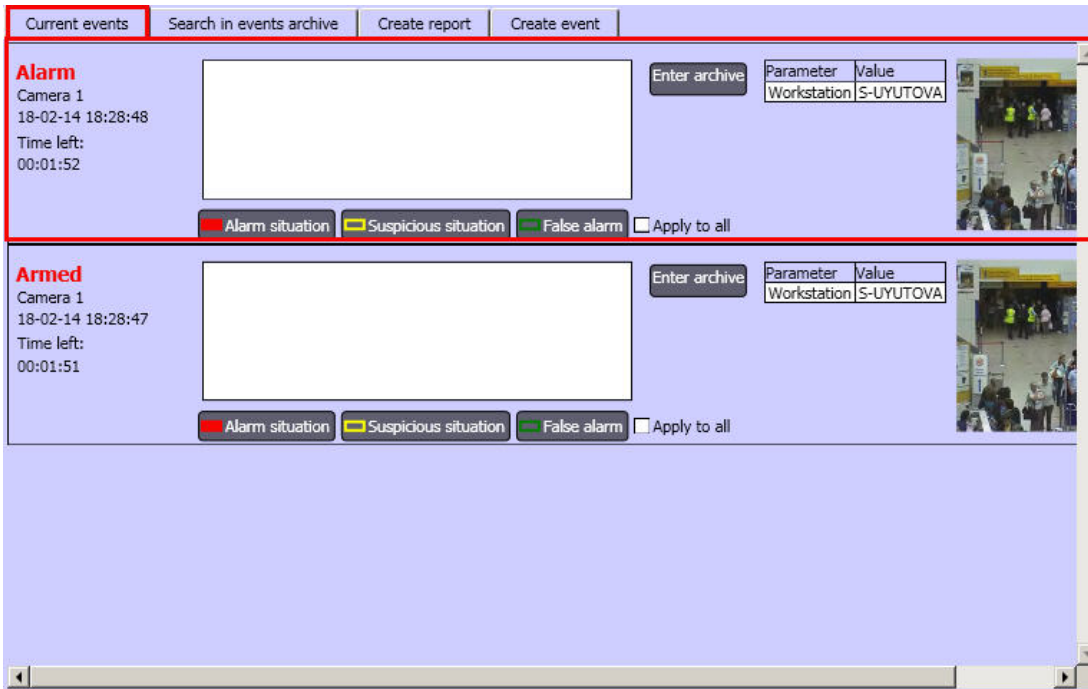
**Note.**

In certain cases additional report export parameters may be requested (for instance, the number of exported report pages).

All further operations with the exported report file are controlled through the associated applications and do not depend on the *Intellect* system.

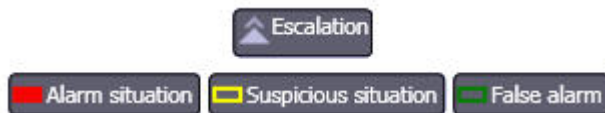
## Event processing using the Operator protocol

Events are processed in the **Current events** tab of the Operator protocol.



Events registered by alarm objects with no type assigned and events escalated from a lower level are displayed in the **Current events** tab. Every event is in a form of information panel with control elements.

To assign a type to the event, click one of the buttons on the information panel of the corresponding event. After the type is assigned to the event, it is removed from the **Current event** tab.



**Note.** If the time of waiting the respond from operator (specified in the settings of the **Operator protocol** object) (see [Intellect software package. Administrator guide](#)) is exceeded, then the event is removed from the **Current events** tab and the **Non-processed** type is assigned.

**Note.** If all non-processed events are to be assigned with the type of selected event, then set the **Apply to all** checkbox.

To zoom in the alarm frame, repeatedly click on it with the left mouse button. In 20 seconds after zooming in the frame gets its initial size.

Current events | Search in events archive | Create report | Create event

**Disarmed**

Camera 1  
18-02-14 18:26:03  
Time left:  
00:00:25

Parameter	Value
Workstation	S-UYUTOVA

Alarm situation
  Suspicious situation
  False alarm
  Apply to all

**Alarm**

Camera 1  
18-02-14 18:25:58  
Time left:  
00:00:22


Parameter	Value
Workstation	S-UYUTOVA

Alarm situation
  Suspicious situation
  False alarm
  Apply to all

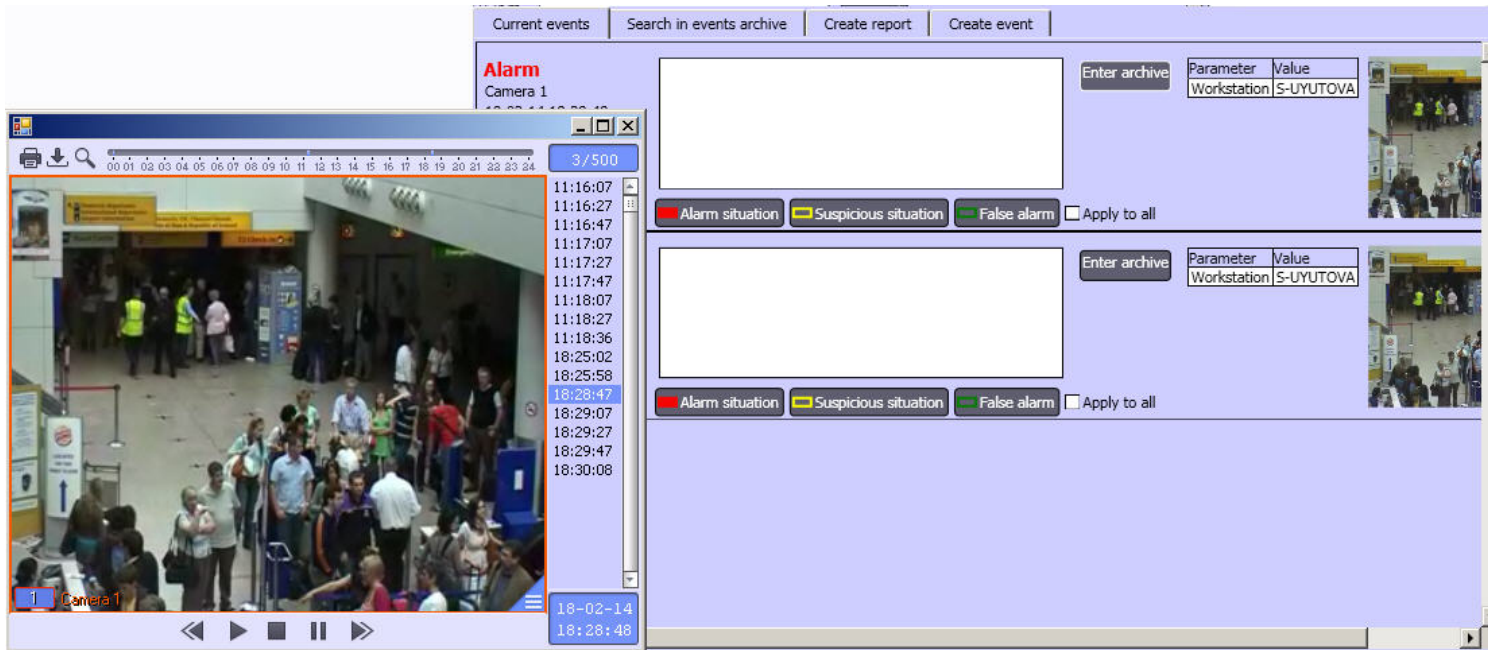
**Armed**

Camera 1

Parameter	Value
Workstation	S-UYUTOVA



To view or export the video of the event, click the **Enter archive** button on the information panel of the corresponding event.



The archive of video recordings opens in the Video surveillance monitor and the current position of playback will be set at the position corresponding to the beginning of video recording.

To view the object from which the event comes on the interactive Map, click **Find on Map**. As a result the required layer of the interactive Map is displayed.

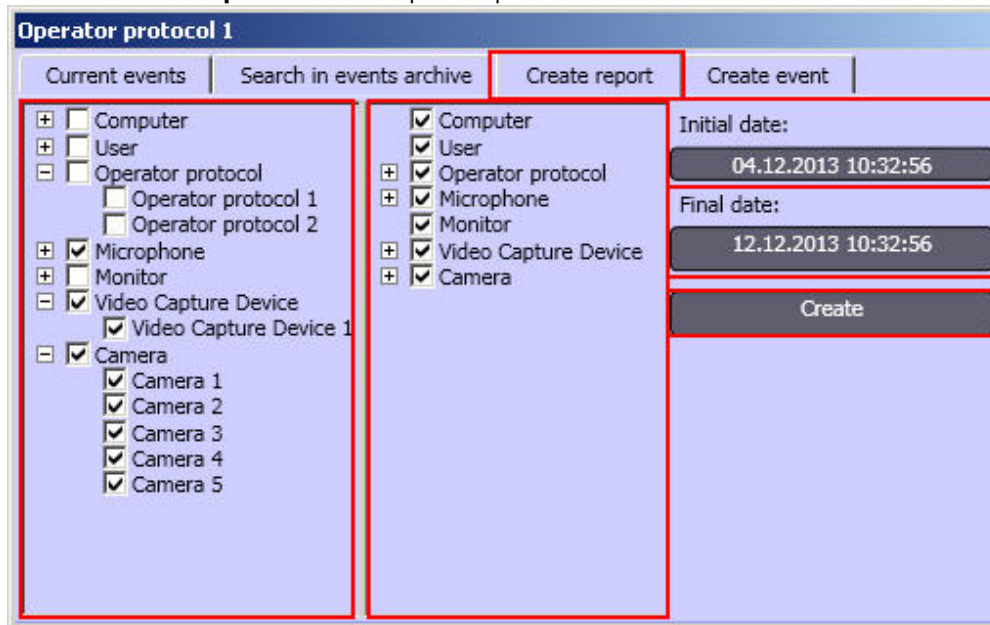


## Creating a report by events logged using the Operator protocol

In *Intellect* software one can create reports by events logged using the Operator protocol.

To create a report, do the following:

1. Go to the **Create report** tab of the Operator protocol.

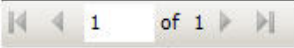









2. In the left column, set the checkboxes next to the objects the events from which are to be in the report.
3. Set the checkboxes next to the events the data on which are to be in the report.
4. Click the **Initial date** button and set the date and time the events starting from which will be in the report.
5. Click the **Final date** button and set the date and time the events after which will not be in the report.
6. Click the **Create** button.

As a result the report is displayed on the monitor.

	Object name	Action	Comment	Date / Time
1	Camera 1	Disarmed		11.12.2013 10:45:26
2	Camera 1	Armed		11.12.2013 10:45:28
3	Camera 1	Alarm		11.12.2013 10:46:25
4	Camera 1	Alarm		11.12.2013 10:46:28
5	Camera 1	Alarm		11.12.2013 10:46:38
6	Camera 1	Alarm		11.12.2013 10:47:43
7	Camera 1	Alarm		11.12.2013 10:48:16

There are some operations one can do with the report. They are described below:

1.  Navigating the report's pages
2.  Refreshing data in the report
3.  Printing the report
4.  Previewing the report
5.  Going to the report settings
6.  Export of report to xls, pdf or doc format
7.  Selecting the report's scale
8.  Searching over the report

## Creating events using the Operator protocol

The function of creating events using the Operator protocol allows generating alarm events manually. This function is used, for example, when the event in the frame was not detected by standard means but is to be in the archive.

To create an event, do the following:

1. Go to the **Create Event** tab of the Operator protocol.

Current events Search in events archive Create report **Create event**

Comment

Date / Time: 28.04.2016 17:02:28

Object:

Create

2. Type in the event description in the **Comment**.
3. Click the **Date/Time** button and specify the date and time of the event in the opened box.

Select Date and Time

March, 2013

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
24	25	26	27	28	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	1	2	3	4	5	6

Today: 3/21/2013

3:49:31 PM

Select

4. Select the object type in the dropdown list.
5. In the **Object** drop-down list, select the object which registered the event.
6. Click the **Create** button.

The event of the **Alarm situation** type will be added to the archive.

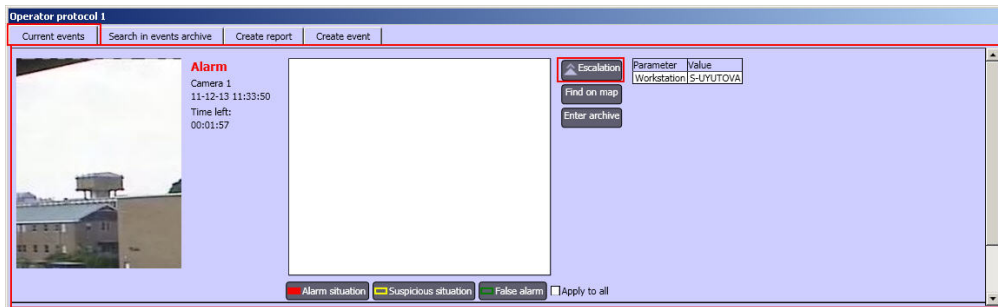
**Note.** In order to view the video recording on the event created by the Operator, one is to start recording on the required camera manually (see [Recording by Operator command section](#)).

The event is now created.

## Events escalation in the Operator protocol

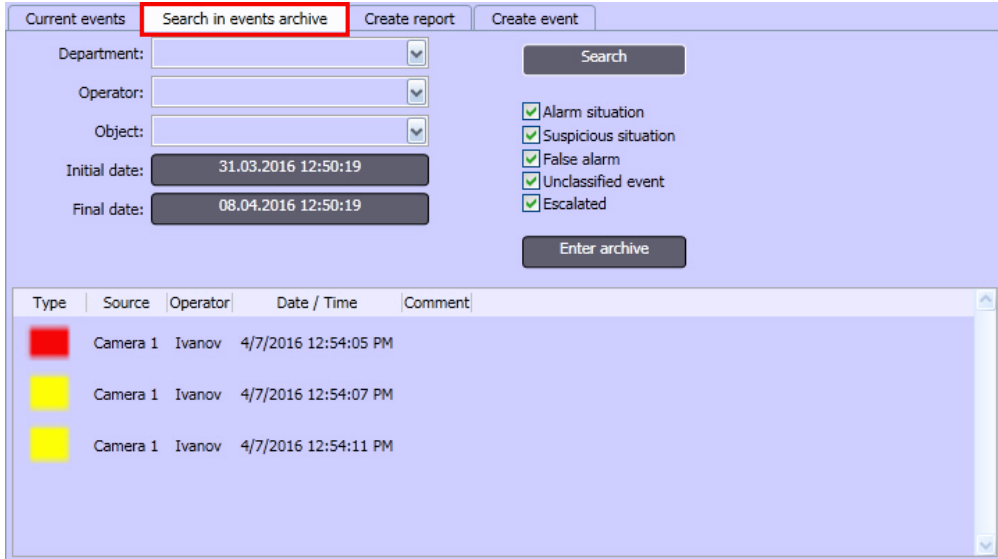
When the event is escalated it is removed from the Operator protocol and sent to the Operator protocol set as a superior interface. There are two ways of escalation:

1. Automatically, on the expiry of waiting time for Operator's response.
2. Manually, by clicking the **Escalate** button in the **Current events** tab.



## Searching for events using the Operator protocol

Searching for events is performed in the **Search in events archive** tab of the Operator protocol.



To search for events, do the following:

1. In the **Department** drop-down list select department to which the operator belongs.

Department:

Operator:

Object:

- In the **Operator** list, select the operator that processed required events.
- In the **Object** list, select the object by which the search of events will be performed. If there is no value in the list, then the search will be performed by all objects.
- Set the time period of search by specifying the initial and final date using the **Initial date** and **Final date** buttons.

Initial date:

Final date:

- Select the types of events to search for by setting the checkboxes next to the names corresponding to the required types.

Alarm situation

Suspicious situation

False alarm

Unclassified event

Escalated

- To start the search, click the **Search** button.

The events corresponding to the search requirements will be displayed in the protocol table.

In order to view or export the video recording of the event, in the protocol table go to the event the video of which is to be viewed and click the **Enter archive** button.

The screenshot shows the 'Operator protocol 1' interface. On the left, there are search filters: Operator, Object, Initial date (04.12.2013 10:32:52), and Final date (12.12.2013 10:32:52). Below these are checkboxes for event types: Alarm situation, Suspicious situation, False alarm, Unclassified event, and Escalated. A 'Search' button is present. At the bottom of the filter section is an 'Enter archive' button. Below the filters is a table with the following data:

Type	Source	Operator	Date / Time	Comment
	Camera 1	User 1	12/11/2013 10:45:34 AM	
	Camera 1	User 1	12/11/2013 10:48:35 AM	
	Camera 1	User 1	12/11/2013 11:03:50 AM	
	Camera 1	User 1	12/11/2013 10:45:35 AM	
	Camera 1	User 1	12/11/2013 11:29:33 AM	

On the right, a video player shows a camera feed of a building. The timeline on the right side of the video player shows a list of timestamps from 10:48:15 to 11:03:10. The timestamp 11:02:50 is highlighted in red, corresponding to the selected event in the table. The video player also shows 'Camera 1' and the current time '11:02:51'.

The archive of video recordings opens in the Video surveillance monitor and the current position of playback will be set at the position corresponding to the beginning of video recording.


## Working with the map

### General information about working with the map

Map is an interactive graphic diagram of a distributed system designed to monitor and control external system devices (cameras, microphones, sensors, relays).

Security devices are displayed on the map as symbols: each device is described by its status; access to the device functions is provided via the functional menu, which is called up by a right mouse click on the required device image on the Map. Macro commands are also displayed in the Map as symbols, which are started from the functional menu of the given macro command symbol.

If the distributed system diagram has only one level (for instance, one guarded floor of a building), the Map will consist of one level depicting the system diagram (single level map). If the guarded territory has a few levels (for instance, a multi-floor guarded building), the Map will be made up of a corresponding number of levels, where each level will depict a system diagram of the corresponding level (multilevel map). Additionally, the system diagram may be shown on the Map broken down into conventional fields and regions.

If the Map is multilevel, the level switch-over function shall be provided. To enable this, special links between the Map levels are established at the program configuration stage. To switch between the Map levels use the  interlayer link button. Additionally, the interlayer link button shows the device status on the corresponding Map level. In addition, automated switch-over between the Map levels and recursive search for alarm links in the Map are supported.

### Graphic objects on the Map

Security devices of the System (cameras, microphones, sensors, relays) are reflected on the Map as symbols (conventional characters, see figure).



The graphic symbol of the device in the Map shows the current status of the given device.

Graphic symbol of device on the Map	Status of device
Green	Device is disarmed
Grey	Device is armed
Red blinking	Device registers an alarm event
Grey blinking	Device is not connected to the system



**Note.**

This display circuit is not used for all types of security devices of the system. Certain modifications are possible for certain types of devices.

If the object has several states, then the device symbol changes in accordance with these states in some time. When the object is marked on the map, then all its states are displayed next to it as diminished icons.

Camera 3[3]



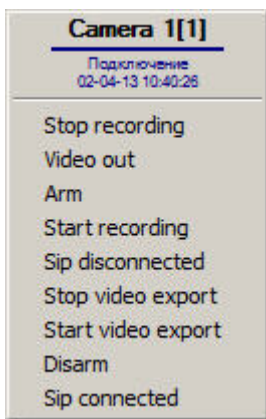
The selected object is framed. If required, the frame can be not shown – set 1 as the AlternativeSelect parameter value – see [Registry keys reference guide](#).

Interlayer links integrated in the given level reflect the status of devices on other Map levels.



Whenever any security device registers an alarm event on any of the existing levels, the interlayer link symbol starts blinking. The interlayer link symbol continues blinking as long as the current registered alarm event is occurring, whereas no other alarm events arise within the given level.

Device functions can be accessed via a functional menu called up by a right mouse click on the symbol of the device shown on the Map. For instance, the functional menu of the Camera object is shown in the figure.



## Switch-over between Map layers

If the Map is multilayer, the layer switch-over function will be provided.



Switching over the map layers is performed by one of the following ways:

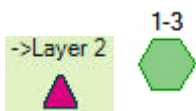
1. Using the connections between layers.
2. Using the Map functional menu.

**Automated switch-over between Map layers** is also supported. If automated switch-over is enabled, the program automatically transfers to the Map layer, where one of the devices has registered an alarm event. For instance, if the Map window is displaying **A** layer and at this point of time an alarm event is registered on **B** layer, the program will automatically switch-over to **B** layer and show it in the window. In this case a window displaying the Map may be shown overlaid over all other windows. **Automated switch-over between Map layers** is configured and initiated at the program configuration stage.


### Switch over the Map layers using the connections

To switch over the map layers create the special connections between the Map layers during the Program configuration.

To switch between the Map layers uses the appropriate  or  button.



Each layer of the Map may accommodate an indefinite number of interlayer link symbols referring to any layer existing on the Map.

To switch to another Map layer, click the  symbol, which corresponds to the required layer with the left mouse button.

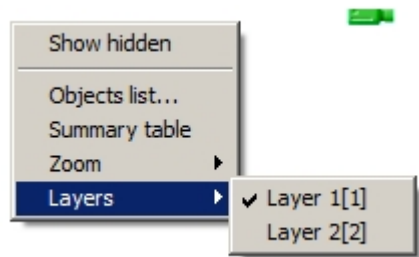
In addition, recursive search for alarming links in the Map is also supported. If this feature is on, devices, which have registered an alarm event, are searched for automatically across all Map layers. For instance, there are supposedly 3 layers, where layer 1 is linked to layer 2, and layer 2 is linked to layer 3. If the **Recursive alarming links search** option is enabled, a 3 layer link symbol on layer 2 and also a 2 layer link symbol on layer 1 will start blinking as soon as an alarm event is registered on layer 3. Otherwise, if **Recursive alarming links search** is not on, only a 3 layer link symbol on layer 2 will be blinking. The **Recursive alarm links search** option is initiated at the program configuration stage.

**Note.** If additional alarm indication on the layer is configured using the special alarm symbol, then symbol will be changed to the symbol specified in settings and it will flash while alarm detecting (see the [Linking the layers of the interactive map](#)).

### Switch over the Map layers using the functional menu

To switch over the map layers using the functional menu click the right mouse button in the map area free from the object symbols.

In the opened functional menu select the Layers item and specify the layer on which is to be gone.



This way of switching over the map layers does not require the previous settings and allows switching over from the current layer to any other layer permitted to the user by rights.

## Operations with the cameras

### On page:









- [Camera status indication](#)
- [Camera operations](#)

### Camera status indication

The camera symbol as shown on the Map is given in the figure.



The camera status is indicated through different colours and intermittent blinking of the given camera symbol on the Map.

Description	Camera Symbol		Camera Status
	Common	PTZ	
Green, the symbol is not blinking			Camera disarmed
Grey, the symbol is not blinking			Camera armed
Red, the symbol is blinking			Camera is armed, an alarm event is registered
Grey, the symbol is blinking			No signal from the camera

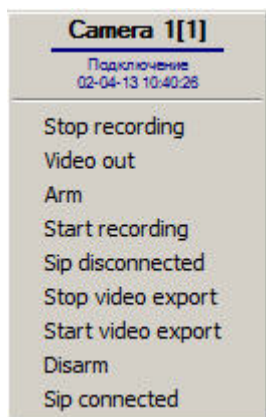
**Note.**

If camera performs recording, then the camera icon is marked with REC:  or .

### Camera operations

The camera is operated via the feature menu of the given camera symbol shown on the Map.

The feature menu of the camera is called up by a right mouse click on the corresponding camera symbol.



The feature menu of the camera provides access to various operating functions of the camera.

Feature menu item	Function	Comments
Camera No./Connection	Displays the selected camera identifier, as well as the date and time of the first connection of the camera	
Stop recording	Stops recording	See section: <a href="#">Stopping the recording</a>
Video out	Outputs the camera image to the analogue monitor connected to the system	See section: <a href="#">Video surveillance using an analog monitor</a>
Arm	Arms the camera in the main detector zone	See section: <a href="#">Camera arming and disarming</a>
Start recording	Starts recording at the Operator's command	See section: <a href="#">Recording by Operator command</a>
Sip disconnected	Disconnection of a Sip device	See <a href="#">Intercom Subsystem Reference and Information Guide</a>
Disarm	Disarms the camera in the main detector zone	See section: <a href="#">Camera arming and disarming</a>
Sip connected	Connection of a Sip device	See <a href="#">Intercom Subsystem Reference and Information Guide</a>

**Note**  
 The **Start video export** and **Stop videp export** menu items cannot be used on the Map, because the reactions corresponding to them need extra settings. You can use these reactions using macros and scripts (see [Administrator's Guide](#)).

## Operating the microphones

### On page:


- [Microphone status indication](#)
- [Microphone operations](#)




### Microphone status indication

The microphone symbol as shown in the Map is displayed in the figure.



The microphone status is indicated by the colour of the symbol used to show the microphone on the Map.

1. Blue  Microphone is ready for recording, but is not armed

- 2. Red  Microphone is recording, an alarm event has been registered
- 3. Green  Microphone is ready for recording, but is not armed
- 4. Yellow  Microphone is ready for recording, but is not armed

### Microphone operations

The microphone is operated via the functional menu of the given microphone symbol shown on the Map.

The functional menu of the microphone is called up by a right mouse click on the corresponding microphone symbol.



The functional menu of the microphone provides access to various operating functions of the microphone.









































Functional menu item	Function	Comments
Microphone No./Recording date and time	Reflects an identifier of the selected microphone in the program, as well as the type, date and time of the latest recording	
Start recording	Arms the microphone, starts recording	See the <a href="#">Microphone arming and disarming</a> section
Stop recording	Disarms the microphone, stops recording	

### Operations with sensors

On page:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Sensor status indication</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Operations with sensor</a></li> </ul>

#### Sensor status indication

Identification of the sensor symbol on the Map depends on the current operating mode and sensor status, as well as the type of intrusion sensor.

Type of intrusion sensor of the sensor	Indication of the sensor symbol on the Map				
Sensor Status	Disarmed		Armed		
Alarm event	Not available	Available	Not available	Available	Accepted
No specified type					
Infra Red					
Ceiling					
Glass					
Heat					
Window					
Flue gas					
Hermetic contact					

**Note.** Reference \* means that the image of the given symbol is blinking.

Sensor type security devices operated on the basis of circuit closure, interpret any sensor closure as an alarm event, whereas devices operated on the basis of circuit interruption, identify any sensor interruption as an alarm event.

Whenever a sensor is initiated on the Map, the colour of the symbol is changed depending on the occurrence of the alarm event (grey or blue). As soon as the sensor is armed, the colour of the symbol changes to green. As soon as the armed sensor registers an alarm event, the sensor symbol on the Map becomes red and starts blinking. When the Operator accepts an alarm event, the sensor symbol changes colour to green, however keeps blinking until it is disarmed. Where a new alarm event is registered after the first alarm event, the symbol of the sensor starts blinking and turns red again.

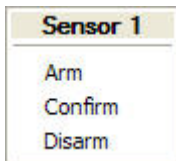
If the Sensor is armed, then at the Sensor switching on/off the "Alarm" event appears depending on the alarm mode setting (see the [Creating and configuring the Sensor system object](#) section of the [Installing and configuring security system components guide](#)). If the Sensor is disarmed, the "Closed" / "Opened" events appear correspondingly.

**Note.** When an alarm is registered by any sensor, connected through IP-device Samsung SNC-M300P, Sensor symbol with 1channel number is activated (the given IPdevice supports two connection channels of sensors).

## Operations with sensor

The sensor is operated via the feature menu of the given sensor symbol shown on the Map.

The feature menu of the sensor is called up by a right mouse click on the corresponding sensor symbol.



The feature menu of the sensor provides access to various operating functions of the sensor.

Feature menu item	Function	Comments
Sensor No./Date and time of the latest status modification	Shows the identifier of the selected sensor in the program, the current status of the sensor, the date and time of the latest sensor status modification	See the <a href="#">Using sensors</a> section
Arm	Arms the sensor	
Confirm	Confirms alarm event registration by the sensor	
Disarm	Disarms the sensor	









## Operations with the relay

### On page:

- [Relay status indication](#)
- [Operations with relay](#)

### Relay status indication

Identification of the relay symbol on the Map depends on the current status of the relay, as well as the option of the relay.

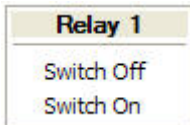
Relay option	Indication of the relay symbol on the Map	
	Relay status	
	Off	On
No specified type		 *
Light		 *
Acoustic alarm		 *
Lock		 *

**Note.** Reference «\*» means that the image of the given symbol is blinking.

### Operations with relay

The relay is operated via the functional menu of the given relay symbol shown on the Map.

The functional menu of the relay is called up by a right mouse click on the corresponding relay symbol.



The functional menu of the relay provides access to various operating functions of the relay.

Functional menu item	Function	Comments
----------------------	----------	----------

Relay No./Date and time of the latest status modification	Shows the identifier of the selected relay in the program, the current status of the relay, the date and time of the latest relay status modification	See the <a href="#">Operations with relay section</a>
Switch-off	Switches the relay off	
Switch-on	Switches the relay on	

## Region operation

To delimit secured territory in Intellect software package the "Region" object is in use. Secured territory delimiting helps to monitor and control objects of security system more efficiently.

Monitoring function is performed by giving information about the Region – relative area of event source-object location. If any event comes from alarm object (camera, sensor and so on), this event will contain information on the region where this object is. Information on object's belonging to one or another Region is displayed in the "Alarm notification window" (see [Alarm notification window section](#)) and "Events log" (see [Events log section](#)).

The Map is used for Region operation in Intellect software package. Markings of the "Region" object on the Map are given below.

1. Security mode is deactivated in the region



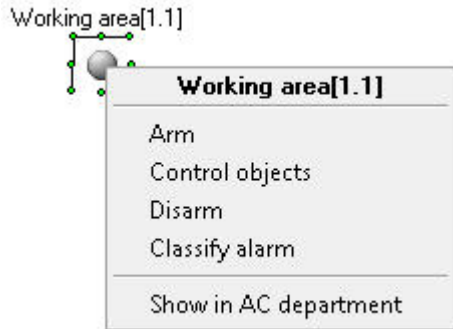
2. Security mode is activated in the region



3. Alarm in the region. Alarming event from one or several objects that belong to this region is detected



You can set any state to Region by right-clicking at the "Region" symbol and select command in the feature menu.



There is general information at the top of the feature menu: Region name, name and time of the latest completed action. After general information the list of possible commands goes. Commands of the feature menu of the "Region" object are described in the table.

Command	Description
Control objects	<p>Sets states to the objects of Region.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p><b>Note 1</b> To start the "Control objects" command in the feature menu of the "Region" object, add a plug-in.</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><b>Note 2</b> This command is available in Macros (see <i>Intellect™ Software Package Administrator's Guide</i>).</p> </div>
Arm	Starts monitoring objects states of the Region. Region becomes alarmed when it gets corresponding events from objects.
Accept alarm	Accepts Region alarm.
Disarm	Stops monitoring objects states of the Region.
Show in Access Manager	The command can be used if <i>ACFA-Intellect</i> software is installed and the <b>Access Manager</b> window is displayed on the same display as the Map. The command displays the region and the users in it on the <b>Regions and areas</b> tab of the Access Manager. See also <a href="#">Access Manager Module Settings and Operation Guide</a> .

## Macros commands operation

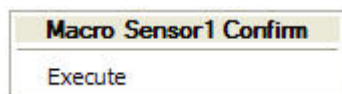
The macro command determines how this or that object would react to events, that have happened in the system. The macro command symbol as shown on the Map is given in the figure.



With the help of macro commands one can work with area objects (section). Cameras, microphones, sensors and relays may be combined in the group with the help of these objects and the system will respond to the events that have happened with them. The following events can be received from the area:

1. Safety locking;
2. Safety locking is;
3. Fire unlocking;
4. Fire unlocking is disarmed;
5. Arm;
6. Disarm;
7. Armed locking;
8. Armed locking is disarmed.

Each macro command integrates a functional menu providing access to the execution of the given macro command and output of the data about the macro command.



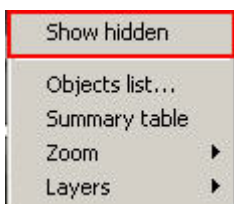
The name of the macro command, the date and time of the latest macro command execution are entered into the functional menu, where the Execute command to start the macro command is initiated.

To execute the macro command, right click the mouse on the corresponding macro command and select **Execute**.

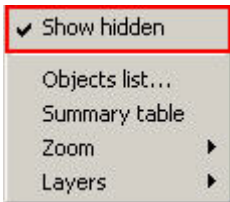
## Hide or display graphic objects on the Map

The object symbol on the Map may be visible or hidden (which is configured at the program configuration stage). Visible objects are always reflected on the Map, whereas hidden objects are reflected only in "view hidden objects" mode.

To switch-off **view hidden objects**, use the functional menu of the Map, calling it up with a right mouse click on any place on the Map, which is free from object symbols.



Hidden objects are viewed and hidden through the **Show hidden** objects function. The status of the mode is indicated by a checkmark near the **Show hidden** objects button, which indicates that hidden objects can be viewed.

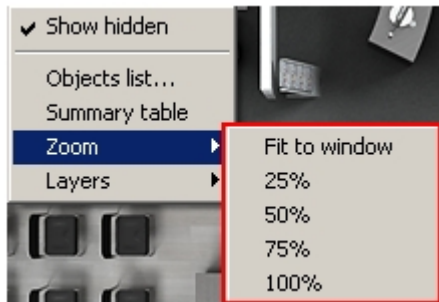


**Note.**  
Hidden objects view and hide function applies across all Map levels.

## Map scaling

Map scaling allows enlarging and reducing the size of the image shown in the Map window.

The scale is selected via the functions menu of the Map, which is called up by a right mouse click on any place on the Map, which contains no object symbols.

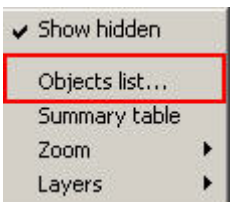


To set the scale, select the required scale value in the **Scale** sub-menu or click the **Fit to window** point, which is designed to set the scale allowing the full Map image to fit into the Map window. The last line of the **Scale** sub-menu shows the current scale of the Map image.

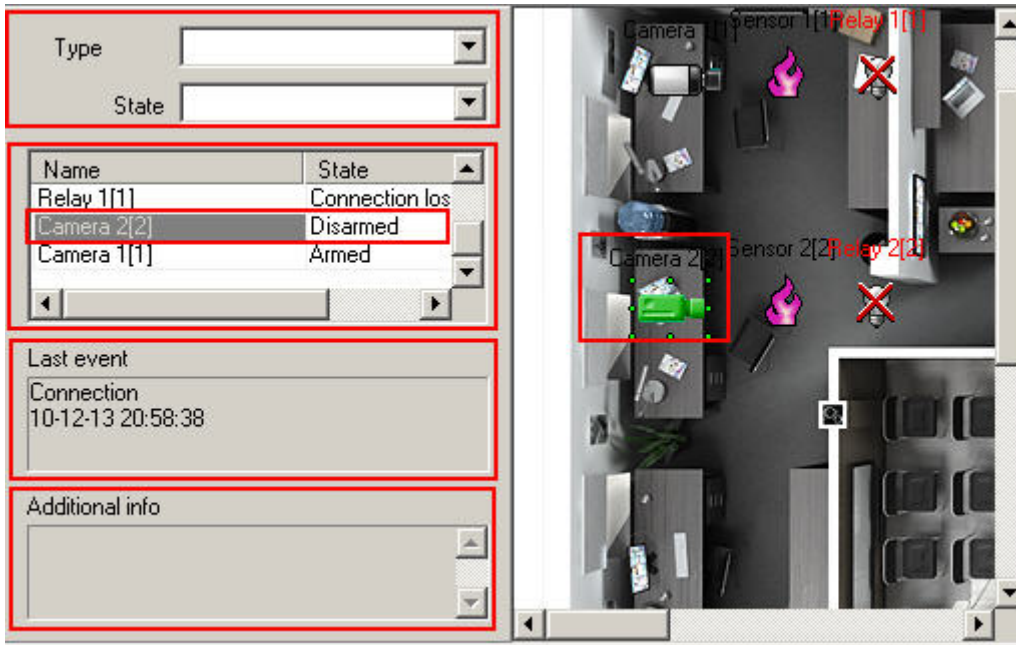
## Object status monitoring with the objects list

The object status can be monitored not only by object symbols depicted on the Map, but also by using the Object list.

The Object list can be accessed via the **Object list** functions menu of the Map, which is called up by a right mouse click on any place on the Map, free from object symbols.



The interface of the **Object list** window is shown in the figure.

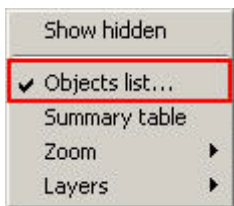


The middle part of the **Object list** window displays a table describing object statuses on all levels of the Map: each object is described by the name and current status. The table shows both visible and hidden objects, regardless of the display mode selected to show hidden objects on the Map. Each object of the **Object list** has a functions menu (which is called up by a right mouse click on the line displaying the object name), which is completely identical to the functional menu of the object on the Map (see the [General information about working with the map](#) section).

The upper part of the **Object list** window contains the fields for filtering the object in the status table: The **Type** field is used to filter the objects according to their types, whereas the **Status** field is used to filter the objects according to the status of the given object type. Type-based object filtering is only possible, if the type of object in the **Type** field is selected.

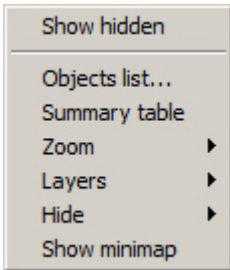
The lower part of the Object list window contains the **Latest event** and **Additional information** fields, which is designed to display the information about the object selected within the table (to select the object, click the left mouse button on the line containing the object in the table). The **Latest event** field reflects the data about the latest event registered for the selected object: name, and date and time of the event. The **Additional information** field is designed to display additional information about the event (if any).

To open the **Object list** window, click on the **Object list** in the functional menu of the Map again.

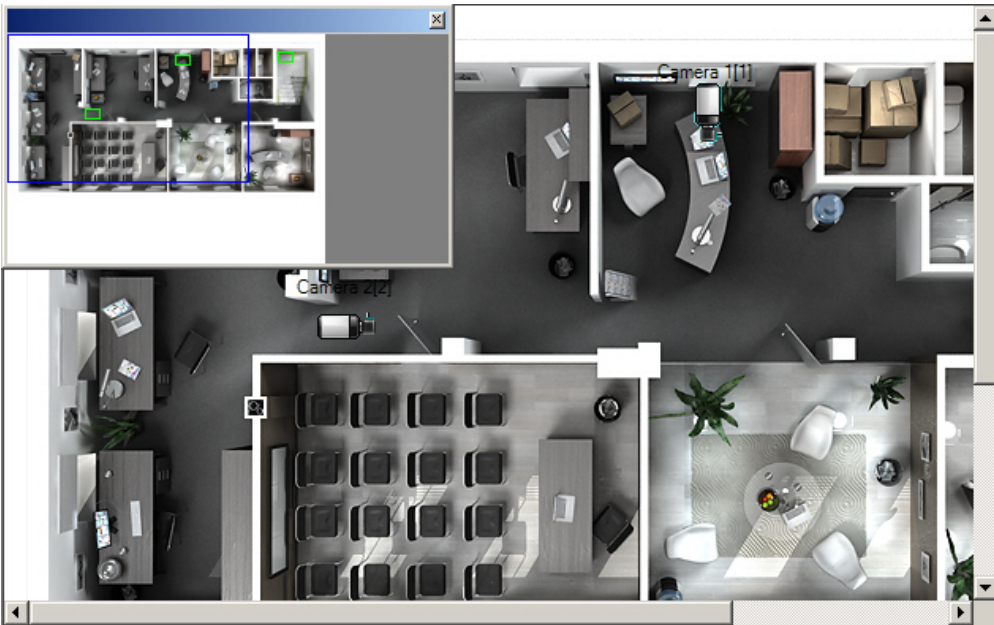


## Minimap

To show the minimap, right click in the map area spare from object icons and select the **Show minimap** in the menu.




**Note.** *Intellect* can be configured so that the minimap appears when pointing the cursor to the top left corner of the map. This is set by the ShowOnMouseMove key (see [Registry keys reference guide](#)).



Blue rectangle indicates the part of the layer currently displayed in the map box. The map box is centered when left-clicking the minimap.

The minimap box can be dragged by its header when holding left-click. The minimap size can be changed – make it bigger or smaller.

On the minimap green rectangles indicate objects in the normal state, red blinking rectangles indicate objects in the alarm state

To shutdown the minimap box click the  button in the upper right corner.

# Operations using the Client

## On page:

- [General information](#)
- [Starting the Client](#)
- [Connecting to the Server](#)

## General information

Client is a PC, where *Intellect* system with the **Remote Monitoring Work Station** configuration is installed.

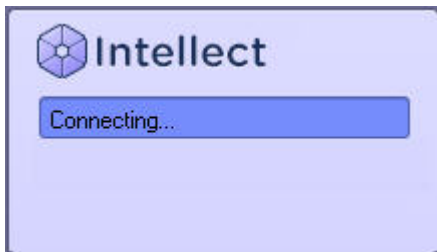
## Starting the Client

The Client can be started in one of the following ways:

1. Automatically: the program is started automatically as soon as the operating system is downloaded.
2. Manually: to start the program manually, select **Client workstation** in Start menu of Windows (Start/All Programs/Intellect/Client workstation) or use an appropriate shortcut on the Desktop.

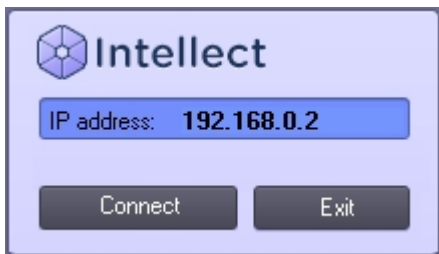
## Connecting to the Server

As soon as the Client is started, the system automatically starts a search for an active kernel of the server program.



**Note.** When the Client is started for the first time, the search uses IP-address 127.0.0.1 (localhost). In all following cases the search will use the latest entered IP-address.

If the program kernel is not found, the Operator will be suggested to manually enter the IP-address or DNS-name of the PC, where the server program is operated, or quit the program.



To complete the operations, press the **Exit** button. To start a search using another IP-address or DNS-name, type in the required address or name in the **IP-address** field and click the **Register** button. As soon as the **Register** button is clicked, the system will start searching for the active program kernel at the specified address.

If the active program kernel is found at the given IP-address or DNS-name, the system will automatically connect to the established program kernel. If required, an access password to the server program will be requested.



Having entered the password, click the **Register** button. If connection is established successfully, the user interface of the Client will start downloading. Otherwise, the system will request the password again.

## Video surveillance using the Web browser

### General information about video surveillance using the Web browser

The video surveillance monitor for the Web-browser is designed for remote video surveillance over the guarded objects using the Web browser and TCP/IP communication environment. However remote video surveillance through the Web browser does not require *Intellect* software be installed (however, the browser you are using should support Java).



The colour of the video surveillance window border and text of the camera name reflect the status of the surveillance camera corresponding to the given surveillance window.

Color of the window border	Color of the camera number border	Camera Status
Yellow	Yellow	The camera is armed, no video recording is in process
Red	Red	An alarm event has been registered with the camera, alarm response recording starts and recording initiated at the Operator's command before the alarm, continues
Green	Red	Camera is disarmed, recording initiated by the Operator's command or alarm response recording is underway
Yellow	Red	Camera is armed, recording initiated by the Operator's command or alarm response recording is underway
Green	Green	Camera is disarmed, no recording in process
Red	Yellow	An alarm event has been registered with the camera, however no alarm response recording starts



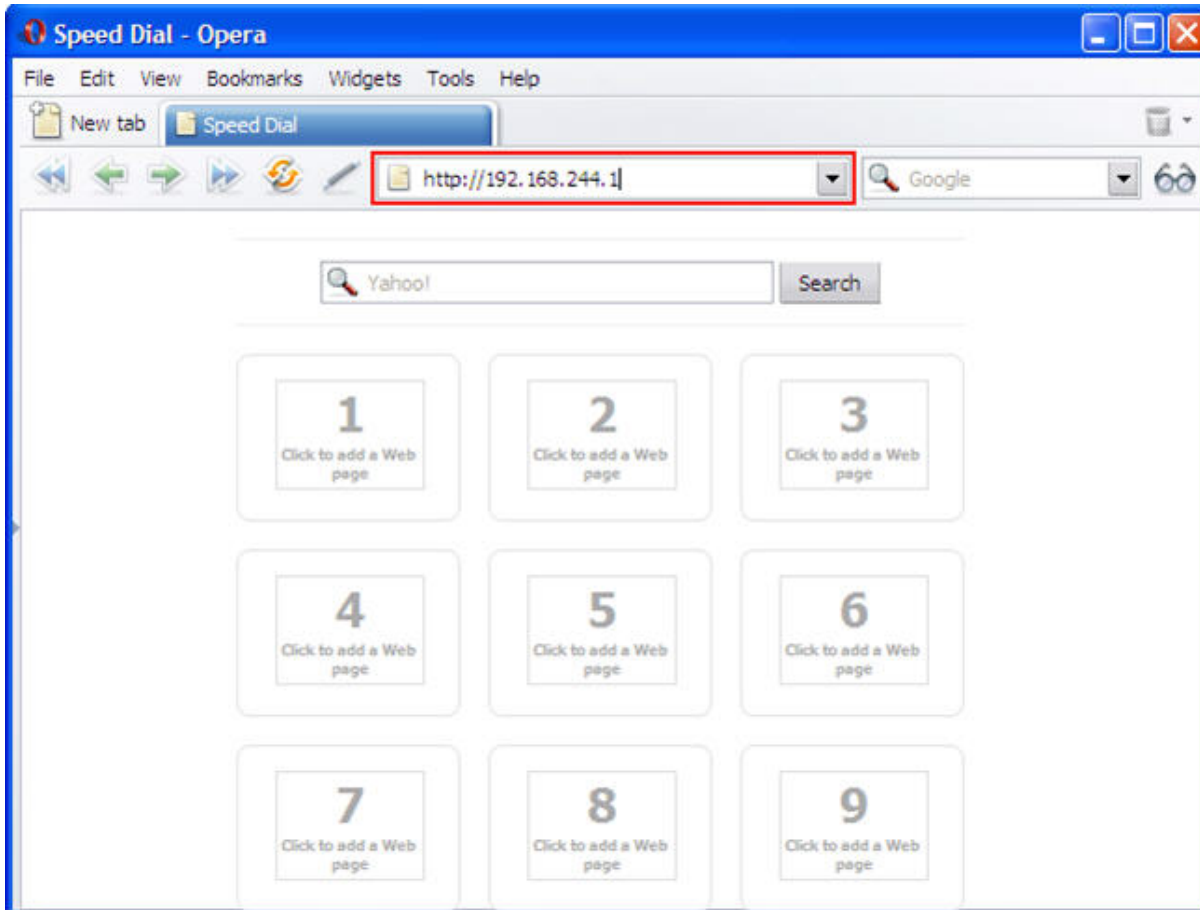
**Note.**

All indication diagrams as presented correspond only to the basic detector zones, without auxiliary zones. Whenever a camera is armed or disarmed within auxiliary detector zone, the colour of the video surveillance window border remains unchanged, however in case of an alarm event in the auxiliary zone, the window border becomes red. That is

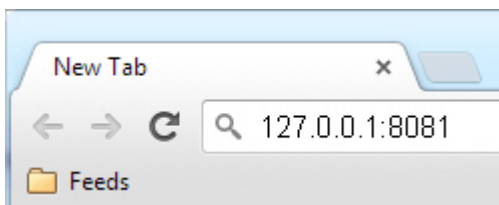
why camera arming and disarming within an auxiliary zone is not indicated.

## Connection to the Server

To launch the Web server surveillance monitor, enter the IP-address of the corresponding video server in the browser address line and press **Enter**.



If default value of the HTTP-server port was changed while the **Web-server** object configuring, it's required to set IP-address and the specified port number to connect to the Web-server. See also Administrator's Guide , the [Setting the parameters of connecting Clients to the Web-server](#) section.




Interface of the surveillance monitor for the given Web server will be downloaded in a few minutes.




**Note.** Remote access to the Web server can be restricted using the appropriate settings. In this case a login or user password will be required to access the Web server.

## Changing the number of windows

The number of surveillance windows within one Web browser monitor is changed using the set of buttons  in the video monitor tools panel of the Web browser.



The button  opens only one window, all the others are used when a few windows are required to be displayed simultaneously (4, 6 or 9) in the Web server surveillance monitor.

## **Camera arming and disarming in Web server video surveillance window**

Cameras are armed and disarmed via the feature menu of the Web server video surveillance window.

To arm the camera, select **Arm** in the feature menu.



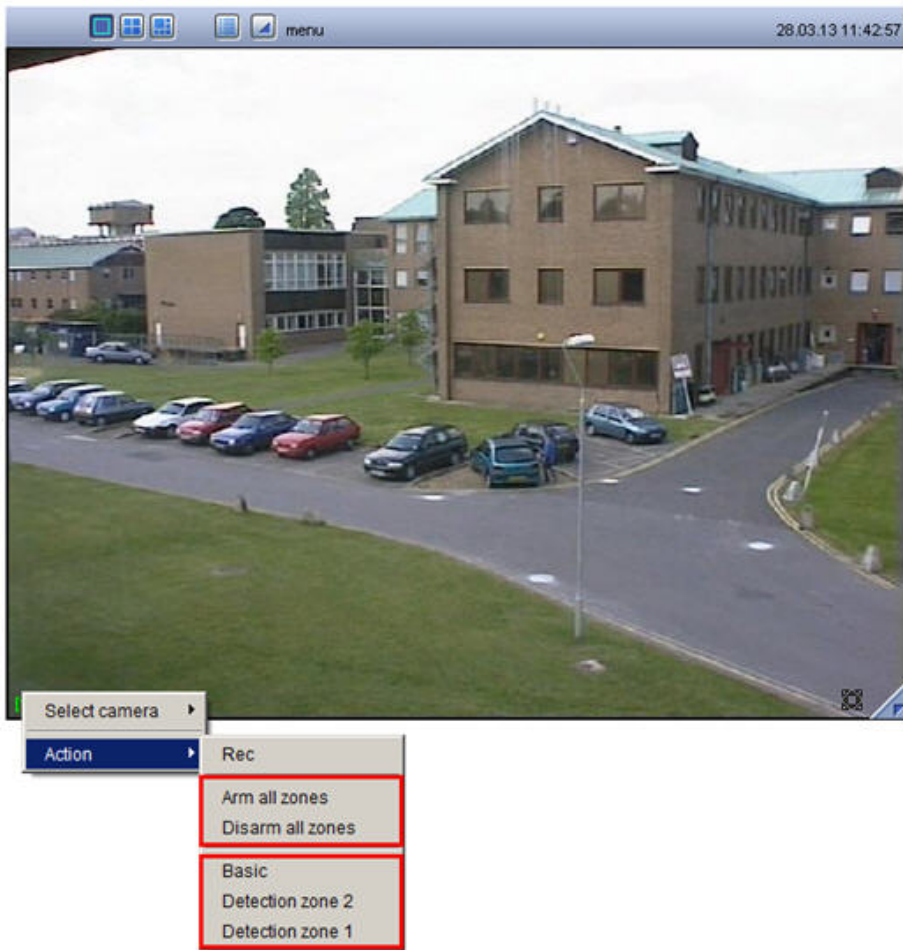
To disarm the camera, select **Disarm**.



Camera arming and disarming is supported with the appropriate indication (see the [General information about video surveillance using the Web browser section](#)).

## Switching video motion detectors on and off

Camera detectors are switched on and off via the feature menu of the Web server surveillance window.



To switch a detector on or off, click its name in the detector list in the **Action** sub-menu of the feature menu of the video surveillance window.

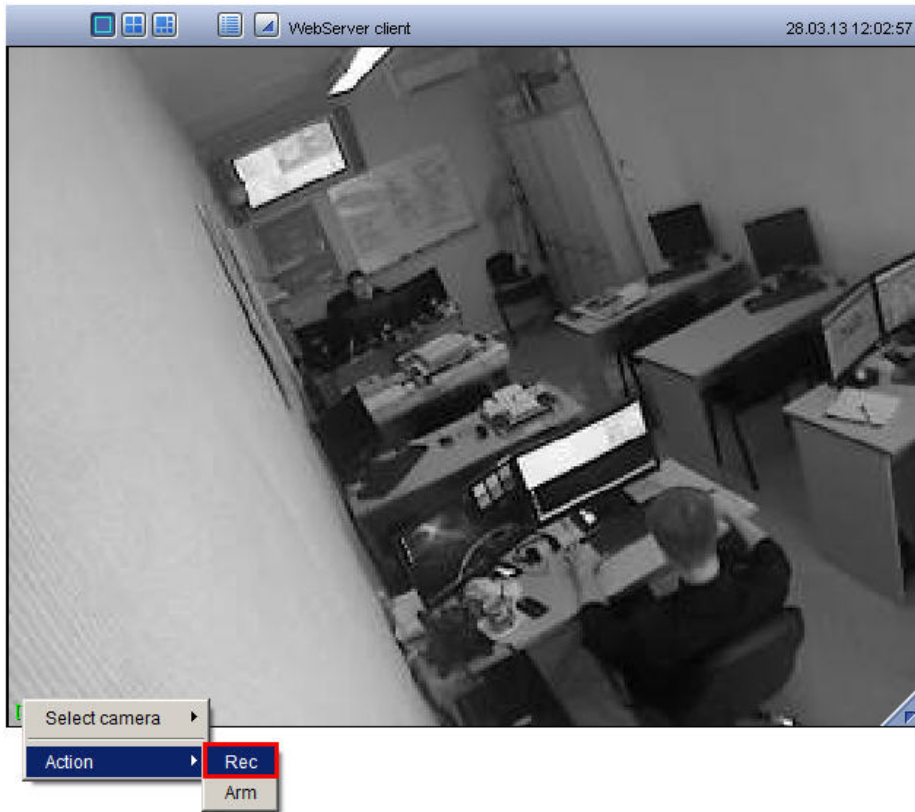
To switch on (off ) all detectors of the camera simultaneously, select **Arm all zones (Disarm all zones)**.

Switching detectors on and off is indicated appropriately (see the [General information about video surveillance using the Web browser](#) section).

## Video recording

Video recording on the camera is controlled via the feature menu of the Web server video surveillance window.

To start video recording on the camera, select **Start recording** in the feature menu of the video surveillance window, which corresponds to the given camera.





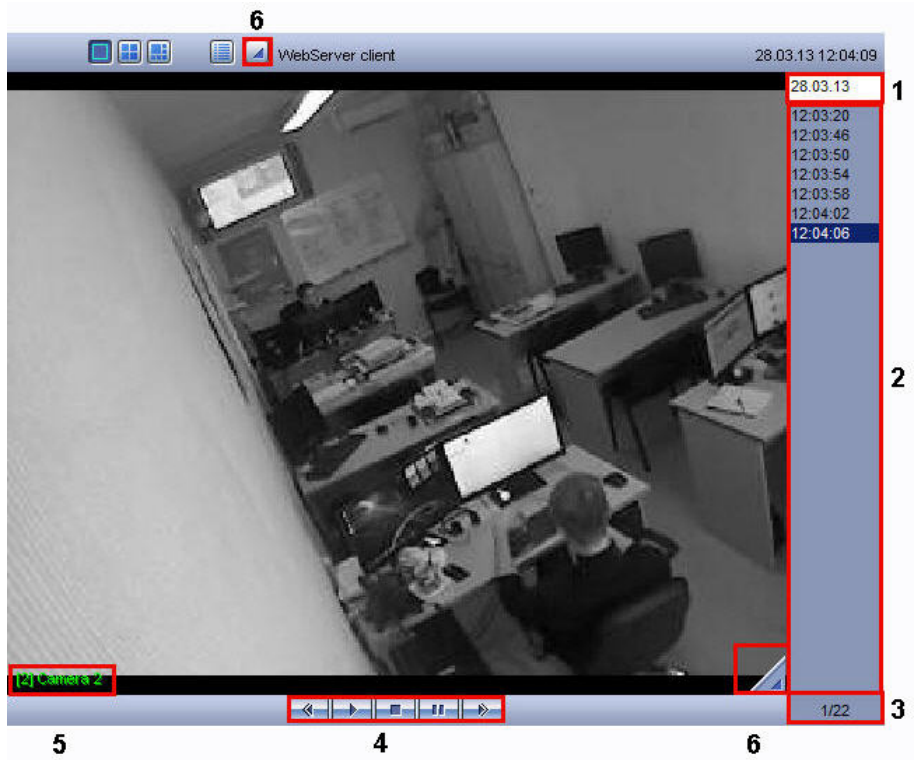
To stop recording, select **Stop recording** in the feature menu of the video surveillance window.



The current status of recording is indicated by the colour of the camera number border in the surveillance window (see the [General information about video surveillance using the Web browser](#) section).

## Working with the archive

To access the archive playback mode, click the  icon in the bottom right corner of the Web server viewing tile or the  icon on the Web Server client toolbar. The archive playback control panel will be displayed.

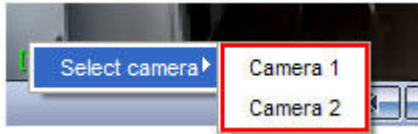


Elements of the playback control panel are described in the table.

Element	Image	Description	Comments
1		Recording date filter	Editable field used to filter displayable recordings by date
2		List of recording segments	Lists recording segments made on the date indicated on the recording date filter
3		Playback position indicator	Shows the current playback position in the frame against the selected recording segment
4		Playback control panel	Controls video playback
5		Camera indicator	Indicates the camera status and calls up the feature menu of the video surveillance window
6		Quit archive playback mode	Quits archive playback mode and returns to video surveillance



An algorithm for browsing through the archive may be as follows:








1. Select, appropriately, the camera, the archive of which will be accessed, using the feature menu of the video surveillance window.




2. Select the day during which the required archive was recorded, specifying the appropriate date in the recordings date filter.
3. Select the video sequence segment based on the time tag out of the list of recording segments.
4. Playback the selected segment, using the control panel.

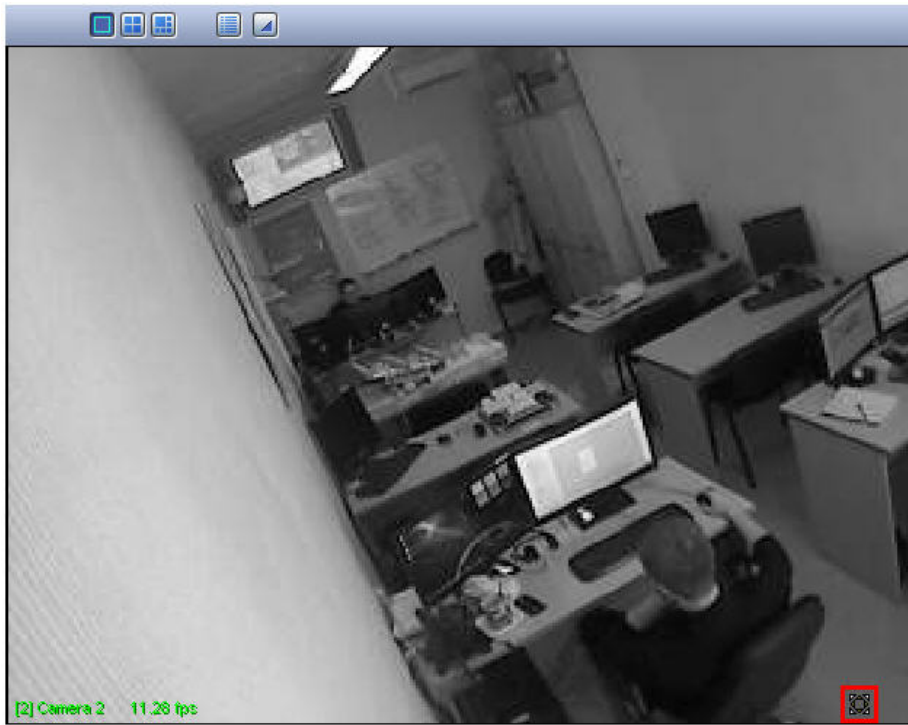



The  button starts playing back the selected recording segment, the  button stops playback.

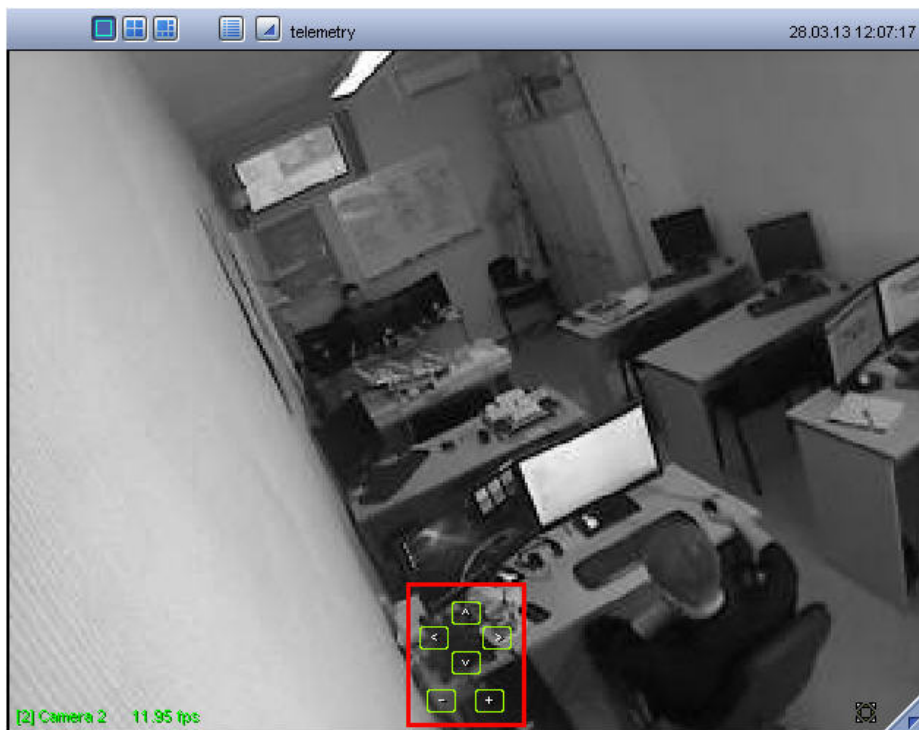
The  and  buttons are used to rewind and fast forward the recording segments in the playback mode, as well as to list the frames in the pause mode. If the recording playback is stopped using the  button, then the  button is for going to the beginning of the recording and the  button is for going to the end of the recording. To shift to the pause mode, press the  button, to restore playback – press the  button.

## Control of PTZ units through the Web server surveillance monitor

The window of the Web server surveillance monitor allows controlling PTZ units if the PTZ unit control function is enabled, the surveillance window of the camera will display .

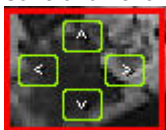






To access PTZ unit controls, click  with any mouse button. You will get an image of the PTZ unit control panel.



Elements of the PTZ unit control panel interface are described below.


1. Control unit for camera lens adjustment




- a.  - upward movement of the lens
- b.  - downward movement of the lens
- c.  - left-side movement of the lens
- d.  - right-side movement of the lens

2. Control unit for zoom adjustment of the camera lens



- a.  - reduce image scale (zoom out)

- b.  - enlarge image scale (zoom in)



**Note.**

To perform action click the left mouse button on the control elements. Long-time holding of the left-mouse button doesn't lead to repeated performing of the specified actions.

3. PTZ control panel element



- a. Hide/display the PTZ control panel

To hide PTZ unit controls, click  with any mouse button again.

## Video surveillance using the iOS mobile client

The remote connection of the Intellect software to the Server using devices of Apple company is performed with the help of iOS mobile client of iOS of 7.0 version or higher. This client is available for free in the [Apple store](#) and can be in use with the following devices:

1. iPhone 3GS, iPhone 4, iPhone 4S, iPhone 5;
2. iPodtouch (over the 3d generation);
3. iPad (all generations).

The iOS client is designed for the following functions:

1. the video image viewing in a real time mode;
2. ptz control;
3. archive viewing;
4. digital zooming of video image;
5. video camera control: arming/disarming, recording to archive on/off;
6. maps viewing;
7. executing macros;
8. list of events viewing.

Detailed information about mobile client and about working with it is presented in the [iOS Mobile client. User guide](#) document.

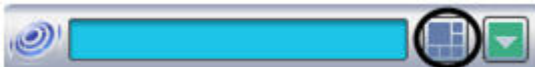
## Working with panoramic video surveillance window

The Panoramic video surveillance window is designed for creating and using the panoramic image.

### Starting the panoramic video surveillance

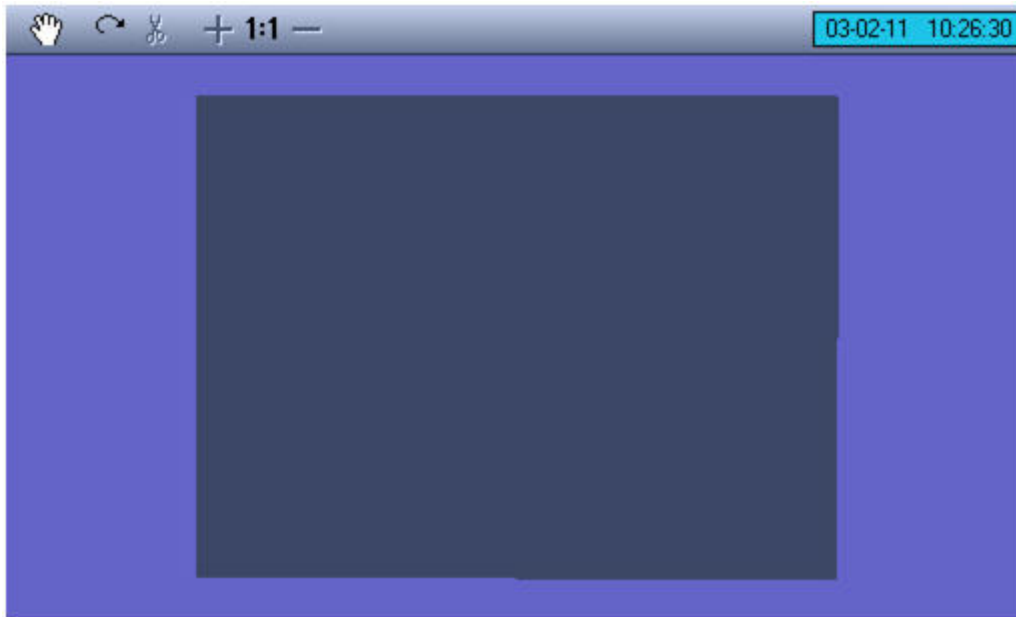
Starting the Panoramic video surveillance window is done in the following way:

1. Display the Main control panel (see [Main control panel](#) section).
2. Select **Interface** button on the control panel.



3. Control menu of the Intellect software user interface will be displayed in result

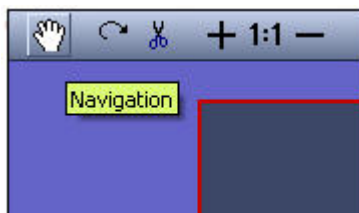
4. Select the **Screen** point.
5. The Panoramic video surveillance window will be displayed in result.



## Navigation mode

Navigation mode is used for monitoring the scene. To enable this mode click **Navigation** button. With this mode doesn't let enabling the other modes of image processing (inactive buttons).

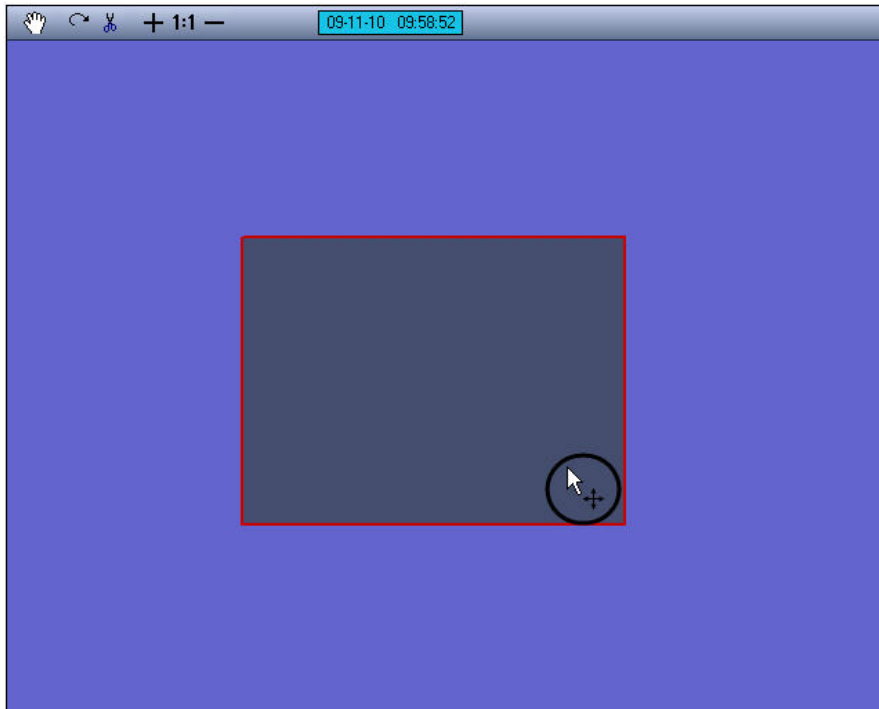
By default this navigation mode is disabled.



## Image arrow mode

Image arrow mode is designed for comfortable placing the images within the video displaying window. Moving the images is performed by means of the mouse.

Enabling the Arrow mode is performed by clicking upon the displayed video that has to be moved. The moving indicator is the evidence of Arrow mode activation.



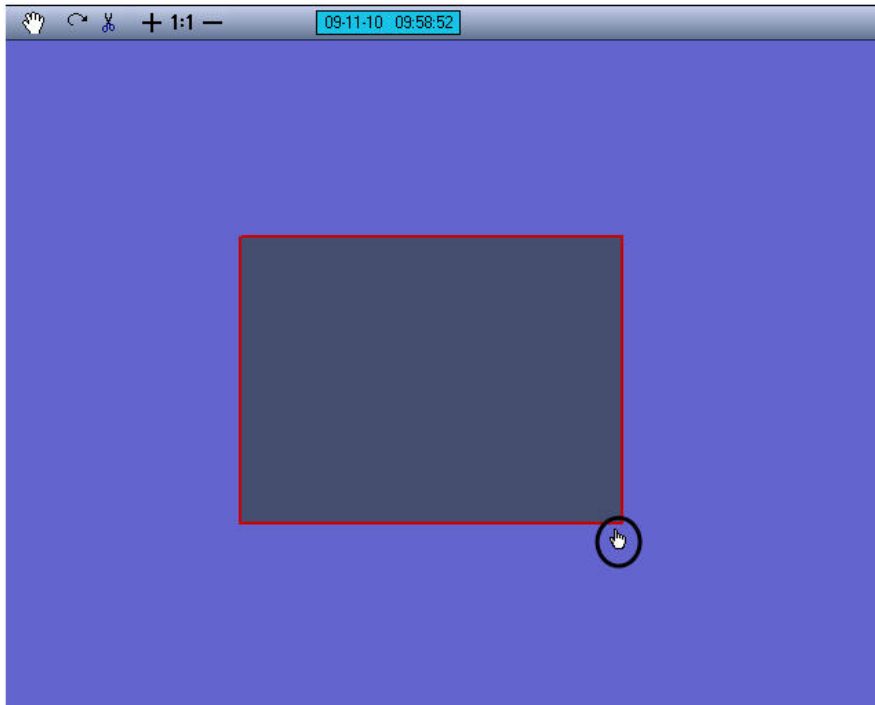
To move images do the following:

1. Activate the Arrow mode.
2. Navigate the mouse cursor to the object that has to be moved.
3. Press left mouse button and holding it move the cursor to a required area of video displaying window.
4. Release left mouse button.

## **Perspective correction mode**

Perspective correction mode is designed for changing the shape of video Image by user-defined manner.

Perspective correction mode activation is performed by mouse click upon the image. The perspective indicator near the framed video image is the evidence of Perspective correction mode activation.



To correct the video image perspectives do the following:

1. Enable the Perspective correction mode.
2. Navigate the mouse cursor to one of the corners of active image. The cursor will be in the form of a hand with forefinger up.
3. Click left mouse button and holding it move the image corner to a required video displaying window.
4. Release left mouse button.

## Video panning mode

Video panning mode is designed for panning the video about video image perpendicular plane and running through its centre. The video can be panned about this axis to any desirable angle.

Video panning mode activation is performed by clicking the **Pan** button on the control panel.



To pan the video image do the following:

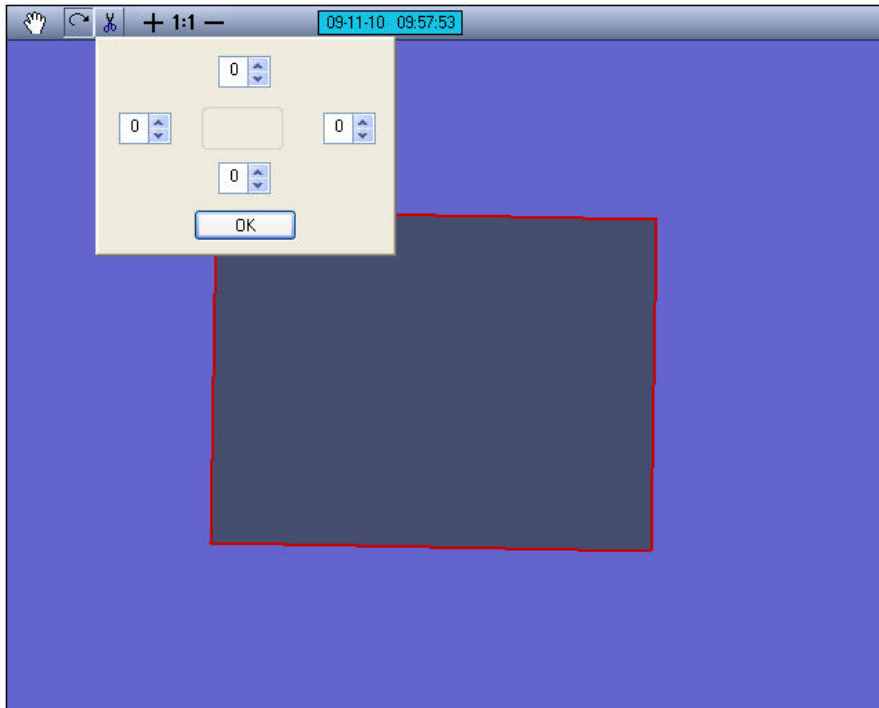
1. Activate the Video panning mode.

2. Navigate the mouse cursor to video image that has to be panned.
3. Click left mouse button and holding it move the cursor to a required area of video displaying window.
4. Release left mouse button.

## Cut borders mode

Cut borders mode is designed for more detailed video images adjustment. Cutting the borders is performed by the set number of pixels, calculated from the image borders. The area, left after cutting the borders, will be increased up to initial image sizes.

Select the video image that has to be cut and click **Cut borders** button on the control panel to activate the Cut borders mode.



The panel of setting the sizes of image area that has to be cut will be displayed. In the fields of this panel there is set the width of image area that has to be cut in pixels. Every field corresponds to one of the image borders: upper field –upper border, right field – right border e.t.c.

Click **OK** button in the bottom part of the panel after setting the width of image area that has to be cut.

**Note.**  
If **Accept** button has been pressed after setting the width of image area that has to be cut one can return to initial image sizes only by zeroizing the set cut borders and clicking **OK** button.

**Note.**

The maximum cut of each border of the selected video image is equal to 15 pixels.

## Zooming in and out

Modes of scaling in and out the image are available in any mode of video processing.

For zooming in select the image that has to be processed and hold zoom in button indicated by + sign until the image gets required size.



Zooming the image in until the sizes (horizontally and/or vertically), exceeding the size of **Scene** object window are attended by appearance of scroll bar in the bottom and/or right part of **Scene** object window. Transfer to a hidden part of an image that has been zoomed in is performed by moving the square scroll box to a required position.

To zoom out the video image it is necessary to select an image that has to be processed and keep clicking zoom out button presented by – sign until image gets required size.

**Note.** Restrictions for minimum size of the image are not posed while working with **Scene** interface object. Pay attention that the image may get out of sight while repeated zooming out.

## Image restore

Image restore mode is designed for image restoring (to restore the sizes, shape and location parameters, used by default).

The video image may be restored in ratio 1:1. Ratio 1:1 corresponds to video image displaying in accordance with its real resolution. For example of the video signal frame has resolution 352x288 pixels (standard), in ratio 1:1 its sizes on the screen will be 352 pixels horizontally and 288 pixels vertically.

Image restore mode is available in any mode of video processing.

To restore the image in ratio «1:1» select the image (it will be framed in red in result) and click **Restore** button presented by **1:1** sign.



## Working with Captions search interface object

### Search in the captions database

Before start searching a query is to be created.

Search mode: Search line:

Any of words camera

For period from: 22.04.2016 0:00:00

to: 29.04.2016 23:59:59

Search

Search results

When making a key phrase for combining several elements (words and/or word phrases) select one of the following search modes in the **Search mode** dropdown list:

1. **All words** – to search captions containing all elements of a key phrase.
2. **Any word** – to search captions containing at least one element of a key phrase.

\* symbol can be used when making a key phrase – it means any number of any symbols in a word.

Time interval for data search is set in the **Period from** and **to** fields.

Before searching you are to select captions databases by setting the checkboxes next to required captions databases in the captions database state table.

Captioners	Status	Total
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Captioner 1	Query executed	7
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 2	Connection established	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 3	Connection established	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 4	Connection established	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 5	Connection established	0

To start searching, click the **Find** button.

When the search is performed, the query status is displayed in the table of captions databases states (Query executing state for all selected captions databases).

Captioners	Status	Total
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Captioner 1	Executing query ...	8
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 2	Query executed	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 3	Connection established	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 4	Connection established	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 5	Connection established	0

You can cancel search by clicking the **Cancel** button.

When the search is complete, all transactions found in the selected captions databases are displayed in the search results table.



**Search results**

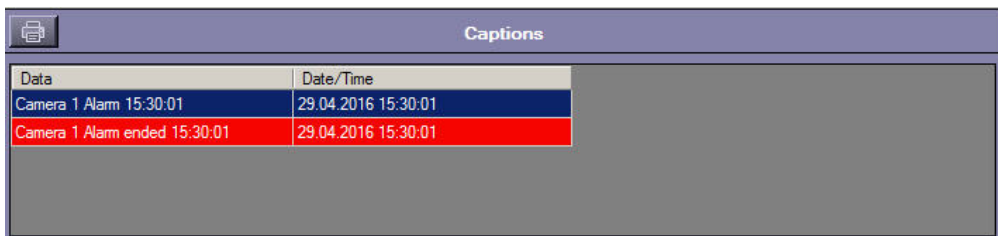
Σ Total: 8 Captioner 1 [8]

Transaction	Date/Time
1	29.04.2016 14:58:51
2	29.04.2016 14:59:19
3	29.04.2016 14:59:23
4	29.04.2016 14:59:25
5	29.04.2016 14:59:26
6	29.04.2016 14:59:27
7	29.04.2016 15:30:01
8	29.04.2016 15:30:03



  

Captioners	Status	Total
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Captioner 1	Query executed	8
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Captioner 2	Query executed	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 3	Connection established	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 4	Connection established	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Captioner 5	Connection established	0

To view the search results, select the tab with the required captions database and then select the required transaction in the search results table. The corresponding captions are displayed as the text in the search results field.



Data	Date/Time
Camera 1 Alarm 15:30:01	29.04.2016 15:30:01
Camera 1 Alarm ended 15:30:01	29.04.2016 15:30:01

 **Note.** If in the search results there are no captions that were recorded before *Intellect* reinstallation, then indexing of the captions archive is to be performed. For this select **Tools – Reindex** menu item in the Captioner debug window that is called by double left-clicking the  icon in the taskbar.

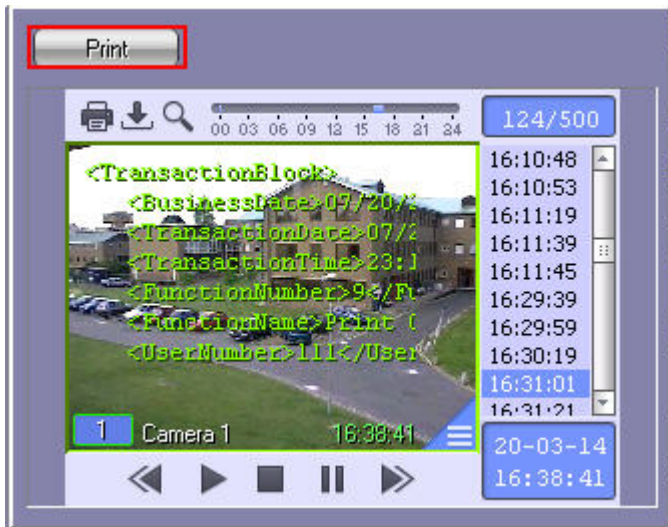
The video corresponding to the selected transaction is displayed in the search results field.



## Printing the search results

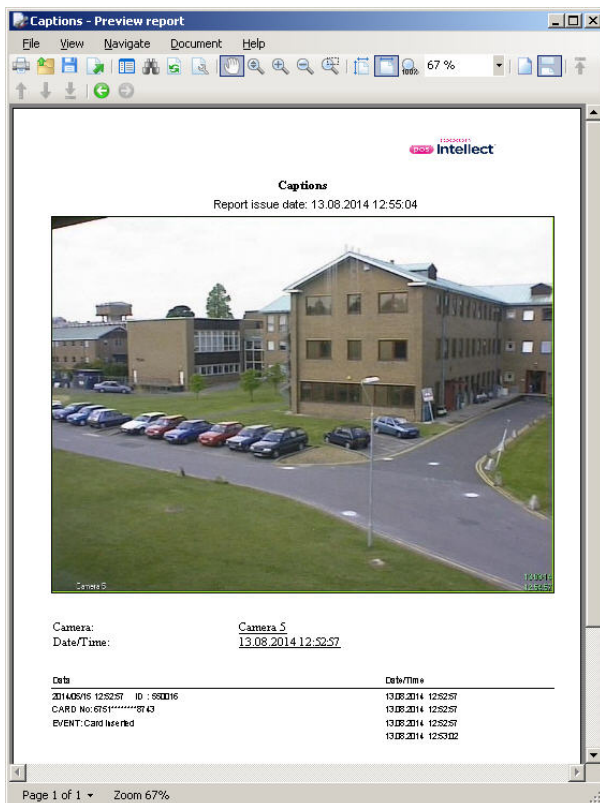
The search results including video snapshot can be printed as well as exported to different formats.

Use the **Print** button to print the search results.



The availability of this feature depends on system settings - there can be no **Print** button.

The search results report is automatically created and displayed in a new window.



## Postscript

More detailed information on the Intellect software package is presented in the documents titled:

1. [Installing and configuring security system components guide](#);
2. [Programming Guide \(JScript\)](#).
3. [Administrator's Guide](#);

If while operating the given software product you have faced difficulties and problems, you are welcome to contact us. However before addressing us, we kindly ask you to answer the following questions:

1. What is the problem?
2. When did the problem occur and what had happened before it occurred?
3. Which conditions gave rise to the problem?

Remember, that the more detailed and precise information you give us, the faster our experts will resolve your problem.

We are striving to improve the quality of our products, and hence welcome any proposals and suggestions how to improve our software and documentation.

Please forward your suggestions to the following e-mail addresses: [documentation@axxonsoft.com](mailto:documentation@axxonsoft.com)